



PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, UTTAR PRADESH

Advertisement No: A-1/E-1/2013
Dated : 23 March, 2013

COMBINED STATE / UPPER SUBORDINATE SERVICES (GEN. RECTT.) EXAMINATION-2013 and COMBINED STATE / UPPER SUBORDINATE SERVICES (PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED SPECIAL RECTT.) EXAMINATION-2013

Last Date for Receipt of Examination Fees in the Bank : 20 April, 2013.

Last Date for Receipt of Application : 25 April, 2013.

"SPECIAL NOTICE :- Applications will be accepted only when fee is deposited in the Bank upto prescribed last date for fee submission. If the fee is deposited in Bank after prescribed last date for fee submission, the candidature of the candidate will be rejected and application will not be accepted. Once fee deposited in the Bank will not be refunded to the candidate in any condition. It will be responsibility of the candidate to deposit fee in the Bank upto prescribed last date for fee submission and submit the application upto prescribed last date for submission of applications."

No certificates/mark sheets are required along with 'On line application forms'.

NECESSARY INFORMATION TO APPLICANTS FILLING THEIR APPLICATION THROUGH ON-LINE

This advertisement is also available in the Commission's website <http://uppsc.up.nic.in>. The On-line application system is applicable for applying against this advertisement. **On-line applications may be filled from 23 March, 2013.** Application sent through any other mode shall not be entertained. Candidates are advised to apply On-line only. In connection with On-line application, candidates are advised to :- Go through thoroughly the directions given as under and apply accordingly.

1. When the candidate clicks "ALL NOTIFICATION/ADVERTISEMENT DETAILS" on the Commission website <http://uppsc.up.nic.in> the following two options shall be available.

1. On-line advertisement.

2. Off-line advertisement.

"On-line advertisement" shall automatically display wherein there shall be 3 parts :

1. User Instruction
2. View Advertisement
3. Apply

A list of all the advertisement will display in which "Online System" is applicable. The Instruction for filling "Online form" has been given in User Instruction. The Candidates desirous to see the advertisement will have to click before View Advertisement to which they are desirous to see. The full advertisement will display. Click on "Apply" for Online Application.

Online application will be done on three stages :

First stage :- Basic Registration form **Appendix-2** will display on clicking the Candidate Registration respective to Examination in **Appendix-1**, in which these shall be three types of Recruitment (Select type of Rectt.) General, Special and General/Special both. For Special Rectt. and Gen./Special both only Physically Handicapped Candidates shall be eligible. After filling the form on clicking the 'submit' button the registration of first stage shall be over. Thereafter Candidate Registration Acknowledgement **Appendix-3** shall display which can be printed by Clicking the Print Button.

Second stage :- There shall be two options for depositing the fees which are E-challan and I-collect, which can be deposited in State Bank of India or Punjab National Bank. The candidates having Net Banking facility in any of these two Banks may deposit the fees through I-collect. After taking the option of E-Challan or I-Collect Examination fees payment details will display which is on **Appendix -4**. On selecting the Bank to deposit the fees through E-challan the E-challan of concerned Bank **SBI - Appendix-5** and **PNB Appendix-6** will display in which there shall be Candidate Registration No., Name, Date of Birth and Fee Amount. The candidates will have to go with E-challan (in the Bank which is opted by the Candidate himself) to any branch of the Bank and deposit the fees and take one copy of E-challan and keep with them safely. On the copy of the E-Challan given by the Bank transaction ID/Journal No. and date shall be mentioned which shall be used at the time of filling the form at third stage.

Third stage :- After depositing the fee in the Bank, the candidate two day after on the next working day (after 2.00 pm) shall enter information On-line in the format, available in Commission's website by clicking "Submit Application Form". Also the photo and signature, duly scanned shall be uploaded. The specimen of the same is given at **Appendix-7**. The candidate should scan his photograph and signature in the prescribed size (the size will be mentioned at the specified spot in the On-line application). This should also be kept in notice that the photo should be latest passport size. In case the photo and signature, scanned in the prescribed size, are not uploaded, then the On-line system will not accept it. The procedure related to scanning of the photo and signature is laid down in the **Appendix-7A**. After filling in all entries in the format, the candidate may click "View application form" to see for himself that all entries and informations are correctly entered and after satisfying himself should click "Submit" to forward the same to the Commission. It is essential that the candidate should fill all informations On-line correctly according to the directions given and click the 'Submit' button by the last date prescribed for depositing the application form. If the candidate does not click the "Submit" button, the application shall not reach the Commission. The candidate shall be accountable for this. After clicking the 'Submit' button, the candidate may take a print-out of the application **Appendix-7B** to preserve it with himself. In the event of any discrepancies, the candidate will be required to submit the said print-out in the office of the Commission. Otherwise his request shall not be entertained.

4. The Application once submitted, will not be allowed to be modified.

5. Application Fee : After filling in the Candidates 'Registration' format of the On-line application, the candidate shall procure the print-out of the E-challan in duplicate. The E-Challan will be used to deposit the fee in any of the branches of State Bank of India or Punjab National Bank by the candidate according to his category. The fee will not be allowed to be deposited by any other mode except E-Challan. The above fee, for Preliminary Examination according to the category, is as under:-

1. Unreserved (General) - Exam fee Rs. 100/- + On-line processing fee Rs. 15/- Total = Rs. 115/-
2. Other Backward Class - Exam fee Rs. 100/- + On-line processing fee Rs. 15/- Total = Rs. 115/-
3. Scheduled Caste - Exam fee Rs. 40/- + On-line processing fee Rs. 15/- Total = Rs. 55/-
4. Scheduled Tribe - Exam fee Rs. 40/- + On-line processing fee Rs. 15/- Total = Rs. 55/-
5. Handicapped - Exam fee NIL + On-line processing fee Rs. 15/- Total = Rs. 15/-
6. Dependents of the - According to the original category
7. Ex-Serviceman - mentioned from Sl. Nos. 1 to 4.
8. Women - According to the original category mentioned from Sl. Nos. 1 to 4.

6. If the claims of the candidates given in their applications are not found true, they can be debarred from all the future examinations and selections made by the Commission including other appropriate penalties.

7. If the candidates want some correction or change in their submitted applications, they can submit another fresh complete applications with desired corrections along with prescribed fee within the last notified dates of the advertisement. The application fee deposited with the prior application will neither be returned nor adjusted in any condition.

Applications are invited against following posts from the candidates. Number of posts may increase or decrease.

8. The U.P. Public Service Commission shall hold a preliminary examination at various centres of the Districts mentioned in **Appendix-8** of this advertisement for selecting suitable candidates for admission to the Combined State/Upper Subordinate Services General Rectt. and PH special Rectt. (Main) Examination 2013 regarding the posts included in General/Special Rectt. The centre of examination, decided by the Commission, will be intimated to the candidates by means of their admission certificate.

9. No. of Vacancies : (a) Presently the approx no. of vacancies for General Rectt. is 200. (b) For special Rectt. of Physically Handicapped the requisitions for the Dy Collector, Naib Tehsildar Treasury Officer/ Account Officer have been received of which the details are as follows :

S.No.	Name of Post	Total No. of Vacancies	Identification of P.H.			
			B.A./O.L./OA	P.B.	P.D.	O.A./O.L.
1.	Dy. Collector	05	01	02	02	-
2.	Naib Tehsildar	06	-	02	02	02
3.	Treasury Officer/ Accounts Officer	02	-	01	01	-
		13	01	05	05	2

The details of approximate posts to be included in this examination carrying the pay scale of 5500-9000 Rs. or above in the Old Scale according to the provision of G.O. No. 15/42/198-Ka-4-2003 Dated 28 June 2003, are as follows :-

Asstt. Accounts Officer (Treasury), Treasury Officer/Accounts Officer (Treasury), Commercial Tax Officer, Distt. Minority welfare Officer District Food Marketing Officer, Asstt. Commissioner (Commercial Tax) Executive Officer (Panchayati Raj), Dy. Secretary (Housing and Urban Planning), Area Rationing Officer, Distt. Backward Class Welfare Officer, Naib Tehsildar, Distt. Commandant Homeguards, Dy. Supdt. of Police, Dy. Collector, Distt. Savings Officer, Distt. Panchayat Raj Officer, Asstt. Regional Transport Officer, Distt. Social welfare Officer, Cane Inspector and Asstt. Sugar Commissioner, Executive Officer (Nagar Vikas) Block Development Officer, Accounts Officer (Nagar Vikas), Distt. Supply Officer Grade-2, Addl. Distt. Development Officer (Sw) Superintendent Jail, Passenger/Goods Tax Officer, Manager (Credit) Small Industries, Manager (Marketing and Economic Survey) Small Industries, Distt. Handicapped Welfare Officer, Asstt. Employment Officer, Executive Officer Grade-I/Asstt. Nagar Ayukta, Accounts Officer (Local Bodies) Regional Employment Officer, Asstt. Registrar (Cooperative), Sub Registrar, Asstt. Prosecuting Officer (Transport), Distt. probation Officer, Distt. Horticulture Officer Grade-2, Distt. Horticulture Officer Grade-1 and Supdt. Govt. Garden, Distt. Horticulture Officer, Distt. Cane Officer, U.P. Ag. Service Group B (Dev. Branch), Distt. Basic Education Officer/Associate DIOS & Other equivalent Administrative Posts, Distt. Administrative Officer, Distt. Audit Officer (Rev. Audit), Asstt. Controller (Legal Measurement) (Grade-1), Asstt. Director Industries (Marketing), Asstt. Labour Commissioner, Distt. Programme Officer, Sr. Lecturer Diet and Designated Officer.

Out of abovesaid posts the requisitions for the posts of Dy. Collector, Distt. Food Marketing Officer, Distt. Supply Officer Grade-2, Designated Officer, Commercial Tax Officer, Asstt. Labour Commissioner, Distt. Commandant Homeguard, Asstt. Commissioner/Asstt Registrar and Asstt. Commissioner Commercial Tax have been received. The requisition of the rest of the posts received before the result of Preliminary Examination may be added to this examination. Therefore the no. of posts may increase or decrease.

10. Reservation: The reservation for Scheduled Castes of U.P., Scheduled Tribes of U.P./Other Backward

Class candidates of U.P. shall be worthy of being admitted in accordance with the provisions of relevant Govt. Orders. Accordingly reservation for category under horizontal as dependents of Freedom Fighters of U.P., and Women candidates of U.P. shall be admissible on settlement of vacancies. Reservation for PH of U.P. will be premissible for the identified post.

Note: (1) The Candidates claiming the benefit of reservation must obtain, in support of their category a certificate issued by competent authority on the proforma available on the Website & in this detailed advertisement and shall submit the same to the Commission when asked for. **(2)** All Reserved candidates of U.P must mention their Category / Sub Category in the Application Form. **(3)** Candidates claiming reservation in more than one category will be entitled to only one concession whichever is more beneficial to them. **(4)** The Scheduled Caste, Scheduled Tribes, Other Backward Class and Dependents of Freedom Fighter and women candidates who are not the permanent resident of U.P. shall not be given the benefit of reservation. Such candidates shall be treated as the candidates of the General Category. For Ex-Army personnel, in case of availability of post in class-III, the reservation will be 5% according to latest G.O..

11. CONDITIONS OF ELIGIBILITY (For age relaxation only): (i) Eligibility in case of Emergency Commissioned / Short Service Commissioned Officers: In accordance with the provision of the G.O.No.22/10/1976-Karmik-2,85, dated 30-1-1985 Emergency Commissioned/Short Service Commissioned Officers who have not been released from Army but whose period of Army service has been extended for rehabilitation may also apply for this examination on the following conditions : **(i)** Such Applicants will have to obtain a certificates of the Competent Authority of Army, Navy, Air Force to the effect that their period of service has been extended for rehabilitation and no disciplinary action is pending against them. **(ii)** Such Applicants will have to submit, in due course, a written undertaking that in case they are selected for the post applied for, they will get themselves released immediately from the Army Service. The above facilities will not be admissible to Emergency / Short Service Commissioned Officers if: **(a)** He gets permanent Commission in the Army **(b)** He has been released from the Army on tendering resignation **(c)** He has been released from the Army on ground of misconduct or physical disability.

12. MARITAL STATUS : Male candidates who are married and have more than one wife living and female candidates who have married a person already having a wife shall not be eligible unless the Hon. Governor has granted an exemption from this condition.

13. EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATION : The candidates must possess Bachelors Degree of any recognised University or equivalent qualification upto the last date for receipt of application. This should be mentioned by the candidate in the relevant column of their application form but for some posts specific qualifications have been prescribed of which the details are given below:-

Sub Resistrar, Asstt. P.O. (Transport)	Law Graduate
Distt. Horticulture Officer Grade-2, D.H.O. Grade-I & Supdt. Govt Garden, D.H.O.	Science graduate in Horticulture (ag.) Equivalent degree in B.Sc. Ag. or Horticulture.
Distt. B.S.A./ Associate DIOS and Other equivalent administrative posts, Distt. Administrative Officer	Post Graduate degree
Distt. Cane Officer, U.P. Ag. Service Group B (Dev. Branch)	Agriculture graduate
Distt. Audit Officer (Rev. Audit)	Commerce graduate
Asstt. Controller Legal Measurement (Grade-I)	Degree in Science with Physics or Mechanical Engg. as one subject.
Asstt. Director Industries (Marketing)	Post graduate degree in Arts, Science or Commerce or Technology or Postgraduate degree in Textile Industries of any recognised Institute or minimum graduation degree in textile Technology.
Asstt. Labour Commissioner	Degree in Arts with Sociology or Economics as a subject or Commerce/Law.
Distt. Programme Officer	Degree in Sociology or Social Science or Home Science or Social Work.
Sr. Lecturer, DIET	Post graduate degree with B.Ed.
Distt. Probation Officer	Post graduate degree in Psychology or Sociology or Social work or any qualification equivalent thereto or postgraduate diploma in any branch of social work from any recognised Institute of Social work.
Designated Officer	(1) Post graduate degree in Chemistry as one of the subjects from a University established by law in India or a qualification recognised by the Government as equivalent thereto, or (2) At least one of qualification prescribed for direct recruitment to the post of Food Safety Officer given as below : (i) A Bachelor's degree in Food Technology or Dairy Technology or Biotechnology or Oil Technology or Agricultural Science or Veterinary Sciences or Bio-Chemistry or Microbiology or Post Graduate degree in Chemistry or degree in Medicine from a recognised University, or any other equivalent/recognised qualification notified by the Central Government, and (ii) Has successfully completed training as specified by the Food Authority in a recognized institute or institution approved for the purpose; Provided that no person who has any financial interest in the manufacture, import or sale of any article of food shall be appointed to be a Food Safety Officer.

14. AGE LIMIT : (i) Candidates must have attained the age of 21 years and must not have crossed the age of 40 years on **July 1, 2013** i.e. they must have not been born earlier than 2nd July, 1973 and not later than July 1, 1992. For Special Rectt. of PH the maximum age limit is 55 years i.e. they must have not born before 02 July, 1958. **(ii) Relaxation in Upper Age Limit :** (a) Upper age limit shall be greater by five years for candidates belonging to Scheduled Castes of U.P., Scheduled Tribes of U.P., Other Backward Classes and Dependents of Freedom Fighters of U.P. (only domiciled person in U.P. are entitled for such age relaxation) (b) Upper age limit shall be greater by fifteen years for physically handicapped person of U.P. if identified post available. Candidates of this category who are applicant for the post of Deputy Collector in U.P. Civil Service (Executive Branch) shall be required to submit a certificate issued by the Chief Medical Officer of their District to the effect that physical disability is not of such kind which may effect the proper discharge of the duties of the post (c) Upper age limit shall also be greater by five years in Group 'B' posts for the Emergency Commissioned Officers / Short Service Commissioned Officers / Ex-Army Personnel who have rendered at least five years service in Army, but there shall be no reservation for Group 'B' posts. In case of availability of Group 'C' posts in the Examination, the age relaxation and reservation shall be given according to Rule. (d) Upper age limit shall be greater by five years also for the skilled players of classified Games of National and International level in accordance with G.O. No. 22/21/1983-"Karmik-2 dated 28.11.1985. The skilled players must obtain certificates from the prescribed authority and submit to the Commission when asked for and must enclose the certificate with their application forms of Main Examination.

15. SOME INFORMATION ABOUT MAIN EXAMINATION AND INTERVIEW : (i) Only such candidates will be admitted to the main (written examination) who are declared successful in the preliminary examination for which the successful Candidates will have to fill another application form according to instruction of the Commission. And for this application the Examination fees for General, other Backward class and for Candidates of other states is Rs. 200/- and for scheduled caste and scheduled tribe candidates the fees is Rs. 80/- only. The candidates of Physically Handicapped category are exempted from fees but the candidates of D.F.F., Ex-Army Personnel shall deposit their fees according to their original category. (ii) Candidates should carefully note that they will appear for the main examination against the same Roll No. allotted for the preliminary examination. (iii) The dates and centre for the examination shall be informed by the Commission later on. (iv) Only such candidates will be called for interview who are declared successful on the basis of the main (written) examination. (v) Candidates will have to fill up the prescribed application form before the interview (viva-voce test) (vi) Preferences for different posts will be asked at the time of Interview which will be treated final and no change therein will be worthy of being admitted (vii) All original certificates shall be certified at the time of interview. Candidates will also be required to furnish four passport size Photographs. Two plain and two attested by their Head of Department or Head of the Institution where they received education or by a Gazetted Officer at the time of interview. (viii) Candidates serving under the Central or State Government will have to produce 'No objection Certificate' from their employer at the time of interview. (ix) It is essential for the candidates to appear in the interview who qualify on the basis of main examination under the provisions laid down in Service Rules for service of recruitment where written examination and interview are indicated.

NOTE : The candidates must enclose all certificates in support of their claims rendered in the application form for main examination. If they do not enclose all certificates in support of their all claims, their candidature shall be cancelled.

16. IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES : (1) As per decision of the UPPSC a candidate will be liable to be debarred from all examination and selection upto a maximum period of five years for furnishing any wrong information in his/her application form which can not be substantiated by relevant documents or for any other malpractice. (2) No change in category. sub-category Date of Birth and optional subject is permissible after the receipt of application form in the office of the Commission. (3) The date of Birth of the candidates shall be admissible as entered in High School Certificate. The candidate will have to attach his/her High School or Equivalent examination certificate with the application form of main examination. No

Continued....

other certificate shall be acceptable for Date of Birth and if it is not attached with the application it shall be rejected (4) The candidates will have to enclose copies of Marksheets, Certificates & Degrees attested by any Gazetted Officer or Head of the last Institution where education was received in support of their claims of Educational Qualifications. If they do not enclose certificates/documents in support of their claims, the applications shall be rejected. (5) The benefit of reservation to the categories of Handicapped persons of society shall be given only on the posts which are identified by the Government for their category. For this benefit the Handicapped persons must produce a certificate of being handicapped in that category on the prescribed proforma issued by prescribed Medical Officer/Specialist and counter signed by the Chief Medical Officer according to Rule 2 of U.P. Public Service (Reservation for physically Handicapped, Dependent of Freedom Fighters and Ex. Serviceman (amendment) act. 1997 as amended G.O. Dated.03 Feb., 2008. (6) Date, time and centre etc of examination along with Roll No. will be communicated to the candidates through admit cards. Candidates will have to appear at the centre allotted to them by the Commission to the candidates through admit cards. Candidates will have to appear at the centre allotted to them by the Commission. No change in centre is permissible. (7) The candidature of such candidates who are subsequently found ineligible according to the terms laid down in advertisement will be cancelled and their any claim for the Main Examination will not be entertained. The decision of the Commission regarding eligibility of the candidate shall be final. (8) The Application/candidature will be rejected/cancelled if the application is not submitted on prescribed form, date of birth is not mentioned or wrong date of birth is mentioned, Overage, Under age not fulfilling the minimum educational qualifications. Application is received after last date, no signature under declaration in the format. (9) The Commission may admit the candidate provisionally after summary checking of the application but if it is found at any stage that applicant was not eligible or that his/her application should have been rejected or was not entertainable initially, his candidature will be rejected and if the candidate is selected, the recommendation of the Commission shall be withdrawn. (10) The Commission reserves the right of cancelling the candidature of any candidate found indulging in any malpractice i.e. copyig in examination hall or indiscipline, misbehaviour or canvassing for his candidature. On violation of this instruction, the candidate may be debarred from this examination as well as future Examination. (11) Any change in the address of the candidate must promptly be communicated to the Commission by Registered Post. (12) In all communication to the Commission, the candidate must mention the name of examination, advertisement No., date of birth of candidate, father's name and also the Roll Number, if communicated. (13) Candidates selected for appointment will have to undergo Medical Examination as required under the Rules. (14) On the basis of this examination, approximately eighteen times candidates shall qualify for the main examination and approximately upto three times candidates from the main examination shall be called for the interview. It is essential to be present in the interview. (15) Marks of the Preliminary Examination shall not be supplied to the candidates. (16) Scaling system will remain applicable in the examination. (17) The candidates who are appearing in the Graduation Examination need not apply, because they are not eligible. (18) While filling the answer sheet the candidates "must use Black Ball Point Pen Only" Do not use any other pen or pencil in any case. (19) The candidate must fill his all information correctly in the answer sheet with Black Ball Point Pen. The information filled in the "Answer sheet must not be erased by whitener, blade or rubber etc."

17. Physical Measurement :- Physical Measurements will apply according to Service Rules/requisitions in case of availability of post. Dy. Superintendent of Police, Superintendent of Jail, Dy. Commandant Home Guard etc.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- In no circumstances, applications shall be accepted after the last prescribed date and time. Applications found without requisite informations and without photograph and signature, even when received in time, will be summarily rejected.
- In the Online system the Candidates must click the submit Button by the Last Date & Time. They must take the Printout and keep them safely. In any discrepancy they will have to produce the print out otherwise no request shall be entertained.
- Those candidates, willing to take the benefit of the reservation may obtain a certificate, issued by the competent authority, in support of the reserved category, in the prescribed format printed in this detailed advertisement and submit the same to the Commission, whenever required to do so. Those claiming more than one reserved category will be given only one such concession, which will be more beneficial. The candidates not originally domiciled in U.P. belonging to SC, ST, O.B.C., dependants of freedom fighters, handicapped, Ex-servicemen and women are not entitled to benefit of reservation. Such candidates will be treated in general category. In case of the women candidates, the certificate issued from father side will be treated valid.
- The Commission do not advise to candidates about their eligibility. Therefore, they should carefully read the advertisement and when satisfied about their qualifications in terms of the advertisement, then only apply.
- In the category of dependants of the freedom fighters only sons, daughters, grand-sons and grand daughters (son's son and daughter) are covered. Only such relationships with the freedom fighters are not adequate but the candidate should remain actually dependant of the freedom fighter. Drawing the attention of the candidates towards Govt. orders dated 22.01.1982, 08.03.1983 and Govt. Order No. 3014, Personnel-2, 1982 dated 18.10.1982 read with Govt. Order No. 6/1972 Personnel-2, 1982 dated 15.01.1983, it is advised that now the candidates may obtain the reservation, certificate from the District Magistrate in terms of Govt. Order No. 4/3/82-Ka-2-97 dated 26.12.1997 in the prescribed format and submit the same.
- In the event of involvement of a candidate in the concealment of any important information, pendency of any case / criminal case, conviction, more than a husband or wife being alive, submission of facts in a distorted manner, canvassing for selection etc, the Commission reserves the right to reject the candidature and debar from appearing in the examinations and selections.
- In case the candidates face any problem in the "On-line Application" they may get their problem resolved by contacting over phone or Website clicking "Contact us". A separate detailed notice in this regard will be published.
- The list of Districts for Preliminary Examination is given on **Appendix-8**. In the same way the plan of Examination on Appendix-9, the syllabus for Preliminary Examination on **Appendix-10** and the syllabus and Instructions for Main Examination is on **Appendix-11**.

Note : Detailed instructions to fill in the On-line Applications". have been given from **Appendix 1** to **7B**. Specimen are given to make candidates familiar with the process.

Detailed Application Form:

At the top of the page there is a Declaration for the candidates are advised to go through the contents of the Declaration carefully. Candidate has the option to either agree or disagree with the contents of Declaration by clicking on 'I agree or 'I do not agree' buttons. In case the candidate opts to disagree, the application will be dropped, and the procedure will be terminated. Accepting to agree only will submit the candidates Online Application.

Notification Details:

This section shows information relevant to notification i.e. Notification number, selection type, directorate/department name and post name.

Personal Details:

This section shows information about candidate personnel details i.e. Registration Number, candidate name, Father/Husband name, Gender, DOB, UP domicile, Category, Marital status, email and contact number.

Other Details of Candidate

Other details of candidate shows the information details about UP Freedom Fighter, Ex Army, service duration and your physical deformity.

Education & Experience Details

It shows your educational and experience details.

Candidate Address, Photo & Signature details

Here you will see your complete communication address and photo with your signature.

Declaration Segment

At the bottom of the page there is a 'Declaration' for the candidates. Candidates are advised to go through the contents of the Declaration carefully.

After filling all above particulars there is provision for preview your detail before final submission of application form on clicking on "Preview" button.

Preview page will display all facts/particulars that you have mentioned on entry time if you are sure with filled details then click on "Submit" button to finally push data into server with successfully submission report that you can print.

Otherwise using "Back" button option you can modify your details.

(CANDIDATES ARE ADVISED TO TAKE A PRINT OF THIS PAGE BY CLICKING ON THE "PRINT" OPTION AVAILABLE)

Other Information regarding Application :

- On clicking "View Application status" option in candidate Segment page you can see current status of candidate.
- On clicking "Result" option in candidate Segment page candidate can see result status of periodically.
- "Interview/Exam Schedule" option in candidate Segment page candidate can see interview and examination schedule details periodically.
- On clicking "Key Answer Sheet" candidate can download key answer sheet.
- On clicking "Admit Card/Hall Ticket" candidate can download their Admit Card using with some basic credential of candidate.
- On clicking "List of Rejected Candidate" candidate can view rejected candidate list.
- On clicking "Syllabus" candidate can view syllabus of particular examination.

(Candidates applying online need NOT send hard copy of the Online Application filled by them online or any other document/certificate/testimonial to the Uttar Pradesh Public Service Commission. However they are advised to take printout of the Online Application and retain it for further communication with the UPPSC.) (The Candidates applying for the examination should ensure that they fulfill all eligibility conditions for admission to examination. Their admission at all the stages of the examination will be purely provisional subject to satisfying the prescribed eligibility conditions.) UPPSC takes up verification of eligibility conditions with reference to original documents at subsequent stages of examination process.

LAST DATE FOR RECEIPT OF APPLICATIONS: On-line Application process must be completed (including filling up of Part-I, Part-II and Part-III of the Form) before last date of form submission according to advertisement, after which the Web. Link will be disabled.

Appendix-1

All Notifications/Advertisements Details									
Candidate Home Page-Notifications/Advertisements									
<div> <div>Online Advertisement</div> <div>Offline Advertisement</div> </div> Advertisement Applicable for online Submission Only									
Name	Selection Type	Advt. Number , Date	Start Date	Fee Deposition Last Date	Form Submission Last Date				
सम्मिलित राज्य प्रभर अधीनस्थ सेवा प्रारं परीक्षा	सामान्य/विशेष दोनों	A-1/E-1/2013-2014, 01/01/2013	01/01/2013	03/03/2013	03/03/2013	Other Instructions	View Advertisement	Apply	
परीक्षा का नाम : 'सम्मिलित राज्य प्रभर अधीनस्थ सेवा प्रारं परीक्षा', विज्ञापन संख्या : 'A-1/E-1/2013 विज्ञापन प्रारं तिथि : पर्यंत : [सामान्य-विशेष दोनों] आयु सीमा का निर्धारक तिथि : 01/07/2013									
Directorate/Department Name	Post/Vacancy Name, Dept. No.	Nature	Pay Scale	Lower Age	Upper Age	Total No. Of Post	Qualification	Opt Option	
PCS-Pre 2013	PCS - Prelim. 2013.		15800-39100	21	40	163	2000	Candidate Registration	

Appendix-2

Candidate Home Page-Notifications/Advertisements

Candidate Basic Registration

All pink fields are compulsory

सम्मिलित राज्य प्रभर अधीनस्थ सेवा प्रारं परीक्षा

Advertisement No : A-1/E-1/2013-2014
 Directorate/Department : PCS Pre 2013
 Post Name : PCS - Prelim. 2013,
 Date for Calculating Age : 01/07/2013

Select Type of Recruitment : सामान्य/विशेष दोनों

Personnel Information

1. Candidate Name :
 2. Father/Husband Name :
 3. a. Are you Domicile of UP? :
 4. Category :
 5. Date of Birth (DD/MM/YYYY) :
 6. Gender :
 7. Are You Married? :
 8. Contact Number :
 9. Email ID :

Essential Qualification Details

Sr. No.	Name	Acquired (Y/N)	Is Grade System	Marks Obtained	Total Mark	Percentage
1.	भाषा में लिखें द्वारा अभिलेखित किसी विशिष्ट/विशेषता से सम्बन्धित किसी व्यक्ति का नाम/पता, इस व्यक्ति सम्बन्धित सम्बन्धित पता	No	No			

Enter Verification Code :

Submit

Cancel

Close

Appendix-3

Candidate Registration Acknowledgement

Candidate Home Page-Notifications/Advertisements-Registration Successfully

Print Registration Slip

Uttar Pradesh Public Service Commission

Registration Slip Applied for

सम्मिलित राज्य प्रभर अधीनस्थ सेवा प्रारं परीक्षा : PCS-Pre 2013 /PCS - Prelim. 2013.

You have been registered successfully.

Please note down your Registration Number for future Reference.

Candidate Registration No.: 10120000084

Advertisement / Notification No.: A-1/E-1/2013-2014

Candidate Name : SANDEEP JAISWAL

Father's / Husband's Name : P. JAISWAL

Date Of Birth : 01/01/1980

Are you Domicile of UP? : Yes

Category : सामान्य

Gender : पुरुष

Fee [in INR] : NIL

Note :-

(1). Please Note Down Candidate Registration No. **10120000084** for Future communication with UPPSC.
 (2). Your Application will be treated as **incomplete** unless accomplished by application form fee and uploading of photograph with signature & the detailed application form submission.
 (3). Submission of detailed application form will be **allowed on next working day from 2:00 PM onwards** after the deposition of fee through E-Challan in the prescribed bank.
 (4). E-Challan generation from the website will be **valid** for fee deposition in the prescribed bank upto the last date to fee deposition given in the advertisement only in banking hours.
 (5). Detailed application form submission will be **stopped after 23:59 hrs** of the last date of form submission given in the advertisement.
 (6). **Candidates whose fee amount is NIL in registration slip can submit the detailed application form at the same time without generating E-challan.**
 *Please do submission at an early date to avoid delay/problems in submission due to heavy network traffic on the last date.

[Date : 03/02/2013, Time : 12:02:47]

Print

Select any one of the Payment Mode for Fee Deposition

E- Challan I- Collect

Select any one Bank Name

Please Select

Click here to Generate E-Challan

Appendix-4

Examination Fee's Payment Details

Candidate Home Page-Fee Payment

All pink fields are compulsory

Candidate Registration No. : 10120000109

Date of Birth (DD/MM/YYYY) : DAY MONTH YEAR

Select any one of the Payment Mode for Fee Deposition

E- Challan I- Collect

Select any one Bank Name

State Bank of India

Enter Verification Code : Pgk5h

Click here to Generate E-Challan

Close

After taking the Print out of this generated e-Challan, approach to nearest branch of the selected Bank & deposit the fee in cash only. Please ensure that the concerned bank person has written Bank Transaction Id/Journal number and the Transaction Date in the appropriate Place in candidate copy of the e-challan. After depositing the required fee in the Bank,

Candidate will be able to Submit the Detailed Application Form on the Next working Day after 2:00 PM.

Continued....

Bank E-Challan

Appendix-5 Print BACK

E-challan (ई-चालान)
भारतीय स्टेट बैंक
State Bank Of India
 लोक सेवा आयोग, उ०प्र०
 Public Service Commission, Uttar Pradesh
 Fee Details

Fee Deposition Last Date: **30/03/2013**
 Cash Only

Cash can be deposited at any branch of State Bank of India.

Combined State/Upper Subordinate Services Preliminary Examination - A-1/E-1/2013-2014/ PCS-Pre 2013/PCS - Prelim. 2013,
 Account Number : 31340979155
 Deposit only through : 'Fee Collection - UPPSC (Screen No. 7125)'
 Refer: Lucknow Circle e-Circular no 95 dated 01.09.2010
 AND Corporate Centre e-Circular no. 351 dated 06.10.2010

Candidate Registration/Challan No. **10120000199**
 Name of Candidate **SANDEEP KUMAR**
 Date Of Birth (dd/mm/yyyy) **01/01/1980**
 Fee Amount in figure (Rs.) **80/-**
 Amount In Word **Eighty Only/-**
 Bank Transaction ID/Journal No. *
 Transaction Date *
 Bank Officer Signature & Stamp *
 Candidate Signature *

Check Digit: **9**
 Bank Copy

Appendix-6 Print BACK

E-challan (ई-चालान)
पंजाब नेशनल बैंक
Punjab National Bank
 लोक सेवा आयोग, उ०प्र०
 Public Service Commission, Uttar Pradesh
 Fee Details

Fee Deposition Last Date: **30/03/2013**
 Cash Only

Cash can be deposited at any branch of Punjab National Bank.

Combined State/Upper Subordinate Services Preliminary Examination - A-1/E-1/2013-2014/ PCS-Pre 2013/PCS - Prelim. 2013,
 Entry in Finacle through 'PAYFEE' menu only, Institute ID : UPPSC

Candidate Registration/Challan No. **10120000199**
 Name of Candidate **SANDEEP KUMAR**
 Date Of Birth (dd/mm/yyyy) **01/01/1980**
 Fee Amount in figure (Rs.) **80/-**
 Amount In Word **Eighty Only/-**
 Bank Transaction ID/Journal No. *
 Transaction Date *
 Bank Officer Signature & Stamp *
 Candidate Signature *

Check Digit: **9**
 Bank Copy

Appendix-7 Print Challan

Submit detailed application form & scanned photo with signature

Candidate Home Page-Submit Application Form

*** All pink fields are compulsory**

Detailed Application Form Submission will be allowed only after 2:00 PM on the next working Day since from the Fee deposition date in the Bank.

Candidate Registration No. **10120000084**

Fee Deposition through E-Challan Fee amount is NIL

Bank Transaction Details

Bank Name **Please Select..** Contact us for problem related to Trans ID/Journal No. Date

Transaction ID/Journal No.

Transaction Date **DAY MONTH YEAR** Proceed

Please enter personal information and upload scanned file.

Personnel Information

Date Of Birth **01 / Jan / 1980**

Gender **पुरुष**

Are you Domicile of UP? **Yes**

Category **सामान्य**

Upload Scanned Photo with Signature File

Select Scanned File **C:\Users\Administrator** Browse..

**** Click here for guidelines for uploading photo with signature ****

Enter Verification Code **QPAGW**

Please enter personal information and upload scanned file.

Submit Cancel

Precautions while entering Transaction ID/Journal Number

SBI - Please remove characters like '0', 'J' in the prefix of TRANSACTION ID/JOURNAL NUMBER (if found) Provided by SBI Branch then enter only remaining digits.
 ie. 019951077 or 0019951077 or J19951077 or J019951077 pl. enter only 19951077

PNB - Please remove character like 'H' from the TRANSACTION ID/JOURNAL NUMBER (if found) Provided by PNB Branch then enter only remaining characters and digits.
 ie. M 41696E pl. enter only M416965

Appendix-7B

Submit Application Form for Combined State/Upper Subordinate Services Preliminary Exam.

Candidate Home Page-Submit Application Form-Application Full Details

*** All pink fields are compulsory**

I declare that I have read the user instructions & detailed advertisement

Notification Details

Notification No. **A-1/E-1/2013-2014**

Selection Type **सामान्य विशेष दोनों**

Directorate/Department **PCS-Pre 2013**

Post Name **PCS - Prelim. 2013.**

Candidate Personnel Details

1. Applicant Registration No. **10120000084**

2. Candidate Name **SANDEEP JAISWAL**

3. Father/Husband Name **P. JAISWAL**

4. Gender **Male**

5. Date of Birth **01/01/1980**

6. Are you Domicile of UP? **Yes**

7. Category **General**

8. Are you Married? **No**

9. Contact No.

10. Email ID

Transaction Details

10. Bank Name **0**

11. Transaction ID **0**

12. Transaction Date **0/0**

Other Details of Candidate

13. Are you Dependent of UP Freedom Fighter? **No**

14. Are you UP Ex. Army? **No**

14.1 Service Duration (Day-Month-Year) **0 0 0**

14.2 Retirement Date (Date/Month/Year) **//**

15. Are You Handicap of UP? **No**

15.1 Are you Blind Or Have vision problem? **No**

15.2 Are you Deaf or Have hearing problem? **No**

15.3 Have you any physical Problem? **Yes**

PH Category [LOCOMOTOR or CEREBRAL PLASY]

Sr. No.	PH Category [LOCOMOTOR or CEREBRAL PLASY]	Selected PH Category
13.1	Both Legs affected but not arms [BL]	<input type="checkbox"/> BL
13.2	Both Arms affected [BA]	<input type="checkbox"/> BA
13.3	Both Legs and Both Arms affected [BLA]	<input type="checkbox"/> BLA
13.4	One Leg affected (right or left) [CL]	<input type="checkbox"/> CL
13.5	One Arm affected (right or left) [OA]	<input type="checkbox"/> OA
13.6	Both Back and hips (Cannot sit or sleep) [BH]	<input type="checkbox"/> BH
13.7	Muscular Weakness and limited physical endurance [MW]	<input type="checkbox"/> MW

16. Are You Skilled Player Of UP? **No**

Essential Qualification Details

17.1 Essential Qualifications & Marks According to Advertisement :-

Sr No.	Qualification	Acquired	Is Grade System	Obtain Marks	Total Marks	Percentage
1	आचार में विधि द्वारा स्थापित किसी विषयविषयक से स्नातक की उपाधि या समकक्ष द्वारा इसके समकक्ष मान्यता प्राप्त कोई अंश	Yes	No	423.00	450.00	92.00

18. Are You Graduate ? **Yes**

If Yes, Please Select Subject Name :- **You are Selected these Subjects :**

Please Select the Subject Name :-

☒ अर्थशास्त्र

☐ समाज शास्त्र/समाज विज्ञान

☐ कृषि

☐ वाणिज्य शास्त्र

1. अर्थशास्त्र
2. वाणिज्य
3. अर्थशास्त्र

19. Are You Post Graduate ? **Yes**

If Yes, Please Select Subject Name :- **You are Selected these Subjects :**

Please Select the Subject Name :-

☒ अर्थशास्त्र

☐ समाज शास्त्र/समाज विज्ञान

☐ कृषि

☐ वाणिज्य शास्त्र

1. अर्थशास्त्र

20. Other Essential Qualification **Yes**

If Yes, Please Select Subject Name :- **You are Selected these Subjects :**

Please Select the Subject Name :-

☐ वाणिज्य या वाणिज्य (Ag.) की उपाधि या समकक्ष का प्रमाण पत्र एवं दिनांक नन्द संस्थान लखनऊ या समकक्ष से 15 मई को स्नातकोत्तर डिप्लोमा वाणिज्य अथवा किसी मान्यता प्राप्त संस्थान से दोहरा मिले प्रमाण और आज्ञा प्रमाण में तीन वर्षों डिप्लोमा।

☐ वाणिज्य/वाणिज्य डिप्लोमा (अथवा)

1. समाज शास्त्र अथवा समाज विज्ञान में स्नातक तथा पीएच डी डिप्लोमा इन इकनॉमिक्स

21. Are You Know Hindi in Devnagari Lipi ? **Yes**

Candidate's Address, Photo Signature Details

23. Address : **lucknow**

23.1 House no./Village : **123**


23.2 Street No./PC : **1**

23.3 City Name : **thokurganj**

23.4 State Name : **उत्तर प्रदेश**

23.5 District Name : **लखनऊ**

23.6 PIN : **354365**

24. Photo & Signature ? 

I accept the following declaration : Yes

Declaration Segment

1. I hereby declare that I have read all term & condition according advertisement and I accept it.

2. I hereby declare that all the entries/statements made in this application are true, complete and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

3. In the event of any information being found false or incorrect or ineligibility being detected before or after selection, the commission can take action against me as per rule in case it is detected that I have misled UPPSC on any issue then I will solely responsible for all penal consequences thereof.

Type Verification Code as displayed in Image :- **SC29GT**

Cancel Close Back Submit

Successful Confirmation of Application Form

Candidate Home Page-Submit Application Form-Successful Confirmation of Application Submission

Print Application ID Slip

Your Application has been submitted successfully .

Please note down your Application ID for further Reference.

A-1/E-1/2013-2014 : PCS-Pre 2013/PCS - Prelim. 2013,

Application ID	200047101000001
Registration Number	10120000084
Candidate Name	SANDEEP JAISWAL
Date of Birth	01/01/1980

Note:-
 Filed In Application Form has been received in the Commission's office but its Acceptance is subject to the verification process pertaining to the Candidates Age eligibility as per the post/objections related to photo uploading/Rejected/Accepted etc., So Please Visit the website again to view the application status after the last date of form submission on the website, under the option 'View Application Status' for ensuring the Acceptance of Application form.

[Date : 05/02/2013, Time : 12:06:42]

Continued....

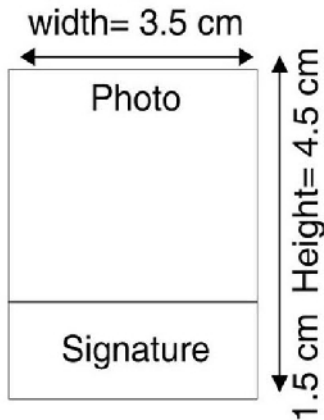
Appendix-7A

The Procedure relating to upload Photo & Signature.

Guide Lines for Scanning Photograph with Signature

1. Paste the Photo on any white paper as per the above required dimensions. Sign in the Signature Space provided. Ensure that the signature is within the box.
2. Scan the above required size containing photograph and signature. Please do not scan the complete page.
3. The entire image (of size 3.5 cm by 6.0 cm) consisting of the photo along with the signature is required to be scanned, and stored in *.jpg, .jpeg, .gif, .tif, .png format on local machine.
4. Ensure that the size of the scanned image is not more than 50 KB.
5. If the size of the file is more than 50 KB, then adjust the settings of the scanner such as the DPI resolution, no. colours etc., during the process of scanning.
6. The applicant has to sign in full in the box provided. Since the signature is proof of identity, it must be genuine and in full; initials are not sufficient. Signature in CAPITAL LETTERS is not permitted.
7. The signature must be signed only by the applicant and not by any other person.
8. The signature will be used to put on the Hall Ticket and wherever necessary. If the Applicant's signature on answer script, at the time of the examination, does not match the signature on the Hall Ticket, the applicant will be disqualified.

Sample Image & Signature :-



APPENDIX - 8

The name of the Districts in which the Preliminary Exmainiation will be held are as follows :

Agra, Allahabad, Azamgarh, Bareilly, Basti, Etawah, Faizabad, Ghaziabad, Gorakhpur, Jaunpur, Jhansi, Kanpur, Lucknow, Meerut, Mirzapur, Moradabad, Rae Bareli, Saharanpur, Shahjahanpur, Sitapur, Varanasi.

उ.प्र. की अनुसूचित जाति तथा अनुसूचित जन जाति के लिए जाति प्रमाण-पत्र

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी.....सुपुत्र/सुपुत्री श्री.....निवासी.....ग्राम.....तहसील.....नगर.....जिला.....उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य की.....जाति के व्यक्ति है जिसे संविधान (अनुसूचित जाति) आदेश, 1950 (जैसा कि समय-समय) पर संशोधित हुआ) / संविधान (अनुसूचित जनजाति, उत्तर प्रदेश) आदेश, 1967 के अनुसार अनुसूचित जाति/अनुसूचित जनजाति के रूप में मान्यता दी गई है।

श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी.....तथा अथवा उनका परिवार उत्तर प्रदेश के.....ग्राम.....तहसील.....नगर.....जिला.....में सामान्यतया रहता है।

स्थान.....हस्ताक्षर.....
दिनांक.....पूरा नाम.....
मुहर.....पद का नाम.....

जिलाधिकारी/अतिरिक्त जिलाधिकारी/सिटी मजिस्ट्रेट/परगना मजिस्ट्रेट/तहसीलदार/
अन्य वेतन भोगी मजिस्ट्रेट यदि कोई हो/ जिला समाज कल्याण अधिकारी

उत्तर प्रदेश के अन्य पिछड़े वर्ग के लिए जाति प्रमाण-पत्र

प्ररूप-1

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी.....सुपुत्र/सुपुत्री श्री.....निवासी.....ग्राम.....तहसील.....नगर.....जिला.....उत्तर प्रदेश राज्य की.....पिछड़ी जाति के व्यक्ति है। यह जाति उत्तर प्रदेश लोक सेवा (अनुसूचित जातियों, अनुसूचित जन जातियों तथा अन्य पिछड़े वर्गों के लिये आरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1994 (यथासंशोधित) की अनुसूची एक के अन्तर्गत मान्यता प्राप्त है।

यह भी प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी.....पूर्वोक्त अधिनियम, 1994 (यथासंशोधित) की अनुसूची-दो (जैसा कि उत्तर प्रदेश लोक सेवा) (अनुसूचित जातियों, अनुसूचित जन जातियों और अन्य पिछड़े वर्गों के लिये आरक्षण) (संशोधन) अधिनियम, 2001 द्वारा प्रतिस्थापित किया गया है एवं जो उत्तर प्रदेश लोक सेवा (अनुसूचित जातियों, अनुसूचित जन जातियों और अन्य पिछड़े वर्गों के लिये आरक्षण) (संशोधन) अधिनियम, 2002 द्वारा संशोधित की गयी है, से आच्छादित नहीं है। इनके माता-पिता की निरंतर तीन वर्ष की अवधि के लिये सकल वार्षिक आय पाँच लाख रुपये या इससे अधिक नहीं है तथा इनके पास धनकर अधिनियम, 1957 में यथा विहित छूट सीमा से अधिक सम्पत्ति भी नहीं है।

श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी.....तथा/अथवा उनका परिवार उत्तर प्रदेश के ग्राम.....तहसील.....नगर.....जिला.....में सामान्यतया रहता है।

स्थान.....हस्ताक्षर.....
दिनांक.....पूरा नाम.....
मुहर.....पद का नाम.....

जिलाधिकारी/अतिरिक्त जिलाधिकारी/सिटी मजिस्ट्रेट/परगना मजिस्ट्रेट/तहसीलदार।

उ.प्र. के विकलांगों के लिये प्रमाण-पत्र

CERTIFICATE FOR PHYSICALLY HANDICAP OF U.P.

NAME & ADDRESS OF THE INSTITUTE/HOSPITAL

Certificate No.....

Date

DISABILITY CERTIFICATE

This is certified that Shri/Smt/Kum.....

son/wife/daughter of Shri.....age.....

sex.....identification mark (S).....is suffering from permanent disability of following category:

A. Locomotor or cerebral palsy:

(i) BL-Both legs affected but not arms.

(ii) BA-Both arms affected

(a) Impaired reach

(b) Weakness of grip

(iii) BLA-Both legs and both arms affected

(iv) OL-One leg affected (right or left)

Recent
Photograph of the
candidate
showing the
disability duly
attested by the
Chairperson of the
Medical Board.

- (a) Impaired reach
(b) Weakness of grip
(c) Ataxic
(v) OA-One arm affected
(a) Impaired reach
(b) Weakness of grip
(c) Ataxic
(vi) BH-Stiff back and hips (Cannot sit or stoop)
(vii) MW-Muscular weakness and limited physical endurance.

B. Blindness or Low Vision:

(i) B-Blind

(ii) PB-Partially Blind

C. Hearing impairment:

(i) D-Deaf

(ii) PD-Partially Deaf

(Delete the category whichever is not applicable)

2. This condition is progressive/non-progressive/likely to improve/not likely to improve. Re-assess of this case is not recommended/is recommended after a period of.....year.....months.

3. Percentage of disability in his/her case is.....percent.

4. Sh./Smt./Kum.meets the following physical requirements disc charge of his/her duties:

(i) F-can perform work by manipulating with fingers. Yes/No

(ii) PP-can perform work by pulling and pushing. Yes/No

(iii) L-can perform work by lifting. Yes/No

(iv) KC-can perform work by kneeling and crouching. Yes/No

(v) B-can perform work by bending. Yes/No

(vi) S-can perform work by sitting. Yes/No

(vii) ST -can perform work by standing. Yes/No

(viii) W-can perform work by walking. Yes/No

(ix) SE-can perform work by seeing. Yes/No

(x) H-can perform work by hearing/speaking. Yes/No

(xi) RW-can perform work by reading and writing. Yes/No

(Dr.)

Member

Medical Board

(Dr.)

Member

Medical Board

(Dr.)

Chairperson

Medical Board

Countersigned by the

Medical Superintendent/CMO/HQ

Hospital (with seal)

Strike out which is not applicable.

उ.प्र. के स्वतंत्रता संग्राम सेनानियों के आश्रितों के लिए प्रमाण-पत्र

प्रमाण-पत्र

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी.....निवासी.....ग्राम.....तहसील.....नगर.....जिला.....उत्तर प्रदेश लोक सेवा (शारीरिक रूप से विकलांग, स्वतंत्रता संग्राम सेनानियों के आश्रित और भूतपूर्व सैनिक के लिए आरक्षण) अधिनियम 1993 के अनुसार स्वतंत्रता संग्राम सेनानी हैं और श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी (आश्रित)पुत्र/पुत्री/पौत्र/पौत्री उपरांतिक अधिनियम 1993 के ही प्रावधानों के अनुसार उक्त श्री/श्रीमती (स्वतंत्रता संग्राम सेनानी).....के आश्रित हैं।

हस्ताक्षर.....

स्थान.....

दिनांक.....

पूरा नाम.....

मुहर.....

जिलाधिकारी.....

सील.....

कुशल खिलाड़ियों के लिये प्रमाण-पत्र जो उ.प्र. के मूल निवासी हैं

शासनादेश संख्या-22/21/1983-कार्मिक-2 दिनांक 28 नवम्बर, 1985

प्रमाण-पत्र के फार्म - 1 से 4 प्रारूप - 1

(मान्यता प्राप्त क्रीड़ा/खेल में अपने देश की ओर से अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय प्रतियोगिता में भाग लेने वाले खिलाड़ी के लिये)

सम्बन्धित खेल की राष्ट्रीय फेडरेशन/राष्ट्रीय एसोसिएशन का नाम.....राज्य सरकार की सेवाओं/पदों पर

नियुक्ति के लिए कुशल खिलाड़ियों के लिए प्रमाण-पत्र

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी.....आत्मज/पत्नी/आत्मजा श्री.....निवासी.....पूरा पता.....ने दिनांक.....से दिनांक.....तक.....(स्थान का नाम) में आयोजित(क्रीड़ा/खेल-कूद का नाम) की प्रतियोगिता/टूर्नामेंट में देश की ओर से भाग लिया।

उनके टीम के द्वारा उक्त प्रतियोगिता/टूर्नामेंट मेंस्थान प्राप्त किया गया।

यह प्रमाण-पत्र राष्ट्रीय फेडरेशन/राष्ट्रीय एसोसिएशन/(यहाँ संस्था का नाम दिया जाये).....में उपलब्ध रिकार्ड के आधार पर दिया गया है।

स्थान.....

दिनांक.....

हस्ताक्षर.....

नाम.....

पद.....

संस्था का नाम.....

मुहर.....

नोट : यह प्रमाण-पत्र नेशनल फेडरेशन/नेशनल एसोसिएशन के सचिव द्वारा व्यक्तिगत रूप से किये गये हस्ताक्षर होने पर ही मान्य होगा।

प्ररूप - 2

(मान्यता प्राप्त क्रीड़ा/खेल में अपने प्रदेश की ओर से राष्ट्रीय प्रतियोगिता में भाग लेने वाले खिलाड़ी के लिये)

सम्बन्धित खेल की प्रदेशीय एसोसिएशन का नाम).....राज्य सरकार की सेवाओं/पदों

पर नियुक्ति के लिए कुशल खिलाड़ियों के लिये प्रमाण-पत्र

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी.....आत्मज/पत्नी/आत्मजा श्री.....निवासी (पूरा पता)ने दिनांकसे दिनांकतकमें (क्रीड़ा/खेल-कूद का नाम) की प्रतियोगिता (टूर्नामेंट) स्थान का नामआयोजित राष्ट्रीयमें (क्रीड़ा/खेल-कूद का नाम) की प्रतियोगिता/टूर्नामेंट में देश की ओर से भाग लिया।

उनके टीम के द्वारा उक्त प्रतियोगिता/टूर्नामेंट मेंस्थान प्राप्त किया गया।

यह प्रमाण-पत्र(प्रदेशीय संघ का नाम) में उपलब्ध रिकार्ड के आधार पर दिया गया है।

स्थान.....

दिनांक.....

हस्ताक्षर.....

नाम.....

पद.....

संस्था का नाम.....

पता.....

मुहर.....

नोट : यह प्रमाण-पत्र प्रदेशीय खेल-कूद संघ के सचिव द्वारा व्यक्तिगत रूप से किये गये हस्ताक्षर होने पर ही मान्य होगा।

प्ररूप - 3

(मान्यता प्राप्त क्रीड़ा/खेल में अपने विश्वविद्यालय की ओर से अन्तर्विश्वविद्यालय प्रतियोगिता में भाग लेने वाले खिलाड़ी के लिये)

विश्वविद्यालय का नाम.....राज्य स्तर की सेवाओं/पदों पर नियुक्त के लिये कुशल खिलाड़ियों के लिए प्रमाण-पत्र

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी.....आत्मज/पत्नी/आत्मजा श्री.....निवास (पूरा नाम)विश्वविद्यालय की कक्षा.....के विद्यार्थी ने दिनांकसे दिनांकतक(स्थान का नाम) में आयोजित अन्तर्विश्वविद्यालय(क्रीड़ा/खेल-कूद का नाम) प्रतियोगिता/टूर्नामेंट मेंविश्वविद्यालय की ओर से भाग लिया। उनके टीम के द्वारा उक्त प्रतियोगिता / टूर्नामेंट मेंस्थान प्राप्त किया गया। यह प्रमाण-पत्र डीन आफ स्पोर्ट्स अथवा इंचार्ज खेल कूद.....विश्वविद्यालय में उपलब्ध रिकार्ड के आधार पर दिया गया है।

स्थान.....

दिनांक.....

हस्ताक्षर.....

नाम.....

पद.....

संस्था का नाम.....

मुहर.....

नोट : यह प्रमाण-पत्र विश्वविद्यालय के डीन आफ स्पोर्ट्स या इंचार्ज खेल-कूद द्वारा व्यक्तिगत रूप से किये गये हस्ताक्षर होने पर ही मान्य होगा।

प्ररूप - 4

(मान्यता प्राप्त क्रीड़ा/खेल में अपने स्कूल की ओर से राष्ट्रीय खेल-कूद में भाग लेने वाले खिलाड़ी के लिये)

डायरेक्ट्रेट आफ पब्लिक इन्स्ट्रक्शन्स/निदेशक, शिक्षा, उत्तर प्रदेशराज्य स्तर की सेवाओं/पदों

पर नियुक्ति के लिये कुशल खिलाड़ियों के लिये प्रमाण-पत्र

प्रमाणित किया जाता है कि श्री/श्रीमती/कुमारी.....आत्मज/पत्नी/आत्मजा श्री.....निवास (पूरा नाम)मेंस्कूल में कक्षाके विद्यार्थी ने दिनांकसे दिनांकतक(स्थान का नाम) में आयोजित स्कूलों के नेशनल गेम्स की(क्रीड़ा/खेल-कूद का नाम) प्रतियोगिता/टूर्नामेंट मेंस्कूल की ओर से भाग लिया। उनके टीम के द्वारा उक्त प्रतियोगिता/टूर्नामेंट मेंस्थान प्राप्त किया गया।

यह प्रमाण-पत्र डायरेक्ट्रेट आफ पब्लिक इन्स्ट्रक्शन्स/शिक्षा में उपलब्ध रिकार्ड के आधार पर दिया गया है।

Continued...

SECTION-B

Enzymes and plant pigments, Photosynthesis-modern concepts and factors effecting the process, aerobic and anaerobic respiration, Growth and development. Photoperiodisms and vernalization. Plant growth regulators and their mechanism of action and importance in crop production.

Climatic requirements and cultivation of major fruits and vegetable crops; package of practices and the scientific basis for the same. Pre and post harvest physiology of fruits and vegetables. Principle method of preservation of fruits and vegetables, Processing techniques and equipment. Landscape and Floriculture including raising of ornamental plant. Design and layout of lawns and gardens, Diseases and pests of vegetables, fruits and plantation crops of U.P. and measures to control plant diseases, integrated management of pests and diseases. Pesticides and their formulations, plant protection equipment, their care and maintenance. Storage pest of cereals and pulses, hygiene of storage, godowns, preservation and remedial measures, Food production and consumption trends. In India, National and International food policies, Procurements, distribution, processing and production constraints.

ZOOLOGY : PAPER-I

Non Chordata, Chordata, Ecology, Ethology, Biostatistics and Economic Zoology.

SECTION-A-NON-CHORDATA AND CHORDATA

1. General Survey: Classification and Interrelationship of various Phyla. **2. Protozoa:** Locomotion, Nutrition, Reproduction and Human Parasite. **3. Porifers:** Canal system; Skeleton and Reproduction. **4. Cnidaris:** Polymorphism; Coral reefs Metagenesis. **5. Helminthiasis:** Parasitic adaptation and host-parasite relationships. **6. Annelida:** Adaptive radiation in Polychaeta. **7. Arthropoda:** Larval form and parasitism in Crustacea. Appendages of prawn: Vision and respiration in Arthropoda, Social life and metamorphosis in insects. **8. Mollusca:** Respiration, Pearl formation. **9. Echinodermata:** General organisation, larval forms and affinities. **10. Chordata:** Origin: Lung fishes; Origin of tetrapods. **11. Amphibis:** Neoteny and parental care. **12. Reptilia:** Skull types (Anapsid; Diapsid; Parapsid and synapsid) Dinosaurs. **13. Aves:** Original aerial adaptations and migration; Flightless birds. **14. Mammalia:** Prototheria and Metatheria: Skin derivatives of Eutheria.

SECTION-B - Ecology, Ethology, Biostatistics and Economic Zoology.

1. Ecology: Abiotic and biotic factors; Inter and intraspecific relations, ecological succession; Different types of biomes; Biogeochemical cycles. Food web; Ozone layer and Biosphere; Pollution of air, water and land. **2. Ethology:** Types of animal behaviour, Role of hormones and phenomones in behaviour; Methods of studying animal behaviour, Biological rhythms. **3. Biostatistics:** Sampling methods, frequency distribution and measures of central tendency, standard deviation, standard error correlation and regression chi-square and t-test. **4. Economic Zoology:** Insect pests of crops (Paddy, Gram and Sugarcane) and stored grains, Agriculture, Sericulture, Lacculture, pisciculture and Oyster culture.

PAPER-II

Cell Biology Genetics, Evolution and Systematics, Bio-Chemistry, Physiology and Development Biology.

SECTION-A

1. Cell Biology: Cell membrane, Active transport and Sodium potassium ATPase Pump, Mitochondria, Golgi bodies; endoplasmic reticulum; ribosomes and lysosomes; cell division mitotic and meiotic and chromosomal movements and meiosis, chromosomal mapping Gene concept and function; Watson-Crick model of DNA, Genetic code Protein synthesis, Sex chromosomes and sex determination. **2. Genetics:** Mendelian laws of inheritance, recombination linkage and linkage maps, multiple alleles, mutation (natural and induced, mutation and evolution, chromosomal number and form structural rearrangements, polyploidy, regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes and eukaryotes; Human chromosomal abnormalities, gene and diseases, Eugenics, Genetic engineering, recombinant DNA technology and gene cloning. **3. Evolution and systematics:** Theories of evolution; sources and nature of organic variation; natural selection; Hardy Weinberg law; cryptic and cematic colouration; mimicry; isolating mechanisms and their role, insular faunas, concept of species and sub-species; principles of taxonomy; Zoological nomenclature and International code; Fossils; Geological time scale; Phylogeny of horse and elephant; origin and evolution of man; principles and theories of continental distribution of animals; Zoogeographical realms of the world.

SECTION-B - Biochemistry, Physiology and Development Biology.

1. Biochemistry: Structure of carbohydrates, lipids (including saturated and unsaturated fatty acids) amino acids, proteins and nucleic acids, Glycolysis; Krebs's cycle, Oxidation and reduction, oxidative phosphorylation, Energy conservation and release. ATP-ADP; types of enzymes, mechanism of enzyme action; Immunoglobulins and immunity; vitamins. **2. Physiology (with special reference to mammals):** Composition of blood, blood group in man, agglutination; oxygen and carbon dioxide transport, haemoglobin, breathing and its regulation Formation of urea and urine, acid-base balance and homeostasis; Thermo-regulation in Man; Nerve impulse conduction and transmission across synapse, neurotransmitters; Vision, hearing and olfaction; Types of muscles; Digestion and absorption of protein, carbohydrate, fat and nucleic acid, control of secretion of digestive juices, balanced diet of man, steroid, protein peptide and amino acids, driven hormones; role of hypothalamus, pituitary thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, adrenal glands and pineal organ and their relationship, physiology of human reproduction, hormonal control of development in man; Pheromones in mammals. **3. Development Biology:** Gametogenesis, fertilisation, types of eggs, cleavage and gastrulation in Brachiopoda, frog and chick; fate maps of frog and chick; metamorphosis in frog; formation and fate of extra embryonic membrane in chick; formation of amniotic cavity and types of placenta in mammals, organiser phenomenon, regeneration genetic control of development organogenesis of brain, eye and heart; aging.

3. CHEMISTRY: PAPER-I

Atomic Structure: Bohr's model and its limitation de Broglie equation, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle, quantum mechanical operators and the Schrodinger wave equation, physical significance of wave function and its characteristics (normalized, orthogonal), radial distribution and shapes of s, p, d, and f-orbitals, particle in a one-dimensional box, quantisation of electronic energies (qualitative treatment of hydrogen atom).

Pauli's Exclusion principle. Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity, Aufbau principle, Electronic configuration of atoms, Long form of periodic table including transition elements. Periodicity in properties of the elements such as atomic and ionic ionization potential, electronegativity and hydration energy.

Nuclear and Radiation Chemistry: Structure of nucleus (shell model), nuclear forces, nuclear stability, N/P ratio, nuclear binding energy, Kinetics, detection and measurement of radioactivity, Artificial transmutation of elements and nuclear reactions, nuclear fission & fusion, radioactive isotopes and their applications. Radio carbon dating, Elementary ideas of radiation chemistry, radiolysis of water and aqueous solution, unit of radiation, chemical yield (G-value), Fricke's dosimetry. **Chemical Bonding:** Valence bond theory (Heitler-London and Pauling-Slater theories), hybridization, VSEPR theory and molecular orbital energy level diagrams, for homo and hetero nuclear diatomic molecules, bond order, bond length and bond strength, sigma and pi-bonds, hydrogen bond, characteristics of covalent bond. **Chemistry of s- and p-block elements:** General properties of s- and p-block elements, chemical reactivity of elements and group trends. Chemical behaviour with respect to their hydrides, halides and oxides. **Chemistry of Transition Elements:** General characteristics, variable oxidation states, complex formation, colour, magnetic and catalytic properties. Comparative study of 4d and 5d transition elements with 3d analogues with respect to their ionic radii, oxidation states and magnetic properties. **Chemistry of Lanthanides and Actinides:** Lanthanide contraction, oxidation states, Principles of separation of lanthanides and actinides. Magnetic and spectral properties of their compounds. **Coordination Chemistry:** Werner's Theory of coordination compounds. IUPAC system of nomenclature, effective atomic number (EAN) isomerism in coordination compounds. Valence bond theory and its limitations. Crystal field theory, Crystal field splitting of d-orbitals in octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes. Factors affecting its magnitude, calculation of crystal field stabilization energies (CFSE) for d1 to d9 weak and strong field, octahedral complexes, spectrochemical series. Electronic spectra of d-transition metal complexes, types of electronic transitions, selection rules for electronic transitions, Spectroscopic ground states for d1 to d10 systems. **Bio-Inorganic Chemistry:** Essential and trace elements in biological processes, Metalloporphyrins with special reference to haemoglobin and myoglobin, Biological role of alkali and alkaline earth metal ions with special reference to Ca²⁺. **Preparation, Properties and Uses of the following Inorganic Compounds:** Heavy water, boric acid, diborane, hydrazine, hydroxylamine, potassium dichromate, potassium permanganate, Ce (IV) sulphate and titanium (III) sulphate, **Polymers:** Molecular weight of polymers by sedimentation, light scattering, viscosity and osmotic pressure. Number average and weight average molecular weights, elasticity and crystallinity of polymers. **Borazines:** Silicones and phosphonitrilic halide polymers. **Chemical Thermodynamics:** Thermodynamic functions, Laws of thermodynamics and their applications to various physico-chemical processes. Concept of chemical potential. Gibbs-Duhem equation, Clausius-Clapeyron equation, thermodynamic treatment of colligative properties. **Chemical Kinetics:** Order and molecularity of a reaction Rate laws, methods for determining the order of a reaction. Energy of activation, Collision theory of reaction rate. Steady state approximations. Transition state, theory of reaction rates, consecutive and side reactions. **Phase Equilibria:** Phases, components, degrees of freedom, phase diagram of one and two component systems, Nearest distribution law, Applications of distribution law. **Electrochemistry:** Theory of strong electrolytes. Debye-Huckel theory of activity coefficients, laws of electrolytic conduction, transport number determination of transport number (Hittorf and moving boundary method). Applications of conductance for determining the solubility and solubility products, ionic equilibria, ionic product of water, pH, acid-base indicators, common ion effect, buffer solubility buffer index, buffer capacity solubility product and applications in analysis. **Solid State Chemistry:** Classification of solids, seven crystal systems, elements of symmetry in crystals, space lattice and unit cell, classification of crystals on the basis of bond types ionic solids, metallic solids, covalent solids, and molecular solids. The close packing of spheres, hexagonal close ionic solids, metallic solids, covalent solids, and molecular solids. The close packing of spheres, hexagonal close packing, cubic close packing and body centered cubic packing, coordination number and radius ratio effect. Bagg's law of X-ray diffraction, powder pattern method, crystal structure of NaCl and KCl. **Surface Chemistry:** Stability of and origin of charge on colloids, Electrokinetic potential. Physical and chemical adsorption, various types of adsorption isotherms. Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis enzyme catalysis (Michaelis-Menten) equation. **Molecular Spectra:** Rotational Spectra Rigid and non-rigid rotator models. Determination of bond distance of diatomic molecules, linear triatomic molecules isotopic substitution.

Vibrational-Rotational Spectra: Harmonic and anharmonic vibrations, vibrational energies of diatomic molecules, zero point energy, evaluation of force constant. Fundamental frequencies, overtones, overtone bands, degrees of freedom of polyatomic molecules. Concept of group frequencies. **Raman Spectra:** Raman effect Stokes and anti-Stokes lines and their intensity difference. Rule of mutual exclusion. **Electronic Spectra:** Electronic transitions, Frank-Condon Principle, Phosphorescence and fluorescence.

PAPER-II

General Organic Chemistry: Electronic displacement inductive, electromeric and mesomeric effects, Conjugation and hyperconjugation, Resonance and its application to organic compounds, Electrophiles, nucleophiles, carbocations, carbanions and free radical. Organic acids and bases. Effects of structure on the strength of organic acids and bases. Hydrogen bond and its effect on the properties of organic compounds. **Concepts of Organic Reaction Mechanism:** Mechanism of addition, substitution, elimination, reactions and molecular rearrangements, Mechanism of Electrophilic and nucleophilic automatic substitution. Mechanism of the following reactions: Aldol condensation, Claisen condensation, Beckmann rearrangement, Perkin reaction, Reimer-Tiemann reaction, Cannizzaro's reaction, Friedel-Crafts reaction, Reformatsky's reaction and Wagner-Meerwein rearrangement. **Aliphatic Compounds:** Chemistry of simple organic compounds belonging to following classes with special reference to the mechanisms of the reactions involved therein, alkanes, alkenes, alkynes alkyl halides, alcohol, ethers, thiols aldehydes, ketones, a busaturated carbonyl compounds, acids and their derivatives, amines, amino acids, hydroxy acids, unsaturated acids and diacidic acids, Synthetic uses of malonic ester, Grignard's reagent, carbene, diazomethane and phosphoranes. **Carbohydrates:** Classification, configuration and general reaction of simple monosaccharides. Ozonolysis, mutarotation, pyranose and furanose structures. Chain lengthening and chain shortening in aldoses and ketoses. Interconversion of glucose and fructose. **Stereochemistry and conformations:** Elements of symmetry, optical and geometrical isomerism in simple organic compounds. Absolute configuration (R & S); configurations of geometrical isomers, E & Z notations, Conformation of mono and distributed cyclohexanes. Boat and chair forms, **Aromatic Compounds:** Modern structure of benzene; Concept of aromaticity. Huckel rule and its simple application to non-benzenoid aromatic compounds. Activating and deactivating effect of substituent groups, directive influence. Study of the compounds containing following groups attached to the alkyl and benzene ring halogen, hydroxy, nitro and amino groups. Sulphonic acids, benzaldehyde, salicylaldehyde, acetophenone, Benzoic, salicylic, phthalic, cinnamic and mandelic acids. **Naphthalene & Pyridine:** Synthesis, structure and important reactions. **Alkaloids:** General methods of structure elucidation of alkaloids, chemistry of nicotine. **Organic Polymers:** Mechanism of polymerization, polymers of industrial importance, synthetic fibers. **Chemistry of Living Cells:** A brief introduction, chemical constituents, cell membranes, acid-base balance, Diffusion and active transport. Donnan membranes equilibria. **Enzymes and Coenzymes:** Nomenclature and characteristics, factors which affect enzyme activity. **NMR Spectroscopy:** Principle of PMR, chemical shift, spin-spin coupling, interpretation of PMR spectra of simple organic molecules, **Evaluation of analytical Data:** Errors, accuracy and precision, Relative and standard deviation rejection of doubtful observations, t-test, Q-test. **Solvent Extraction:** Distribution law, Craig's concept of counter-current distribution, important solvent extraction systems. **Chromatography:** Classification of chromatographic techniques, general principles of absorption, partition exchange, paper and thin layer chromatography. **Environmental Chemistry:** Air pollutants and their toxic effects, depletion of ozone layer effects of oxides of nitrogen, fluorocarbons and their effect on ozone layer, Greenhouse effect. Acid rain.

4. PHYSICS: PAPER-I: Mechanics, Thermal Physics and Waves & Oscillations

1. Mechanics: Conservation law, collisions, impact parameter, scattering cross-section, centre of mass and lab systems with transformation of physical quantities, Rutherford Scattering. Motion of a rocket under constant force field. Rotating frames of reference, Coriolis force. Motion of rigid bodies. Dynamics of rotating bodies. Moment of inertia, Theorem of parallel and perpendicular axis. Moment of inertia of sphere, ring, cylinder, disc, Angular momentum, torque and precession of a top. Gyroscope. Central forces. Motion under inverse square law. Kepler's Laws, Motion of satellites (including geostationary). Galilean Relativity. Special Theory of Relativity. Michelson-Morley Experiment, Lorentz Transformations-addition theorem of velocities. Variation of mass with velocity. Mass-Energy equivalence. Fluid dynamics. streamlines, Reynold number Viscosity, Poiseuille's formula for the flow of liquid through narrow tubes, turbulence, Bernoulli's equation with simple applications.

2. Thermal Physics: Laws of thermodynamics, Entropy, Carnot's cycle, Isothermal and Adiabatic changes, thermodynamic Potentials, Helmholtz and Gibbs functions. Maxwell's relations. The Clausius-Clapeyron equation, reversible cell, Joule-Kelvin effect, Stefan-Boltzmann Law, Kinetic Theory of Gases, Maxwell's Distribution Law of velocities, Equipartition of energy, specific heats of gases, mean free path, Brownian Motion, Black Body radiation specific heat of solids, Einstein and Debye theories. Wein's Law, Planck's Law, solar constant. Shah's theory of thermal ionization and Stellar spectra. Production of low temperatures using adiabatic demagnetization and dilution refrigeration. Concept of negative temperature. **3. Waves of Oscillations:** Oscillations, simple harmonic motion, Examples of simple harmonic motion mass, spring and LC circuits. Stationary and travelling waves, Damped harmonic motion, forced oscillation and Resonance, Sharpness of resonance, Wave equation, Harmonic solutions, Plane and Spherical waves, Superposition of waves. Two perpendicular simple harmonic motions. Lissajous figures, Fourier analysis of periodic waves-square and triangular waves. Phase and Group velocities, Beats, Huygen's principle, Division of amplitude and wave front, Fresnel Biprism, Newton's rings, Michelson interferometer, Fabry-Pérot interferometer. Diffraction-Fresnel and Fraunhofer's. Diffraction as a Fourier Transformation. Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction by rectangular and circular apertures. Diffraction by straight edge, Single and multiple slits. Resolving power of gratings and optical instruments. Rayleigh criterion. Polarization, production and Detection of polarised light (Linear, circular and elliptical) Brewster's law, Huyghen's theory of double refraction, optical rotation, polarimeters. Laser sources (Helium-Neon, Ruby and semiconductor diode). Concept of spatial and temporal coherence Holography, theory and application.

PAPER-II : Electricity and Magnetism, Modern Physics and Electronics

1. Electricity and Magnetism: Coulomb's law, Electric Field Gauss's Law, Electric Potential, Poisson and Laplace equations for homogeneous dielectric, uncharged conducting sphere in a uniform field, point charge and infinite conducting plane. Current electricity, Kirchhoff's laws and its applications; Wheatstone bridge, Kelvin's double bridge, Carey Foster's bridge. Bio-Savart law and applications. Ampere's circuit law and its applications, Magnetic induction and field strength, Magnetic shell Magnetic field on the axis of circular coil Helmholtz coil, Electromagnetic Induction, Faraday's and Lenz's law, self and mutual inductances. Alternating currents L.C.R. circuits, series and parallel resonance circuits, quality factor. Maxwell's equations and electromagnetic waves. Transverse nature of electromagnetic waves, Poynting vector Magnetic fields in Matter. Dia, para, Ferro, Antiferro and Ferrimagnetism (Qualitative approach only). Hysteresis. **2. Modern Physics:** Bohr's theory of hydrogen atom Electron spin, Optical and X-ray Spectral Stem-Gerlach experiment and spatial quantization, Vector model of the atom spectral terms, fine structure of spectral lines. J-J and L-S coupling Zeeman effect, Pauli's exclusion principle, spectral terms of two equivalent and non-equivalent electrons. Gross and fine structure of electronic band spectra. Raman effect, Photoelectric effect, Compton effect De-Broglie waves. Wave Particle duality, uncertainty principle, postulates of quantum mechanics. Schrodinger wave equation with application (i) particle in a box, (ii) motion across a step potential, One dimensional harmonic oscillator eigen values and eigen functions. Radioactivity, Alpha, Beta and gamma radiations. Elementary theory of the alpha decay. Nuclear binding energy. Mass spectroscopy, semi empirical mass formula. Nuclear fission and fusion. Elementary Reactor Physics, Elementary particles and their classification, strong and weak Electromagnetic interactions. Particle accelerators, cyclotron. Linear accelerators. Elementary ideas of superconductivity. **3. Electronics:** Band theory of solids, conductors insulators and semiconductors. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, P-N junction, Thermistor Zener diodes. Reverse and forward biased P-N Junction, solar cell. Use of diodes and transistors for rectification, amplification oscillation, modulation and detection of r.f. waves. Transistor, receiver. Television, Logic Gates and their truth table, some applications.

5. MATHEMATICS: PAPER-I

Linear Algebra: Vector space, bases, dimensions of a finitely generated space, linear transformation: Rank and nullity of a linear transformation. Cayley-Hamilton theorem, Eigenvalues and Eigen vectors. Matrix of linear transformation, Row and column reduction. Echelon form, Equivalence, Congruence and similarity, Reduction to canonical form. Orthogonal, symmetrical, skew-symmetrical, unitary, Hermitian and skew-Hermitian matrices their eigen values, orthogonal and unitary reduction of quadratic and Hermitian form. Positive definite quadratic form. Simultaneous reduction. **Calculus:** Real numbers, limits, continuity, differentiability. Mean value theorems, Taylor's indeterminate forms, Maxima and minima. Curve Tracing Asymptotes. Functions of several variables, partial derivatives, maxima and minima, Jacobian Definite and indefinite integrals. Double and triple integrals (techniques only), application to Beta and Gamma Functions, Areas, Volumes, Centre of gravity. **Analytical Geometry of two and three dimensions:** First and second degree equations in two dimensions in cartesian and polar coordinates. Plane, sphere, paraboloid, Ellipsoid, hyperboloid of one and two sheets and their elementary properties. Curves in space. Curvature and torsion. Frenet's formulae. **Differential Equations:** Order and Degree of a differential equation, differential equation of first order and first degree, variables separable. Homogeneous, linear, and exact differential equations, differential equation with constant coefficients. The complementary function and the particular integral of e^{mx} , $\cos ax$, $\sin ax$, x^m , e^{mx} , $\cos dx$, e^{mx} , $\sin bx$. **Vector Analysis:** Vector Algebra, Differentiation of vector function of a scalar variable Gradient, divergence and curl in cartesian, cylindrical and spherical coordinates and their physical interpretation, Higher order derivatives. vector identities and vector, equations, Gauss and Stokes Theorems. **Tensor Analysis:** Definition of Tensor, Transformation of coordinates, contravariant and covariant tensors. Addition and multiplication of tensors, contraction of tensors. Inner product, fundamental tensors, Christoffel symbols, contravariant differentiation, Gradient, curl and divergence in tensor notation. **Statics:** Equilibrium of a system of particles, work and potential energy. Friction. Common catenary. Principle of Virtual work..... Stability of equilibrium. Equilibrium of forces in three dimensions. **Dynamics:** Degree of freedom and constraints. Rectilinear motion Simple harmonic motion in a plane. Projectiles, Constrained motion, work and energy. Motion under impulsive forces, Kepler's laws. Orbits under central forces. Motion of varying mass. Motion under resisting medium. **Hydrostatics:** Pressure of heavy fluids. Equilibrium of fluids under given system of forces. Centre of pressure. Thrust on curved surfaces. Equilibrium of floating bodies, stability of equilibrium and pressure and gases, problems relating to atmosphere.

PAPER-II

Algebra: Groups, subgroups, normal subgroup, homomorphism of groups, quotient groups Basic isomorphism theorems, Sylow theorems. Permutation Groups. Cayley's Theorem. Rings and ideals. Principal ideal domains, unique

Continued....

ractorization domains and Euclidean domains, Field Extensions, Finite fields. **Real Analysis** : Metric spaces, their topology with special reference to 'R' sequence in metric space Cauchy sequence completeness. Completion, continuous functions. Uniform continuity. Properties of continuous function of Compact sets. Riemann Stieltjes Integral. Improper integral and their condition's of existence. Differentiation of function of several variables. Implicit function theorem, maxima and minima.

Absolute and conditional Convergence of series of real Complex terms, Rearrangement of series, Uniform-convergence, infinite products. Continuity, differentiability and integrability of series, Multiple integrals.

Complex Analysis : Analytic functions, Cauchy's theorem, Cauchy's integral formula, power series, Taylor's series, Singularities, Cauchy's Residue theorem and Contour integration. **Partial Differential Equations** : Formation of partial differential equation. Types of integrals of partial differential equations of first order, Charphs method, Partial differential equation with constant coefficients. **Mechanics** : Generalised constraints, constraints, holonomic and non-holonomic systems, D'Alemberts' Principle and Lagrange's equations, Moment of inertia. Motion of rigid bodies in two dimensions. **Hydrodynamics** : Equation of continuity, momentum and energy, inviscid flow theory. Two dimensional motion, streaming motion sources and Sinks. **Numerical Analysis** : Transcendental and polynomial Equations-Methods of tabulation, bisection, regula-false secants and Newton-Raphson and order of its convergence. Interpolation and Numerical differentiation formulae with error terms. **Numerical Integration of Ordinary differential Equations** : Euler's method, multistep predictors Corrector methods. Adam's and Milne's method convergence and stability, Runge Kutta Method. **Operational Research** : Mathematical Programming, Definition and some elementary properties of convex sets, simplex methods, rectangular games and their solutions.

6. GEOGRAPHY : PAPER -1- SECTION -A- PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY

1. Geomorphology : Origin and structure of the earth, Earth movements Plate tectonics and Mountain Building: Isostasy; Vulcanism; Weathering and Erosion; Cycle of Erosion, Evolution of landforms; fluvial, glacial, aeolian, marine and Karst Rejuvenation and Polycyclic Land form features. **2. Climatology** : Composition and structure of atmosphere, Insolation and Heat Budget; Atmospheric pressure and winds, Moisture and Precipitation; Air masses and Fronts; Cyclone; Origin; Movements and associated weather, Classification of world climates; Köppen and Thornthwaite. **3. Oceanography** : Configuration of Ocean floor, Salinity Ocean Currents, Tides; Ocean deposits and coral reefs. **4. Soil and Vegetation** : Soils -genesis; classification and world distribution, Soil Vegetation Symbiosis: Biotic Communities and Succession. **5. Ecosystem** : Concept of Ecosystem, structure and functioning of Ecosystem. Types of Ecosystem, Major Biomes, Man's impact on the ecosystem and global ecological issues.

SECTION -B- HUMAN GEOGRAPHY

1. Evolution of Geography Thought : Contributions of German, French, British, Soviet and Indian Geographers: Changing Paradigms of Man Environment Relationship impact of Positivism and Quantitative revolution; models and systems in geography, Recent trends in geographic thought with special reference to radical, behavioural phenomenological and ecological paradigms. **2. Human Geography** : Human habitat in major natural regions: Emergence of Man and Races of Mankind; Cultural evolution and stages; Major cultural realms. Growth and Distribution of population; International migration population. Demographic Transition and contemporary population problems. **3. Settlement Geography** : Concept of Settlement Geography; Rural settlement; Nature; Origin, Types and pattern, concept of Urban settlement. Patterns, Processes and consequences of Urbanisation; Central place theory; classification of towns; Hierarchy of urban centres. Morphology of Town; Rural Urban nexus; Urban and urban fringes. **4. Economic Geography** : Fundamental concepts. Concepts of Resources; Classification, Conservation and Management Nature and Types of Agriculture; Agricultural land use location theories; World agricultural regions; Major crops: Mineral and Power Resources Occurrence, Reserve, utilization and production patterns, World Energy crisis and search for alternatives. Industries-Theories of Industrial location, Major industrial regions; Major Industries- Iron & Steel, Paper, Textiles, Petro-Chemicals, Automobiles, Ship building; their location patterns. International Trade; Trade Blocks, Trade routes. Ports and global trade centres. World Economic Development Patterns. Concepts of and approaches to Sustainable Development. **5. Political Geography** : Concept of Nation and state; Frontiers, Boundaries and Buffer zones; Concepts of Heartland and Rimland Federalism, Contemporary world geopolitical issues.

PAPER - II - GEOGRAPHY OF INDIA

1. Physical Features : Geological systems and structure: Relief and drainage, soils and natural vegetation; soil degradation and deforestation. Origin and mechanism of Indian Monsoon; Climatic regionalisation; Physiographic regionalisation **2. Human Feature** : Distribution and growth of population; structural characteristics of population-temporal-regional variations. Regional rural settlements patterns and village morphology. Urban Settlement; Classification of Indian Cities- location, functional, hierarchicality regions Urban morphology, urbanisation and urban policy. **3. Agriculture** : Infrastructure; irrigation, power, fertilizer use, mechanization; Regional characteristics of agricultural land use, problem of wastelands and their reclamation, Cropping patterns and intensity; Agricultural Efficiency and Productivity, Impact of Green revolution; Agricultural regions with special reference to agroecological conditions. Land reforms and agrarian problems Crop Combinations and agricultural regionalisation. Modernisation of Agriculture and agricultural planning. **4. Mineral and Power Resources** : Locational patterns, Reserves and Production trends; Complementarity of minerals. Power resources; Coal petroleum, hydro power, Multipurpose river valley projects; Energy crisis and search for alternatives. **5. Industries** : Industrial Development, Major industries-non & steel. Textiles, paper Cements, Fertilizers Sugar, Petro-chemicals, industrial Complexes and Regions. **6. Transport and Trade** : Networks of railways and roads; Problems and prospects of Civil aviation and water transport; inter-regional commodity flows; International trade, policy and flow patterns. Major ports and trade centres. **7. Regional Development and Planning** : Problems of regional development and spatial planning strategies: Geographic and Planning regions; Planning for metropolitan, tribal, hilly, drought-prone regions and watershed management. Regional disparities in development and policies in five year Plans: Planning for Eco-Development. **8. Political Economy** : Historical Perspective on Unity and diversity. States reorganisation; Regional consciousness and national integration geographical basis on centre-state relations. International boundaries of India and related geo-political issues. India and the geopolitics of Indian ocean. India and the SAARC.

7. ECONOMICS : PAPER-1- ECONOMIC THEORY (SECTION-A)

1. Consumer Demand and Consumer Sovereignty : Law of Demand, Nature and types of elasticity of demand, indifference curve analysis and consumer's equilibrium. **2. Theory of Production** : Production Function, Laws of Returns, Equilibrium of a Producer, Nature of Cost and Revenue curves, Pricing of factors of production. **3. Price and output determination** : Under different market conditions. Cost plus pricing. **4. Equilibrium** : General and Partial, Stable and Unstable. **5. Concepts of Economic Welfare** : Old and New Welfare economics, Pareto Optimality and compensation principles, Consumer's surplus. Economics welfare and Competition. **6. National Income** : Concept, Components and methods of accounting. Classical and Keynesian Theories of Employment and Income, Pigou effect and Real balance effect; Intersection of Multiplier and Accelerator. Theory of Trade Cycles. (Monetary and Hicksian trade cycles). **7. Theory of Money** : Measurement of changes in price level, Theory of money supply. Money Multiplier, Quantity theory of Money, Theories of Demand for money. Interest determination, IS-LM curve analysis. Theory of Inflation, Measures of inflation control. **8. Monetary and Banking System**: Banks and their roles in the economy. Central Bank and the money market, Techniques of monetary Management.

SECTION -B

(i) Public Finance : Theories of Taxation and Public Expenditure, Incidence of taxation, evasion and shifting of Tax burden, Effects of Taxation, Fiscal Policy and economic development, economic classification of Budgetary Receipts and Expenditure, Types of budget deficits and their effects on the economy. **(ii) International Economics** : Theories of International Trade, Heckscher-Ohlin theory. Offer Terms of Trade, Trade and Development Balance of Payments, Disequilibrium in Balance of Payments and policies for correcting it. Fixed and fluctuating exchange rates, Free Trade vs. Protection, Foreign Debt and Debt management, International Monetary and Trade Institutions. **(iii) Growth and Development** : Measures of Economic developments. Theories of Economic Growth; Classical, Marxian and Harrod-Domar Model, Surplus Labour and capital formation, stages of growth. Problem of Human Capital formation.

PAPER - II - INDIAN ECONOMY

1. Basic Features of Indian Economy : Trends in National Income and per capita income. Changes in comparison of National Income. Population Growth and Economic Development, Characteristics of India's Population. Changes in occupational pattern. Development & Infrastructure for Agriculture and Industry. Source of Energy: Conventional and non-conventional. Energy Crisis, Environmental pollution and its control. **2. Indian Agriculture** : Importance of agriculture in Indian economy. Source of growth in agriculture. Institutional reforms in Indian agriculture with special reference to land reforms and credit supply. Agricultural cost and product pricing. **3. Industrial growth and Structure in India** : Public Sector. Private Corporate Sector Joint Sector. Small Scale and Cottage Industry in India; Industrial Policy resolutions; competition and industrial growth. Foreign Capital Technology and growth of Indian Industry; Industrial sickness in India. Labour policy reforms in India. **4. Budgetary Trends and Fiscal Policy in India** : Trends of major sources of public revenue and expenditure of Union Government, and U.P. Government. Non-Plan expenditure of Union Government internal and external debt of the Union Government, Fiscal and Revenue deficits in Union Budget, Major recommendations of the Tenth Finance Commission. **5. Money and Banking** : The Monetary institutions of India. Commercial Banks, Reserve Bank of India, Special Financial Institutions (Banking and nonbanking). Sources of Reserve money, money multipliers, objective and techniques of monetary policy in India and their limitations. **6. Foreign Trade and Balance of Payment** : Foreign Trade of India-volume, composition and direction, Trade Policy-import substitution, export promotion and self reliance. Import liberalization and its effect on trade balance, External borrowing and the burden of foreign debt. **Exchange rate of rupee**. Devaluation and its effect on balance of payments-convertibility of rupee. Integration of Indian economy with the world economy, Indian and the World Trade Organisation. **7. Economic Planning in India**. Role of economic planning in India. Objectives of Economic Planning, Problems of unemployment, Economic poverty and regional imbalances. A brief review of planning in India since 1951. Strategy of planning in India and recent changes therein. Financial resources for the Plans Objectives and achievements of the Eighth Five Year plan and the proposed strategy for the Ninth Plan.

8. SOCIOLOGY : PAPER-1 GENERAL SOCIOLOGY (SECTION-A)

1. Fundamentals of Sociology and Study of Social Phenomena : Emergence of Sociology, its nature and scope.

Methods of study; Problem of objectivity and issues of measurement in Social Science; Sampling : Research Design: Descriptive, Exploratory and Experimental : Techniques of data collection; Observation, Interview schedule and questionnaire. **2. Theoretical Perspective Functionalism** : Redcliffe Brown, Malinowski and Merton. **Conflict Theory Karl Marx, Raif Dahrendorf and Lewiscoser. Symbolic Interactionism** : C.H.Cooley, G.H.Mead and Herbert Blumer. Structuralism - Levi: Strauss, S.F. Nadel, Parson and Merton. **3. Pioneers in Sociology** : A. Comte-Positivism and Hierarchy of Sciences. H. Spencer- Organic analogy and the doctrine of **evolution**. K. Marx- Dialectical materialism and alienation. **E. Durkheim**-Division of labour. Sociology of religion. Max Weber-Social action and idea type. **4. Social Stratification And Differentiation** : Concept, Theories of Stratification: Marx Weber, Davis and Moore, Types-Caste and Class. Status and Role, Social Mobility-types: Occupational Mobility -Intra-Generational and inter Generational.

SECTION-B

5. Marriage, Family And Kinship : Type and forms of marriage, impact of social legislation. Family; Structure and functions; Changing patterns of family; Family decent and kinship: Marriage and sex roles in modern society. **6. Social Change and Development** : Concept, Theories and Factors of Social Change, Social moment and change. State intervention. Social policy and development, Strategies of rural transformation; Community development programme. I.R.D.P., TRYSEM and Jawahar Rojgar Yojana. **7. Economic and Political System** : Concept of property. Social dimensions of division of labour. Types of exchange. Industrialisation, Urbanisation and Social Development, Nature of Power. Personal, Community Elite. Class. Modes of political participation-Democratic and Authoritarian. **8. Religion, Science and Technology** : Concept, Role and religious belief in traditional and modern societies. Ethos of science, Social responsibility and control of science; Social consequences of science and technology. **9. Population and Society** : Population size, Trends, Composition, Migration Growth, population Problems in India, Population, education.

PAPER - II- Indian Social System (Section-A)

1. Bases of Indian Society : Traditional Indian Social Organisation : Dharma, Doctrine of Karma. Ashram Vyavastha Purushartha and Samskars; Socio-Cultural Dynamics impact of Buddhism, Islam and the west. Factors responsible for continuity and change. **2. Social Stratification** : Caste system: Origin, Structural Cultural views. Changing patterns of caste: Caste and class: Issues of equality and social justice: Class structure in India-Agrarian and industrial: Emergence of middle class. Classes among the tribes; Emergence of Dalits consciousness. **3. Marriage Family and Kinship** : Marriage among different ethnic groups. Its changing trends and future; Family-its structural and functional aspects Changing pattern, Impact of legislations and socio-economic changes of marriage and family, Regional variations in kinship system and its changing aspect. **4. Economic and Political System** : Jaimini System, Land tenure system. Social consequences of land reforms and liberalisation, Social Determinants of economic development, Green revolution, Functioning of democratic political system. Political parties and their composition, Structural change and orientation among political elites. Decentralisation of power and political participation, Political implications to development. **5. Education and Society** : Dimension of education in traditional and modern societies, Educational equality and change; Education and social mobility. Problems of education among the weaker sections of the society.

SECTION-B

6. Tribal, Rural and Urban Social Organisation : Distinctive features of tribal communities and their distribution; Tribe and caste, Process Acculturation. Assimilation and integration. Problems of tribal's social identity: Socio-cultural dimensions of village community; traditional power structure, Democratisation and leadership. Community development programme leadership. Community development programme and Panchayati Raj, New strategies for rural transformation, community and change of traditional development in urban areas (Kinship, caste, occupation etc.) Class structure and mobility in urban community; Ethnic diversity and community integration. Urban neighbourhood. Rural urban differences. Demographic and socio-cultural practices. **7. Religion and Society** : Size Growth and Regional distribution of different religious groups; inter religious interaction and its manifestation- Problems of conversion. Community tensions. Secularism, Minority status and religious fundamentalism. **8. Population Dynamics** : Socio-cultural aspects of sex, Age, Marital status. Fertility and mortality. The problem of population explosion, Socio-psychological, cultural and Economic. Population policy and family welfare programme; Determinants and consequences of population growth. **9. Women and Society** : Demographic profile of women Changes in their status; Special problems-dowry, atrocity, discrimination; welfare programmes for women & children. **10. Dimensions of Change and Development**: Social change and modernisation. Indices, Constraints and respectivity; Source of social change Endogenous and Exogenous, Processes of Social Change Sanskritisation, Westernisation and Modernisation, Agents of change. Mass media, Education and communication, problem of modernisation and planned change: Strategy and ideology of planning. Five year plans. Poverty alleviation programme ; Environment, Unemployment and programme for urban development; social reform movement with special reference to peasant movement. Backward classes movement. women and Dalit movement.

9. PHILOSOPHY : PAPER -1 History and Problems of Philosophy : (SECTION-A)

1. Plato : Theory of ideas. **2. Aristotle** : Form, matter and Causation. **3. Descartes** : Method, soul, God, Mind-Body dualism. **4. Spinoza**: Substance, Attributes and Modes, Pantheism. **5. Leibnitz** : Monads, God. **6. Locke**: Theory of knowledge, Rejection of Innate Ideas, Substance and Qualities. **7. Berkeley** : Refutation of Matter, idealism. **8. Hume** : Theory of knowledge, Scepticism, Self, Casualty. **9. Kant**: Apriori and aposteriori knowledge, analytic and synthetic judgement, possibility of synthetic apriori judgement, space, time categories, ideas of Reason, Criticism of the proofs for the existence of God. **10. Hegel** : Dialectical Method, Absolute idealism. **11. (a) Moore** : Defence of Common sense, Refutation of idealism. **11. (b) Russell** : Theory of Descriptions, Incomplete Symbols. **12. Logical** : Atomic Facts, Elementary Propositions, Picture Atomism (Wittgenstein) Theory of Meaning, Distinction of saying and showing. **13. Logical Positivism** : Verification Theory. Rejection of Metaphysics, positivism Linguistic Theory of Necessary propositions. **14. Phenomenology** : Husserl **15. Existentialism**: Kierkegaard, Sartre. **16. Quine** : Radical Translation. **17. Strawson**: Theory of Person.

SECTION -B

1. Charvak : Theory of knowledge, Materialism. **2. Jainism** : Theory of Reality. Syadvada and Saptabhanginaya, bondage and liberation. **3. Buddhism** : Pratityasamutpada, Ksanikavada, Naiyaratmyavada, Schools of Buddhism. **4. Sankhya** : Prakriti, Purusa, Theory of Causation, Liberation. **5. Nyaya -Vaisesika** : Pramanas, Self, Liberation, Nature of God and proofs for existence of God. Categories, Theory of causation, Atomism. **6. Mimamsa** : Theory of knowledge, Prama, Pramanas, svatahpramanyavada. **7. Vedants** : Sankara, Ramana and Madhva (Brahma, Isvara, Atma Jiva, Jagat, Maya, Avidya, Adhyasa, Moksha).

PAPER - II - Socio Political Philosophy and Philosophy of Religion.

SECTION -A

1. Political Ideals : Equality, Justice, Liberty **2. Sovereignty** **3. Individual and State** **4. Democracy**: Concept and forms **5. Socialism and Marxism** **6. Humanism** **7. Secularism** **8. Theories of Punishment** **9. Violence, non-violence, Sarvodaya** **10. Gender -Equality** **11. Scientific Temper and Progress** **12. Philosophy of Ecology**

SECTION -B

1. Religion ; Theology and philosophy of Religion **2. Religion and Morality** **3. Notions of God**: Personalistic, impersonalistic, Naturalistic. **4. Proofs for the existence of God**. **5. Immortality of Soul** **6. Liberation** **7. Religious knowledge**; Reasons, Revelation and Mysticism **8. Religion without God** **9. Problem of Evil** **10. Religious tolerance.**

10. GEOLOGY : PAPER-1

General Geology, Geology, Geomorphology, Structural Geology, Palaeontology and Stratigraphy.

(i) General Geology : Energy in relation to geodynamic activities. Origin and interior of the Earth. Dating of rock by various methods and age of the earth, Radio-activity and its application to geological problems, Volcanoes -causes and products, volcanic belts. Earthquakes -causes, effects, distribution and its relation to volcanic belts. Geosynclines and their classification, island arcs, deep sea trenches and mid-oceanic ridges, sea-floor spreading and plate tectonics, isostasy. Mountains-types and origin. Origin of continents and oceans. An outline of continental drift. **(ii) Geomorphology** : Basic concepts and significance, Geomorphic process and parameters, Geomorphic cycles and their interpretation, Relief features, topography and its relation to structures and lithology. Major landforms, Drainage system, geomorphic features of Indian subcontinent. **(iii) Structural Geology**: Stress and strain, ellipsoidal rock deformation, Mechanics of folding and faulting linear and planar structures and their genetic significance. Petrofabric analysis, its graphic representation and application to geological problems. Tectonic framework of India, **(iv) Palaeontology** : Micro and macro-fossils. Modes of preservation and utility of fossils. General idea about classification and nomenclature. Organic evolution and the hearing of palaeontological studies on it. Morphology, classification and geological history including evolutionary trends of brachiopods, bivalves, gastropods, ammonoids, trilobites, echinoids and corals. Principal groups of vertebrates and their main morphological characters. Vertebrate life through ages. Dinosaurs. Detailed study of evolution of horses, elephants and man Gondwana flora and its importance. Type of micro-fossils and their significance with special reference to petroleum exploration. **(v) Stratigraphy** : Principles of stratigraphy, stratigraphic classification, nomenclature standard, stratigraphical scale, Detailed study of various geological system of Indian sub continent during geological past. Paleogeographic reconstructions.

PAPER - II- Crystallography, Mineralogy, Petrology and Economic Geology

(i) Crystallography : Crystalline and non-Crystalline substances, space groups. Lattice symmetry, Classification of crystals into 32 classes of symmetry. Intentional system of crystallographic notation Use of stereographic projections to represent crystal symmetry. Twinning and twin laws, Crystal irregularities. Applications of X-rays for crystal studies. **(ii) Optical Mineralogy** : General principles of optics, isotropism and anisotropism, concepts of optical indicatrix, pleochroism, Birefringence and interference colours and extinction. Optical orientation in crystals. Dispersion optical accessories. **(iii) Mineralogy** : Elements of crystal chemistry, types of bondings, ionic radii, coordination number, isomorphism, polymorphism and pseudomorphism, structural classification of silicates. Detailed study of rock forming minerals, their physical chemical and optical properties and uses, if any. study of the alteration products of these minerals. **(iv) Petrology** : Magma its generation, natural and composition, simple phase diagrams binary and ternary systems and their significance, Bowen's Reaction principle, Magmatic differentiation and assimilation. Texture and structure and their petrogenetic significance. Classification of igneous rocks. Petrography and petrogenesis of important rock types of India, granites, alkaline rocks, charnockites anorthosite and Deccan basalts. Process of formation of sedimentary rock, Diagenesis and lithification. Textures and structures and their petrogenetic significance. Classification of sedimentary rocks, clastic and non-clastic. Heavy minerals and their significance, Elementary concept of depositional environments.

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sedimentry, facies and provenance. Petrography of common rock types. Metamorphic processes and types of meyamorphism. Metamorphic grades, zones and facies ACF, AKF and AFM diagrams. Textures, structures and nomenclature of metamorphic rock, Petrography and petrogenesis of important rock types. **(v) Economic Geology:** Ore, mineral and gangue, tenor of ores, Processes of formation of mineral deposits. Common forms and structures of ore deposits. Classification of ore deposits. Control of ore deposition. Metallogenic epochs. Study of important metaliferous and non metaliferous deposits, oil and natural gas fields, and coal fields of India, Mineral wealth of India. Mineral economics. National mineral policy. Conservation and utilisation of minerals. **(v) Applied Geology:** Essentials of prospecting and exploration techniques. Principal methods of mining. Sampling, ore dressing and mineral beneficiation. Geological considerations in Engineering works; Dams, Tunnels, Bridges and roads. Elements of soil and groundwater geology and geochemistry. Use of aerial photographs and satellite imageries in geological investigations.

11. PSYCHOLOGY: PAPER-1 BASIC PSYCHOLOGICAL PROCESSES

1. Psychology: Introduction: • Overview of the subject matter • Theoretical approaches S-R. Cognitive information processing and humanistic place of psychology in science. • Sources of knowledge. **2. Methods:** Empirical methods. • Methods of data collection observation, Interview, Questionnaires Tests and scales, case study. **3. Biological bases of behaviour:** • Outline of central, peripheral and autonomic nervous systems Localization of functions in the brain, hemispheric specificity nerve impulse and its conduction, receptor system, • Endocrine system, Its role in physical growth, emotional activities and personality make up. **4. Perceptual Processes:** The problem of perceptual threshold classical psychophysics and signal detection theory. Attentional processes, selective attention and sustained attention. Perception of form, colour and depth. Perceptual contancy; the stability-instability paradox • Perceptual sensitivity and defence; The central defeminants. **5. Learning Processes:** • Conditioning Classical and instrumental, observational learning • Verbal on, discrimination and generalization **6. Memory:** • Encoding; structural, phonological and semantic; dual encoding • Sensory memory, STM, LTM including episodic, semantic and procedural • Forgetting; interference and stimulus encoding variability • Constructive Memory **7. Problem Solving, Reasoning and Thinking:** • Process and determinants of problem solving • Inductive, and deductive reasoning hypothesis testing • Language and thought; Whorfian view-point and its critique. **8. Emotions:** • Nature and development • Theories of emotions; physiological, cognitive and opponent-process, • Indicators of emotions, recognition of emotions, **9. Motivation:** • Criteria of motivated Behaviour. Concepts of need, drive, arousal and incentive. • Measurement of motivation. • Extrinsic versus intrinsic motivation. • Learned motivation **10. Origin and development of behaviour:** • Genetic bases. • Environmental factors; child rearing, deprivation, cultural factors, sensory deprivation. • Motor and skill development. **11. Individual differences in psychological functions:** • General mental ability, natural and theoretical approaches- Spearman, • Thurstone Guilford, Jensen and Piaget • Creativity and creative thinking. Heritability of intelligence.

PAPER-II

Psychology In the Applied Setting

1. Psychology as an applied Science: • Applied versus basic science; fields of psychology, social community, industry school, health and environment. **2. Individual Differences and Measurement:** Nature and sources of individual differences, Psychological scaling, test construction and standardization, Reliability and validity, Norms Cross- Validation, cultural factors in testing. **3. Assessment of personality:** • Issues in personality assessment, self-report measures projective techniques, response styles; familiarity with important personality measures like TAT, Rochash and MMPI. **4. Psychological Disorders and Mental Health:** Classification of Psychological disorders (DSM-IV); symptoms and etiology of psychoneurotic, psychotic and psychosomatic disorders; coping stress and mental health. **5. Attitude and Social Cognition:** Nature of Attitude; theories of Attitude; attraction and helping. Nature of Social cognition; Social and cultural factors in perception prejudice stereotypes and group conflicts. **6 Social Influence:** Influence, control and power, Basis of influence; Social facilitation, Leadership in group; Group factors in performance. **7. Psychology In Industry and Organisation:** Personnel selection job attitudes and job behavior, Motivational patterns in organisations Organisational models, Organisational communication, organisational effectiveness. **8. Psychology In School setting:** Schools as a social system, School as an agent to socialization; learning; motivational and emotional problems of school children, factors influencing academic achievement; interventions for improving school performance. **9. Psychology In the Clinical setting:** Nature and goals of Psychotherapy, Psychoanalytic client-centered, group and behaviour therapies, community mental health, Ethical issues in therapy. **10. Environmental Psychology:** Role of environment in behaviour, personal space effect of noise pollution, effect of Human behaviour on environment and crowd.

12. BOTANY: PAPER-I

Microbiology, Pathology, Plant, Diversity, Morphogenesis Microbiology: Microbial diversity elementary idea of microbiology of air, water and soil, a general account of microbial infection and immunity, application of microbiology with reference to agriculture, industry medicine and environment. **Plant Pathology:** Important plant diseases caused by viruses, bacteria, algae, fungi and nematodes with special reference to root blot of crucifers, tobacco, mosaic leaf curl of papaya, citrus, canker, leaf blight of paddy, rust of tea, rust of wheat, smut of barley, late blight of potato red rot of sugarcane and wilt of arhar. **Plant Diversity:** Classification, structure, reproduction, life cycles and economic importance of viruses, bacteria, algae, fungi, bryophytes, pteridophytes and gymnosperms including fossils, morphology of root, stem, leaf flower and seed secondary growth; embryology, microsporogenesis and male gametophyte, megasporogenesis and female gametophyte, fertilization, embryo and endosperm, development principles of taxonomy, modern systems of classification of angiosperms, rules of botanical nomenclature, biosystematics distinguishing features of families-Renunculaceae, Magnoliaceae, Brassicaceae, Malvaceae, Fabaceae, Rosaceae, Apisaceae, Cucubiaceae, Solanaceae, Asclepiadaceae, Verbenaceae, Lamiaceae, Asteraceae, Apocynaceae, Euphorbiaceae, Arecaceae, Poaceae and Orchidaceae. **Morphogenesis:** Correlation, Polarity, Symmetry, totipotency, differentiation and regeneration of tissues and organs; morphogenetic factors, methods and applications of cell tissue, organ and protoplast cultures, somaclonal variations, somatic hybrid and cybrids.

BOTANY: PAPER-II

Cell Biology, Genetics, Physiology and Biochemistry

Ecology and Economic Botany Cell Biology: Cell as structural and functional unit of life, Ultra structure of eucaryotic and procaryotic cells, structure and functions of plasma membrane, endoplasmic reticulum chloroplasts, mitochondria, ribosomes, golgi bodies, and nucleus: Cell cycle, mitosis and meiosis, Chromosomal morphology and chemistry, numerical and structural changes in chromosomes and their cytological and genetical effects. **Genetics:** Mendel's law of inheritance, interaction of genes, linkage and crossing over genetic recombination in fungi, cyanobacteria, bacteria and viruses, gene mapping, sex linkage, determination of sex, cytoplasmic inheritance of plastids; development of genetics and gene concept, genetic code; molecular genetics-DNA as genetic material. Structure and replication of DNA, role of nucleic acids in protein synthesis (transcription and translation) and regulation of gene expression, mutation and evolution, DNA damage and repair, gene amplification, gene rearrangement, oncogene, genetic engineering-restriction enzyme, cloning vectors (pBR 322, PTI lambda phage), gene transfer, recombinant DNA, genomic libraries, application of genetic engineering in human welfare, **Physiology and Biochemistry:** Water relations of plants absorption, conduction of water and transpiration; mineral nutrition and ion transport, translocation of photosynthates, essential micro- and macroelements and their function chemistry and classification of carbohydrates; photosynthesis-mechanism and importance, factors affecting photosynthesis, C3 and C4 carbon fixation cycle, photorespiration; plant respiration and fermentation, Krebs cycle; enzymes and coenzymes, mechanism of enzyme action: secondary metabolites (alkaloids, steroids, terpenes, lipids), nitrogen fixation and nitrogen metabolism, structure of protein and its synthesis: Plant growth-growth movements and senescence, growth hormones and growth regulators their structure, role and importance in agriculture and horticulture; physiology of flowering, sexual incompibility, seed germination and dormancy. **Ecology:** Scope of ecology, ecological factors, plant communities and plant succession; concept of biosphere; ecosystem-structure and functions, abiotic and biotic components, flow of energy in the ecosystem, applied aspects of ecology natural resources and their conservation, endangered, threatened and endemic taxa; pollution and its control. **Economic Botany:** Origin of cultivated plants study of plants as sources of food, fibre timber, drugs, rubber, beverage, spices, resin and gums. dyes, essential oils, pesticides and biofertilizers, ornamental plants energy plantation and petrocrops.

13. LAW: PAPER-1

1. Constitutional Law of India: 1. Nature of Indian Constitution, Salient features, 2. Nature of Fundamental Rights with special reference to Right to equality, Right to Freedom of Speech and Expression. Right to Life and Personal liberty and Religious, Cultural and Educational Rights. 3. Directive Principles of State Policy and Fundamental Duties 4. Constitutional Position of the President and relationship with the Council of Ministers. 5. Constitutional position of Governors and their power. 6. Supreme Court and High Courts, their powers and jurisdiction. 7 Principles of Natural Justice. 8. Distribution of Legislative powers between the Union and States, Administrative and Financial relations between the Union and States. 9. Delegated legislation; its constitutionality and judicial and legislative controls. 10. Freedom of Trade and commerce in India. 11. Emergency Provisions. 12. Constitutional safeguards to Civil Servants. 13. Parliamentary privileges and amenities. 14. Amendment of the Constitution. **II. International Law:** 1. Nature of International Law. 2. Source: Treaty, Custom, General principles of law recognised by civilized nations, subsidiary means for the determination of law. 3. Relationship between international Law and Municipal law. 4. State Recognition and State Succession. 5. Territory of States: modes of acquisition and loss of territory. 6. Sea: Inland waters; Territorial Sea; Contiguous Zone; Continental Shelf; Exclusive Economic Zone and Ocean beyond national jurisdiction. 7. Air space and aerial navigation. 8. Outer space; Exploration and use of outer space. 9. Individuals: Nationality, Statelessness, Human Rights and its enforcement. 10. Jurisdiction of States: basis of jurisdiction and immunity from jurisdiction. 11. Extradition and Asylum. 12. Diplomatic and Consular Agents. 13. Treaties: Formation, application and termination. 14. State Responsibility. 15. United Nations: Purposes and principles; principal organs and their powers and functions. 16. Peaceful means for settlement of international disputes. 17. Lawful recourse to force: aggression, self-defence and interventions. 18. Legality of the use of nuclear weapons.

PAPER-II

1-A-LAW OF CRIMES: (a) Concept of Crimes, Elements, Preparations, and attempt to commit crime. (b) (1) Indian Penal Code, 1860 i. GENERAL exceptions ii. Joint and Constructive liability iii. Abetment iv. Criminal conspiracy. V. Offences against the state vi. Offences against Public Tranquility. vii. Offences against Human Body viii. Offences against Property ix Offences Relating to Marriage x. Defamation.

2. Protection of Civil Rights Act, 1965 3. Dowry Prohibition Act, 1961 4. Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1964. **B. LAW OF TORTS:** i. Nature of tortious liability ii. Liability based upon fault and strict liability. iii. Statutory liability. iv. Vicarious liability v. Joint tortfeasors vi. Negligence vii. Occupier's liability and liability in respect of structures. viii. Detention and conversion. ix. Defamation. x. Nuisance. xi. False imprisonment and malicious prosecution. **2. Law of Contracts and Mercantile Law:** i. Formation of contract ii. Factors vitiating consent. iii. Void, Voidable, illegal and unenforceable contracts. iv. Performance of contracts. v. Dissolution of contractual obligations, frustration of contracts. vi. Quasi contracts. vii. Remedies for breach of contract. viii. Sales of goods Act, 1930. ix. Indian Partnership Act, 1932. x. Negotiable Instruments Act.

14. ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND VETERINARY SCIENCE: PAPER-1
SECTION-A

A. Animal Nutrition: 1. **Energy nutrition,** Energy sources, energy metabolism, Requirements of energy for maintenance and production of milk, meat eggs and work energy evaluation of foods. 2. **Protein nutrition:** Sources of protein digestion and metabolism of protein evaluation, Requirement of protein maintenance and production, Energy protein ratio in a ration. 3. **Mineral nutrition:** Sources, function, deficiency symptoms, requirements for animals and their relationship with vitamins. 4. **Vitamins, hormones and Feed additives:** Sources, function, deficiency, symptoms, requirements and interrelationship with minerals. 5. **Applied nutrition:** Evaluation of feeding experiments, digestibility and balance studies. Feeding standards and measures of feed energy. Nutrient requirement for growth maintenance and production, Balanced ration. 6. **Ruminant nutrition:** Nutrient and their metabolism with reference to milk production and its composition, Nutrient requirements and feed formulation for calves, heifers, dry and milking cows and buffaloes. 7. **Non-ruminant nutrition:** Nutrient and their metabolism. with special reference to meat and egg production. Nutrient requirements and feed formulation for layer broiler and pig. **B. Animal Physiology:** 1. **Growth and animal production:** Parental and Post natal growth, maturation, growth curves, measures of growth, factors affecting growth, body composition and meat quality. 2. **Milk Production:** Hormonal control of mammary development, Milk secretion and milk ejection, composition of milk of cows and buffaloes. 3. **Animal Reproduction:** Male and female reproductive organs, their components and functions. 4. **Digestive physiology:** Organs of digestion and their function, Digestion of carbohydrates, protein and fat in ruminants and non-ruminants. 5. **Environment Physiology:** Physiology relations and their regulation mechanism of adaptation, environmental factors and regulatory mechanism involved in animal behaviour, Method of controlling climatic stress. 6. **Semen quality, preservation and artificial inseminations:** Components of semen, composition of spermatozoa, physical and chemical properties of ejaculated semen, semen preservation, composition, of diluents, sperm, concentration, transport of diluted semen, deep freezing techniques.

SECTION-B

C. LIVESTOCK PRODUCTION AND MANAGEMENT: 1. **Commercial Dairy Farming:** Comparison of dairy farming in India with advanced countries, Dairying under mixed farming and as specialised farming economic dairy farming, starting of dairy farm capital and land requirement, organisation of dairy farms, procurement of goods, opportunities in dairy farming, factors determining the efficiency of dairy animals, herd recording, budgeting, cost of milk production, Pricing policy personnel management. 2. **General Management:** Management of livestock (pregnant and milking cows, newly born calves), livestock records principles of clean milk production, economics of livestock farming, housing for livestock and poultry, General problems of sheep, goat, pigs and poultry management. 3. **Feeding Management:** Developing practical and economic ration for dairy cattle supply of green fodder throughout the year, Land and fodder requirement of dairy farms, Feeding regimes for dry, young stock, bulks, heifers and breeding animals. 4. **Management of animals under drought condition:** Feeding and management of animals under drought flood and other natural climatic. **D. Milk and Milk products Technology:** 1. **Milk Technology:** Organization of rural milk, procurement, collection and transport of raw milk. Quality, testing, and grading of raw milk, Quality storage grade of whole milk skimmed milk and cream. Processing, Packing, storing, distributing, marketing, defects and their control and nutritive properties of the following milk. Pasteurized, standardized, toned double toned sterilized, homogenized, reconstituted, recombined and flavoured milk, Culture and their management, Yoghurt, Dahi, Lassi, sterilized, homogenized, reconstituted recombined and flavoured milk, Culture and their management, Yoghurt, Dahi, Lassi, Srikhand, legal standards, sanitation, Requirement for clean and safe milk and for the milk-plant equipments. 2. **Milk product Technology:** Selection of raw materials, assembling, production processing, storing, distributing and marketing milk products such as butter, ghee, khoa, chenna, cheese, condensed, evaporated, dry milk, baby food, ice cream and kulfi, Testing grading, judging of milk products. BIS and Agark specification, legal standards, quality control and nutritive properties, Packing, processing and operational control cost. 3. **Milk by-products Technology:** Whey products, butter milk, lactose and casein.

PAPER-II SECTION-A

A. General and Animal Breeding: 1. **Animal Genetics:** Mitosis and meiosis, Mendelian inheritance, deviation to Mendelian genetics, Expression of genes. Linkage and crossing over, sex determination, sex influenced and sex limited characters. Blood group and polymorphism, chromosomal aberrations, Gene and its structure, DNA as genetic material, genetic code and protein synthesis, recombinant DNA technology, Mutations, types of mutations, methods for detecting mutations and mutation role. 2. **Population Genetics applied to Animal Breeding:** Quantitative vs. Qualitative traits. Hardy Weinberg law, populations vs. Individual gene and genotype frequency. Forces changing gene frequency. Random drift and small population. Inbreeding method of estimating inbreeding coefficient, system of inbreeding. Effective population size, Breeding value estimation of breeding value, dominance and epistatic deviation, partitioning of variation, genotype environment correlation and genotype environment interaction. 3. **Breeding System:** Heritability, repeatability and genetic and phenotypic correlations. their method of estimation and precision of estimates Aids to selection and their relative merits, individual pedigree, family within family selection, progeny testing, methods of selections, basis of selection. Response to selection and its measure, selection differential sir index selection index, recurrent and reciprocal recurrent selection, establishment of new breed, inbreeding, outbreeding, upgrading, hybridization, cross breeding, outcrossing. **B. HEALTH AND HYGIENE:** 1. Anatomy of ox and fowl, Histological techniques, freezing paraffin embedding etc. Preparation and staining of blood film. 2. Common histological stain and embryology of cow. 3. Physiology of blood and its; circulation, digestion, respiration, excretion: endocrine gland in health and diseases. 4. General knowledge of pharmacology and therapeutics of drugs. 5. Veterinary hygiene with respect of water, air and habitat. 6. Milk hygiene.

SECTION-B

c. ANIMAL DISEASES: 1. **Immunity and Vaccination:** Principles and methods of immunisation of animals against specific diseases, herd immunity, disease free zone, zero disease concept, chemoprophylaxis. 2. **Diseases of cattle, buffalo, sheep and goats:** Etiology, symptoms, diagnosis, prevention and control and disease, treatment of the following: Anthrax, haemorrhagic, septicaemia, Black quarter, mastitis, tuberculosis, Johnes disease, food and mouth disease, Rinder pest, rabies, Piroplasmiasis, Trypanosomiasis, Faciolosis, Milk fever and Tympanitis. Diseases of new born calf. 3. **Diseases of poultry:** Etiology symptoms, diagnosis, prevention, control and treatments of Ranikhet disease, Fowlpox, Avian Leucosis complex, Marek's disease and gumbo disease. 4. **Disease of Swine:** Swine fever, Hog cholera. 5. **Disease of Dog:** Canine distemper, Parvo disease, Rabies in pets in relation to human health. **D. VETERINARY PUBLIC HEALTH:** 1. **Zoonoses:** Classification definition, role of animals and birds in prevalence and transmission of Zoonotic disease. 2. **Veterinary Jurisprudence:** Rule and regulations for improvement of animals quality and prevention of animal diseases, Materials and methods for collection of samples for veterolegal investigation. 3. Duties and role of veterinarian in slaughter houses to provide meat that is produced under ideal hygienic conditions. 4. By-products from slaughter houses and their economic utilization. 5. **Method of collection,** preservation and processing of hormonal glands for medicinal use. **E. EXTENSION:** Basic philosophy, objectives, concept and principles of extension, different methods, adopted to educate farmers, under rural conditions, Generation of technology, its transfer and feedback, Problems and constraints in transfer of technology, Animal husbandry programmes for rural development.

15. STATISTICS: PAPER 1-Probability Theory and Statistical Application

GROUP-A-PROBABILITY THEORY: Sample Space and Events, Classical and Axiomatic Definitions of Probability. Properties of Probability Measure, Conditional Probability, Independence of Events, Bayes Theorem and its Applications. Random Variable and its Distribution Function, Elementary Properties of Distribution Function, Discrete and Continuous Random Variables, Bivariate Distribution and Associated Marginal and Conditional Distributions- Expectation, Moments, Moment Generating and Characteristic Functions, Markov and Chebyshev Inequalities, Convergence in probability, Weak Law of Large Numbers and Central Limit Theorem for independently and identically Distributed Random Variables. Some standard Discrete and Continuous Distributions, viz., Binomial, Poisson, Hypergeometric, Geometric Negative Binomial, Multinomial, Uniform, Normal, Exponential, Gamma, Beta and Cauchy. Bivariate Normal Distribution. **GROUP-B-STATISTICAL APPLICATIONS:** Linear Regression and Correlation, Product Moment correlation, Rank Correlation, Intra-class Correlation and Correlation Ratio, Multiple and Partial Correlational and Regression for Three Variables. Principles of Experimental Design, One-Way and Two-Way Analysis of Variance with Equal number of Observations per Cell, Completely Randomized Design, Randomized Block Design, Latin Square Design, 2² and 2³ Factorial Experiments, Missing Plot Technique. Sources of Demographic Data, Stable and Stationary Populations, Measures of Fertility and Mortality, Life Tables, Simple Populations, Measures of Fertility and Mortality, Life Tables, Simple Population Growth Models and Population Projection Techniques. Index Numbers, and their Uses, Index Numbers due to Laspeyre, Paasche, Marshall-Edgeworth and Fisher, Tests for Index Numbers, Construction for Price Index Number and Cost of living Index Number. Time Series and its Components, Determination of Trend and Seasonal Indices, Periodogram and Correlogram Analysis, Variate Difference Method.

PAPER-II-STATISTICAL INFERENCE AND MANAGEMENT

GROUP-A-STATISTICAL INFERENCE: Properties of Estimators, Consistency, Unbiasedness, Efficiency, Sufficiency and Completeness, Cramer-Rao Bound, Minimum Variance Unbiased Estimation, Rao-Blackwell Theorem. Estimation Procedures, Method of Moments and Method of Maximum Likelihood, Properties of Estimators, Interval Estimation. Simple and Composite Hypotheses, Two Kinds of Errors, Critical Region, Level of Significance, Size and Power Function, Unbiased Tests, Most Powerful and Uniformly Most Powerful Tests, Neyman-Pearson Lemma and its Applications, Likelihood Ratio Tests. Tests based on t, x², z and F-distributions, Large Sample Tests, Variance Stabilizing Transformations. Distributions of Order Statistics and Range, Non-parametric Tests, viz., Sign Test, Median Test, Run Test, Wilcoxon-Mann-Whitney Test.

GROUP- B - STATISTICAL MANAGEMENT : Nature of Operations Research Problems, Linear Programming Problem and the Graphical Solution in simple Cases, Simplex Method, Dual of Linear Programming Problem, Allocation and Transportation Problems. Zero sum two-person game, Pure and Mixed Strategies, Value of a Game, Fundamental Theorem, Solution of 2x2 Games. Nature and Scope of Sample Survey, Sampling vs. Complete Enumeration, Simple Random Sampling from Finite Populations with and Without Replacement, Stratified Sampling and Allocation Principles, Cluster Sampling with Equal Cluster Size. Ratio, Product and Regression Methods of Estimation and Double Sampling, Two Stage Sampling with Equal First Stage Units, Systematic Sampling. Statistical- Quality Control, Control Charts for Variables and Attributes (R), (-s) p.n. and C Charts. Acceptance-Sampling, OC, ASN and ATI Curves, Producers risk and Consumer's risk, Concept of AQL, AOQL and LTPD, Single and Double Sampling Plans. Scaling Procedures, Scaling of Test Items, Test Scores, Qualitative Judgements, Theory of Tests, Parallel Tests, True Score, Reliability and Validity of Tests.

16. DEFENCE STUDIES: PAPER- I Evolution of Strategic thoughts (Section-A)

1. Concept and theories of Conflict (a) Origin, perceptions, processes, escalation, goal achievement, etc, of conflicts in human social relation and its relevance to international conflict. **(b) Conflict as War :** State behaviour, causes, correlates, domestic sources, global structural sources, commencement and termination, negotiation, ecology of warfare etc. **(c) Concepts of war and its relation with politics :** Classical thought and trends from Machiavelli to Nuclear Age. **(2) (a)** Kautilya's philosophy of war and his strategic contribution. **(b)** Sun Tzu's thoughts on war. **(c)** Thoughts of Jomini and Clausewitz on Strategy, Tactics, Logistics, Principles of War and Nature of War **3.** War and industrial society with reference to the views of Marx Engels. **4.** Concepts and Theories of Revolutionary War and Guerrilla Warfare with reference to the views of Lenin, Mao Tse Tung, Che Guevara, Regis Denbray and Giap. **5. Economic Bases of military power :** **(a)** Economics of war. **(b)** Linkages between commercial, financial, industrial, economic and political; military strengths and weaknesses of a nation-state. **(c)** Arms race and theory of donor- recipient behaviour. **(d)** Post-war economy and reconstruction. **6. Theories of Land, Sea and Air warfare :** **(a)** Theories of land warfare with reference to mobile defence, use of tank and machine, warfare and propounded by Liddell Hart and J.F.C Fuller. **(b)** Views of A.T. Mahan on the elements of sea power and naval strategy. **(c)** Continental doctrine of sea power. **(d)** Heartland theories of Halford Mackinder. **(e)** Heartland theories based on National Power. **(f)** Theories of Air power as propounded by G. Douhet, Mitchell and Alexander de Seversky.

SECTION-B

7. German Concept of total war with reference to the views of Ludendorff ; German strategy in the Machine Age. **8.** Military strategy of Allied Powers during the World War II **9.** Soviet military strategy with reference to the views of Lenin Trotsky, Stalin and V.D Sokolovsky. **10. Concept and theories of deterrence: (a)** Concepts and theories of conventional deterrence. **(b)** Concept and theories of nuclear deterrence with reference to the views of Liddell Hart, Andre Beaufre, Y. Harkavi and Henry Kissinger. **11.** Concepts of Disarmament **12.** Concept and theories of Arms Control and Disarmament. **13.** Concept and the theories of 'Peace –keeping' and Peace building. **14.** Theories of Conflict Resolution, Methods of Conflict Resolution, Gandhian techniques of Conflict Resolution.

PAPER – II (SECTION-A)

1. Conceptual framework of National Security in the contemporary strategic thinking. **2.** Evolution of National Security thinking and problematics. **3.** Theories of National Power. **(a)** Definitive framework of National Power. **(b)** The impression of Power as a concept. **(c)** Power profile of nation states. **(d)** Non-Power influence. **(e)** Elements of National Power **(i) Tangible elements :** Geography, Population, Extent of Territory. Natural Resources, Industrial Capacity, Financial Capability, Scientific and Technological Capability, Military Capability. **(ii) Intangible elements :** Leadership. Bureaucratic and Organizational Efficiency. Type of Government, Social and Ethnic cohesiveness, National Character and Reputation, National Morale, Public Support. **4.** Concept and models of International Security. **(i)** Conceptual framework of International Security during the Cold War and Post Cold War Periods. **(ii)** Balance of Power **(iii)** Collective Security **(iv)** Collective Defence **(v)** Non-Alignment. **(5).** Concept and theories of conventional and nuclear deterrence. **6. (i)** Arms proliferation as constraint to National. Regional and International Security. **(ii)** Prospects for Arms control. **7. International Terrorism :** Concept and dimensions. **8. Insurgency and Counter- Insurgency:** Concepts and dimensions. **9. Co-relation between Foreign,** Defence and Domestic policies. **10.** Historical Legacy, Geo-political and Geo Strategic consideration of India's Security.

SECTION-B

11. NATIONAL SECURITY PROBLEMATIC AND INDIA QUEST FOR SECURITY : **(a)** India is the world strategic arena; Contemporary trends. **(b)** India's quest for security Vis-avis Pakistan (till-date); Pakistan's conventional nuclear and missile programmes and their impact on India defence, India's options. **(c)** India-China boundary dispute; Positions and Polemics : efforts for the settlement of boundary dispute; framework of Cooperative Security between India and China. **(d)** India's mutuality of strategic and other interests with Bangladesh, Nepal, Bhutan, Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Maldives and Afghanistan. **(e)** Role of extra- regional power in the Post-Cold War South Asian strategic milieu and India's security considerations. **(f)** Need of Confidence and Security Building Measures' for India and its South Asian neighbours. **12. SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY AND INDIA'S SECURITY :** **(a)** India's scientific and technological base for National Defence. **(b)** Need for India's integrated science policy. **(c)** India's defence industrialization and achievements. **(d)** India's Research and Development (R&D) **13. INDIA'S NUCLEAR POLICY AND OPTIONS: (a)** India's need for Nuclear power. **(b)** India's Nuclear breakthroughs. **(c)** India's nuclear options in a nuclearised world. **(14) INDIAN OCEAN AND INDIA'S SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS: (a)** Strategic milieu in and around the Indian Ocean region **(b)** India's security problems in relation to the Indian Ocean region **(c)** India's maritime security and its needs for naval power projections; **15. India's over-all security perspectives and defence preparedness. 16. INTERNATIONAL SECURITY OF INDIA :** **(a)** Harmful internal; threats and challenges- diminution of social and ethnic cohesiveness. communalism, linguistic differences; regionalism: rise of ethno nationalism. poor governability and political instability, corruption in the various walks of National life overpopulations and ethnic migration across the borders rising but frustrated expectations of people at the root of insecurity; ecological imbalances and economic problems. **(b)** Low Intensity Conflicts (LIC) in India with special reference to Jammu & Kashmir and North- East region. **(c)** Identification of the problems of Internal Security and conditions for the use of military; pros and cons. **(d)** imperatives of comprehensive National Security- Strategy.

17. Management

The candidates are expected to be acquainted with various aspects of Management. They should be able to apply theory to practice in the context of world business, in general, and business function in India, in particular. For this, they are expected to be well conversant with the environment, in with business functions in India. They should also be able to display knowledge and application of managerial tools of analysis and decision-making in various functional areas.

Paper – I

1. Management Concepts and Evolution : Concept and significance of Management: Management as science of art as a profession and distinction between management and administration. Roles and responsibilities of management; Principles of management Evolution of management-classical school, new-classical school, modern management school: contribution of management experts. **2. Planning and Decision Makings:** Planning-nature, type, significance and limitations; objectives of Organization, MBO; Plans objectives; policies: procedures: planning premises and forecasting. Techniques of forecasting. Decision-making- types, process; Rational decision making-its limitations. **3. Organisation and Organizational Behaviour :** Organisation-concept. Factors affecting, Departmentation and assignment of activities, Span of management: Authority and responsibility. Authority-meaning, types. sources. Acceptance of authority; Delegation of authority meaning principles and obstacles to delegation; Centralisation and decentralisation of authority; Organisational behaviour-concept and significance; individual and group behaviour. Organisational Change. **4. Directing :** Directing meaning principles and techniques: Motivation-Theories: Contribution of Maslow, Herzberg, McGregor, McLeland, and other leading authorities: Leadership meaning functions and types: qualities of successful leader, Various theories of leadership; Communication-meaning, functions and types: qualities of a successful leader, Various theories of leadership; autoties; Leadership-meaning. Functions and types; qualities of a successful leader. Various theories of leadership; Communication-meaning, types and techniques: barriers to communication: Measures for effective communication. **5. Controlling and Co-ordinating :** Controlling-meaning process; pre-requisites for effective controlling, Methods of controlling. budgetary and non budgetary, Co-ordination, Principles, Techniques and barriers to Co-ordination. **6. Business Environments :** Concept and significance of Business environment, Interplay between business unit and environment, social responsibilities of business, Business ethics; Industrial Policy: Monetary Policy, Fiscal Policy: Foreign capital and foreign collaborator; Multinationals in India: Causes of concentration of economic power, control of monopoly.

PAPER-II: SECTION- 1 - MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Concept and functions of marketing, Marketing mix; Market segmentation and product differentiation; Product modification and product life-cycle. Consumer motivation and behaviour: Demand forecasting. Sales promotion: Advertising: Salesmanship and management of sales force. Role and techniques of marketing research. Marketing audit and control. Decision ideas in International Marketing. Rural Marketing in India.

SECTION-II- PRODUCTION MANAGEMENT

Meaning and nature of production Management. Type of Production systems. Production planning and control, Ranking, loading and scheduling for different types of production system. Plant location and site selection. Plant layout and material handling. Production design. Value analysis Quality control, Inventory Control ABC Analysis, Determination of EOQ, Reader point and safety stock Waste Management.

SECTION-III- FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Meaning and scope, Estimating the firm's financial requirements; Capital Structure determination; Cost of Capital; the Size of Working Capital; Managerial dimensions of Working Capital, Management of Long-Term Funds; Capital market, institutional mechanism for funds. Leasing and sub-contracting. Investment decisions, Criteria for investment appraisal; Risk Analysis in Investment decision. Financial Management in Public Enterprises with reference to India.

SECTION-IV- HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Nature scope and significance of Human Resources Recruitment and Training Development; Promotion and Transfer; Performance appraisal; Job evaluation and Merit rating. Wage and salary administration. Employee moral and Motivation.

Industrial Democracy and workers participation in Management, Collective Bargaining. Discipline and Grievance handling. Conciliation and adjudication. Trade Unionism in India.

18. POLITICAL SCIENCE AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS : PAPER-1 SECTION-A

1. Political Theory : (1) Nature and scope of political Science. Different approaches to the study of Political Science. Traditional and contemporary - Behavioural, systems and Marxist. **(2)** Nature of Modern State, Theories of Sovereignty, Power, Authority and Legitimacy. **(3)** Theories of Rights, Liberty, Equality and Justice. **(4)** Theories of Democracy. **(5)** Liberalism, Socialism and Marxism. **(6)** Political Philosophy: Kautilya and Manu; Plato and Aristotle; St. Thomas Aquinas and Marsiglio of Padua; Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau; Montesquieu, Bentham and J.S. Mill, Hegel, T.H. Green, Herold, J. Iaski; Marx, Lenin and Mao Tse Tung.

SECTION-B

1. Government and Politics with Special Reference of India : (1) Forms of Government : Unitary and Federal, Parliamentary and Presidential. **(2) Political Institutions :** Legislature Executive and Judiciary, Political Parties and Pressure Groups; Electoral System; Bureaucracy's Role in Modern Government. **(3) Political Process:** Political Culture and Political Socialization, Modernization and political development. **4. INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEM (a) Rise of Indian Nationalism :** Social and Political Ideas of Gokhale, Tilak, Mahatma Gandhi, Jawahar Lal Nehru, Jinnah and B.R. Ambedkar **(b) Indian Constitution :** Basic features, Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles: The Union Government; President, Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, Parliament and Supreme Court; State Government, Powers and position of the Governor, Centre- State Relations, Local Government with special reference of Panchayati Raj. **(c)** Indian Politics Process : Caste in Politics, Regionalism, Linguism and Communalism, Political Parties and Pressure Groups, Violence in Indian politics, National integration.

PAPER- II (SECTION-A)

1. International Relations and International Politics ; Definition, Nature and Scope. **2. Theories of International Politics :** The Realist, Systems, and Decision making theories. **3.** Factors determining foreign policy; National Interest, ideology, Elements of National Power. **4.** Nationalism and imperialism; Decolonization; Rise of New-Colonialism. **5. Balance of power** as foreign policy choice, its relevance in present times. **6.** The Cold War: Détente; New Cold War and Current World Order. **7.** The new International Economic Order and its significance & Role of International Law in International Relations. **9.** Role of Diplomacy in International Politics. **10.** International Organizations the U.N. and its agencies; International Court of Justice, Role of U.N. international Relations. **11. Regional Organizations ;** OAS, OAU, The Arab League, SAARC, The ASEAN, The EEC and their role in International Relations. **12. Arms race:** Efforts at conventional and nuclear disarmament and arms control. Impact of Nuclear Power on international Politics. **13.** Nonalignment: Origin, role and its current relevance in international relation.

SECTION-B

1. Foreign Policies of U.S.A., Russia and China. **2.** India's Foreign Policy and its relations with U.S.A. Russia and China. **3.** India and its neighbours. **4.** Zones of Regional conflict and cooperation; West Asia, South Asia and South East Asia. **5.** Third World and its role in international relations, North-South Dialogue, South-South Cooperation. **6.** Indian Ocean: Problems and Prospects.

19. HISTORY: PAPER- I (SECTION-A)

1. Sources and approaches to study of early Indian History. **2.** Early pastoral and agricultural communities. The archaeological evidence. **3.** The Indus Civilization: its origins, nature and decline. **4.** Patterns of settlement, economy, social organization and religion in India (c. 2000 to 500 B.C.): archaeological perspectives. **5.** Evolutions of North Indian society and culture: evidence of Vedic Texts (Samhitas of Sutras). **6.** Teachings of Mahavira and Buddha. Contemporary Society. Early phase of state formation and urbanization. **7.** Rise of Magadha: the Mauryan Empire. Ashoka's inscriptions; his dharma. Nature of the Mauryan State. 8-9 Post-Mauryan period in Northern and Peninsular India: Political and Administrative History. Social, Economy, Culture and religion. Tamilam and its Society: and Sangam Texts. **10-11.** India changes in the Gupta and post- Gupta period (to c. 750): political history of northern and peninsular India; Samanta System and changes in political structure; economy; Social Structure; culture; religion. **12.** Themes in early Indian cultural history; languages and texts; major stages in the evolution of art and architecture; major philosophical thinkers and schools; ideas in science and mathematics.

SECTION-B

13. India, 750-1200 : Polity Society and economy, Major dynasties and political Structures In North India. Agrarian structures "Indian Feudalism". Rise of Rajputs. The Imperial Cholas and their contemporaries in Peninsular India. Village communities in the South. Conditions for women. Commerce mercantile groups and guilds; town. Problem of coinage. Arabs conquest of Sind; the Ghanavide Empire. **14** India, 750-1200; Culture, Literature, Kalhana, historian. Styles of temple architecture; sculpture. Religious thought and institution Sankaracharya's vedanta. Ramanuja. Growth of Bhakti, Islam and its arrival in India. Sufism. Indian. Science, Alberuni and his study of Indian science and civilization. **15.** The 13th century: The Ghorian invasions. Factors behind Ghorian success. Economic, Social and cultural consequences, Foundation of the Sultanate. The "slave" Dynasty, Iltutmish; Balban. "The Khaliji Revolution" Early Sultanate architecture. **1.6 The 14th century :** Alauddin Khaliji's conquests, agrarian and economic measures. Muhammad Tughlaq's major "project" s Fuz Tughluq's concessions and public works. Decline of the Sultanate. Foreign Contacts: Ibn Battuta. **17.** Economy society and culture and the 13th and 14th Centuries. Cast and slavery under Sultanate. Technological Changes. Sultanate architecture. Persian literature. Amir Khushrau, Historiography, ziya Barani. evolution of composite culture. Sufism in North India. Lingayats. Bhakti Schools in the south. **18. The 15th and early 16th Century (Political History). Rise of Provincial Dynasties:** Bengal, Kashmir (Zainul Abedin), Gujarat, Malwa, Bahmanids. The Vijayanagra Empire. Lodis. Mughal Empire, First Phase: Babur, Humayan. The sure Empire: Sher Shah's administration. The Portuguese colonial enterprise. **19.** The 15th and early 16th Century (society, economy and culture). Regional cultures and literatures. Provincial architectural styles. Society, Culture, Literature and the arts in Vijayanagra Empire. Monotheistic movements: Kabir and Guru Nanak Bhakti Movements: Chaitanya, Sufism in its Pantheistic phase. **20. Akbar:** His conquests and consolidation of empire. Establishment of Jagir and Mansab systems. His Rajput Policy. Evolution of religious and social outlook. Theory of Suth-i-kul and religious policy. Abdul Fazl, thinker and historian. Court patronage of art and technology. **21. Mughal empire in the 17th Century.** Major policies (administrative and religious) of Jahangir, Shahjahan and Aurangzeb. The Empire and the Zamindars. Nature of the Mughal state. Late 17th Century crisis: Revolts. The Ahom kingdom, Shivaji and the early Maratha Kingdom. **22. Economy and Society,** 16th and 17th Centuries. Population. Agricultural and craft production. Towns, commerce with Europe through Dutch, English and French companies-a "trade revolution". Indian mercantile classes. Banking, insurance and credit systems. Conditions of peasants, Famines. Condition of Women. **23. Culture during Mughal Empire.** Persian literature (including historical works). Hindi and religious literatures. Mughal architecture. Mughal painting. Provincial schools of architecture and painting. Classical music. Science and technology Sawai Jai Sing, astronomer. Mystic eclectism: Dara Shikoh, Vaishnav Bhakti, Maharashtra Dharma. Evolution of the Sikh community (Khalsa). **24. First half of 18th Century.** Factors behind decline of the Mughal Empire. The regional principalities (Nizam's Deccan, Bengal, Awadh) Rise of Maratha ascendancy under the Peshwas. The Maratha fiscal and financial system. Emergency of Afghan Power. Panipat, 1761. Internal weakness. Political cultural and economic, on eve of the British conquest.

Paper – II Section-A

1. Establishment of British rule In India : Factors behind British success against Indian powers-Mysore, Maratha confederacy and the Punjab as major powers in resistance; Policy of subsidiary Alliance and Doctrine of Lapse. **2. Colonial Economy :** Tributes System. Drain of wealth and "deindustrialisation". Fiscal pressures and revenue settlements (Zamindari, Ryotwari and Mahalwari settlements), Structure of the British Raj up to 1857; (including the Acts of 1773 and 1784 and administrative organisation). **3. Resistance to colonial rule:** Early uprisings; Causes, nature and impact of the Revolt of 1857 Reorganisation of the Raj, 1858 and after. **4. Socio- cultural impact of colonial rule :** Official social reform measures (1828-1857); Orientalist-Anglicist Controversy; coming of English education and the press. Christian missionary activities; Bengal Renaissance; Social and religious reform movements in Bengal and other areas: Women as focus of social reform. **5. Economy 1858-1914 : Railway:** Commercialization of Indian agriculture. Growth of landless labourers; and rural indebtedness; Femines; India as market for British Industry; customs removal, exchange and contravailing excise; Limited growth of the modern industry. **6. Early Indian nationalism :** Social background; Formation of national associations Peasant and tribal uprising during the early nationalist era; Foundation of the Indian National Congress. The moderate phase of the congress; Growth of Extremism; The Indian Council Act of 1909; Home Rule Movement, the Government of India Act of 1919. **7. Inter-War economy of India:** Industries and problem of Protection; Agricultural distress. The Great Depression; Ottawa agreements and Discriminatory Protection; the growth of trade unions; The Kisan Movement; The economic programme of the Congress Karachi Resolution, 1931. **8.** Nationalism under Gandhi's leadership: Gandhi's career though and methods of mass mobilization, Rowlatt Satyagraha, Khilafat Non-Cooperation Movement, Civil Disobedience Movement, 1940 Satyagraha and Quit India movement, State people's Movement. **9. Other stands of the National Movement: (a)** Revolutionary movements since 1905; **(b)** Constitutional politics; Swarajists, Liberals, Responsive Co-operation; **(c)** Ideas of Jawahar Lal Nehru, **(d)** The Left (Socialists and Communists); **(e)** Subhash Chandra Bose and the Indian National Army. **(f)** Communal strands: Muslim League and Hindu Mahasabha; **(g)** Women and National Movement. **10.** Literary and cultural movement: Tagore. Premchand, Subramanayam Bharti, Iqbal as examples only; New trends in art; Film Industry, Writers Organisations and Theater Association. **11. Towards freedom:** The Act of 1935; Congress Ministries, 1937-1939, The Pakistan movement Post-1945 upsurge (Rim Mutiny, Telangana uprising etc.); Constitutional negotiations and the Transfer of power, 15 August 1947. **12. First phase of Independence (1947-64)** Facing the consequences of partition; Gandhi's murder, economic dislocation; Integration of State; The democratic constitution, 1950; Agrarian reforms. Building and Industrial Welfare state; planning and industrialisation; Foreign Policy of Non-alignment: Relations with neighbours.

SECTION-B

13. Enlightenment and Modern Ideas- 1. Renaissance Background **2.** Major ideas of Enlightenment: Kant, Rousseau. **3.** Spread of Enlightenment outside Europe. **4.** Rise of Socialist ideas (to Marx). **14.** Origins of Modern Politics – **1.** European States System. **2.** American Revolution and the Constitution. **3.** French revolution and after math, 1789-1815. **4.** British Democratic Politics. 1815-1850, Parliamentary Reformers: Free Trades Charitists.

Continued....

15. Industrialization : 1. English Industrial Revolution: Causes and Impact on Society. 2. Industrialization in other countries: USA, Germany, Russia, Japan. 3. Socialist industrialization: Soviet and Chinese. **16. Nation-State System** - 1 Rise of Nationalism in 19th Century 2. Nationalism: State-building in Germany and Italy. 3. Disintegration of Empires through the emergency of nationalities. **17. Imperialism and Colonialism** - 1. Colonial System (Exploitation of New world. Transatlantic Slave Trade, Tribute from Asian Conquests. 2. Types of Empire: of settlement and non-settlement: Latin America, South Africa, Indonesia, Australia. 3. Imperialism and Free Trade. The New imperialism. **18. Revolutions and Counter- Revolution** - 1. 19th Century European revolutions. 2. The Russian Revolution of 1917-1921. 3. Fascist Counter-Revolution, Italy and Germany. 4. The Chinese Revolution of 1949. **19. World Wars** - 1. 1st and 2nd World Wars as Total Wars: Societal Implications. 2. World war- 1: Cause and Consequences. 3. World War-II : Political consequence. **20. Cold War** - 1 Emergence of two Blocs. 2. Integration of West Europe and US Strategy; Communist East Europe. 3. Emergence of Third World and Non-Alignment. 4. UN and Dispute Resolution. **21. Colonial Liberation** - 1. Latin America- Bolivar. 2. Arab World- Egypt. 3. Africa- Apartheid of Democracy. 4. South-East Asia-Vietnam. **22. Decolonization and underdevelopment** - Decolonization: Break up colonial empires: British, French, Dutch. 2. Factors Constraining Development: Latin America, Africa. **23. Unification of Europe** - 1. Post War foundations: NATO and European Community. 2. Consolidation and expansion of European Community European Union. **24. Soviet Disintegration and the Unipolar World** - 1. Factors in the collapse of Soviet communism and the Soviet Union. 1985-1991. 2. Political Changes in East Europe 1989-1992. 3. End of the Cold War and US Ascendancy in the world. 4. Globalization.

20. SOCIAL WORK : Paper-I - Social work: Philosophy and Methods.

Social work: Meaning, Objectives, Scope, Assumptions & Values; History of Social work in U.K. U.S.A. and India, philosophy of Social Work. Democratic (Equality, Justice Liberty & Fraternity) and Humanitarian (Human Rights) Matrix. Social work as a profession.

Methods of Social work

Social Case work : Meaning, Scope Principles, Processes (Psychosocial study, Assessments, treatment- goal formulation and techniques), Evaluation, Follow-up and Rehabilitation. Social Groups work: Meaning, Objective, Principles, Skills, Processes (Study, Diagnosis, treatment and evaluation), Programme, Planning and Development, Role of Social group worker, Leadership Development.

Community organization : Meaning, Objective, Principles, Approaches, Roles of Community Organization Worker. **Social Welfare Administration** : Meaning Scope, Auspices-Private and Public, Principles, Basic Administrative Processes and Practice decision making communication, planning, organisation, budgeting and financial control, reporting. **Social work Research** : Meaning objectives, types, scope, scientific method, Selection and formulation of the problem Research Design Sampling, Sources and Methods of Data Collection, Processing of Data, analysing and interpretation, Report writing. Social Action: Meaning, Scope, approaches (Sarvodaya, Antyodaya etc.) and Strategies.

Paper- II

Social Problems and Fields of Social work in India Problem pertaining to Marriage, Family and caste: Dowry-child Marriage, Divorce, Families with working couples, Disorganised Families, Families with Emigrant Heads of the Households, Gender Inequality, Authoritarian Family structure, Major Changes in Caste systems and problem of casteism. Problems Pertaining of Weaker Sections. Problems of Children, Women Aged. Handicapped and Backward Classes (SCs, STs, and other Backward Classes). **Problems of Deviance:** Truancy Vagrancy and Juvenile Delinquency, Crime, White Collar Crime, Organized Crime, Collective Violence, Terrorism, Prostitution and Sex Related Crimes. Social Vices: Alcoholism. Drug Addiction, Beggary, Corruption and communalism. **Problems of Social Structure:** Poverty, Unemployment, Bonded Labour, Child Labour. **Fields of Social work in India** : Child Development, Development of Youth, Women's Empowerment, Welfare of aged, Welfare of Physically. Mentally and Social Handicapped, Welfare of backward Classes (SCs, STs and Other Backward Classes) Rural Development Urban Community Development, Medical And Psychiatric Social work, Industrial Social work, Social Security offender Reforms.

21. Anthropology -Paper-1

1.1 Meaning and scope anthropology **1.2** Relationship with other discipline: History, Economics, Sociology, Psychology, Political Science, Life Science, Medical Science. **1.3** Main branches of Anthropology, The scope and relevance (a) Social-cultural anthropology (b) Physical and biological Anthropology. **(c)** Archaeological Anthropology. **1.4** Human Evolution and emergence of Man. **Organic Evolution**- Theories of evolution in historical perspective, Per-Darwinian, Darwinian and Post-Darwinian Period. Modern Synthetic Theory of evolution brief outline of terms and concepts of evolutionary biology (Doll's rule, Cope's rule, Gause's rule, Parallelism, convergence, adaptive radiation, mosaic evolution); Principal of systematic and taxonomy major primate taxa, tertiary and quaternary fossil primates, Systematics of Hominoidea and Hominidae, Origin and evolutions of Man-"Homo erectus and Homo sapiens". **1.5** Phylogenetic status, Characteristics and distribution of the following **(a)** Prepleistocene fossil primates-Oreopithecus. **(b)** South and East African Hominids-Plesianthropus/Australopithecus Africaus, Paranthropus, Australopithecus. **(c)** Paranthropus-homo erectus-Homo erectus javanicus, Homo erectus Pekinensis. **(d)** Homo Heidelbergensis. **(e)** Neanderthal Man-La-Chapelle-aue-Saints (Classical type) Mr. Carmelites types (Progressive type) **(f)** Rhodesian man. **(g)** Homo sapiens- Cromogon, Grimald, Chancelade. Recent advances in understanding the evolution, distribution and multidisciplinary approach to understand a fossil type in relation of others. **1.6** Evolutionary trend and classification of the order primates, Relationship with other mammals, molecular evolution of Primates, Comparative anatomy of man and apes., Primate locomotion terrestrial and arboreal adaptation, skeletal Changes due to erect posture and its implications. **1.7** Cultural Evolution-broad outlines of prehistoric culture **(a)** Paleolithic **(b)** Mesolithic **(c)** Neolithic **(d)** Chalcolithic **(e)** Copper-Bronze age **(f)** Iron age.

2.1 Family- Definition and typology family household and domestic groups. Basic structure and functions: Stability and changes in family. Typological and processual approaches to the study of family. Impact of urbanization, Industrialization, education and feminist movements. Universality of family- critique. **2.2** Concept of kinship: Definition of kin, incest prohibition and exogamy and endogamy Principles of descent-types and functions. Political and jurial aspect of kinship. Unilineal, bilateral and double descent. Descent, filiation and complementary filiation. Kinship terminology typology and approaches to the study of terminology Alliance and descent. **2.3** Marriage- Definition, types and variation of marriage systems. Debates on the Universal definition of Marriage. Regulation of Marriage preferential, prescriptive, Prescriptive and open system. Types and form of marriage Dowry , bride-price, pestation and marriage stability. **3.1** Study of culture, patterns and processes, concept of culture, patterns of culture, relationships relationship between culture and civilization and society. **3.2** Concept of Social Change and cultural change **3.3** Social structure and social organization, Role-analysis and social network, institutions, groups community, Social Stratification: principles and form, status, class and power, gender, nature and types of mobility. **3.4** Concept of society **3.5** Approaches to the study of culture and society-classical evolutionism-neo-evolutionism culture ecology, historical particularism and diffusionism, structural- functionalism, culture and personality, transaction-alism, symbolism cognitive approach and new ethnography, post structuralism and post-modernism. **4.1** Definitions and functions of religion, Anthropological approaches to the study of religion-evolutionary, psychological and functional, Magic, witchcraft and sorcery, definitions and function and functionaries: Priest, saman, medicine men and sorcerers. Symbolism in religion and rituals. Ethnomedicine. Myths and rituals: definitions and approaches to their study- structural, functional and processual relation with economic and political structures. **5.1** Meaning, scope and relevance, principles governing production, distribution and consumption in communities subsisting on hunting-gathering, fishing, pastoralism, horticulture and other economic pursuits. Formalist and substantivist date-Daltan, Kart-polynany and marx approach and. News Economic Anthropology, Exchange. Gifts, barter, trade, ceremonial exchange and market economy. **5.2** Theoretical foundations. Types of political organisation band, tribe, chiefdom, State, concept of power, authority and legitimacy, Social Control, Law and Justice in tribal and peasant Societies. **6.1** Concepts of development Anthropological perspective. Models of development. Critiques of classical developmental theories. Concepts of planning and planned development. Concept of participatory development. Culture ecology and sustainable development. Displacement and rehabilitation. **7.1** Concepts of research in anthropology, subjectivity and reflexivity in terms of gender class ideology and ethics. Distinction between methodology, methods and techniques. Nature and explanation in anthropological research, positivistic and non-positivistic approaches. Comparative methods: nature purpose and methods of comparison in social and cultural anthropology. Basic techniques of data collection. Interview, participant and other forms of observation, schedules, questionnaire, case-study methods, extended case study methods, life histories and secondary sources. Oral history, genealogical method, participatory, learning and assessment (PLA). Participatory rapid assessment (PRA). Analysis, interpretation and presentation of data. **8.1** Concept, Scope and major branches of human genetics. Its relationship with other branches of science and medicine. **8.2** Method for study of genetic principles in man-family study (pedegree analysis is twin study foster child, co-twin methods, cytogenetic method, chromosomal and karyotype analysis), biochemical method, immunological methods, D.N.A. technology and recombinant technologies. **8.3** Twin study method-zygosity, heritability estimates, present status of the twin study method and its applications. **8.4.** Mendelian genetics in man-family study, single factor, multifactor, lethal, sub-lethal, and polygenic inheritance in man. **8.5** Concept of genetic polymorphism and selection, Mendelian population, Hardy-Weinberg law. causes and changes with bring down frequency-mutation, isolation, migration selection, inbreeding and genetic drift. Consanguineous and non-consanguineous mating. Genetic load, genetic effect of consanguineous and consue marriages (statistical and probability methods for study of human genetics). **8.6** Chromosomes and chromosomal aberrations in man methodology **(a)** Numerical and structural aberrations (disorders) **(b)** Sex chromosomal aberrations- Klinefelter (XXY), Turner (XO) superfemale (XXX) Intersex and other syndromic disorders. **(c)** Autosomal aberrations- Bown Syndrom, patau Edward and cri-du-chat syndromes. **(d)** Genetic imprints in human disease, genetic screening, genetic counselling, human DNA profiling gene mapping and genome study. **8.7** Concept of race in histrological and biological perspective. Race and racism, biological base of morphological variation of non-metric race in histrological and biological perspective. Race and racism, biological basis of

morphological variation of non-metric and metric characters. Racial criteria, racial traits in relation to heredity and environment: biological basis of racial classification, racial differential and race-crossing in man. **8.8** Ethnic group of mankind- characteristics and distribution in the world, racial classification of human groups. Principal living peoples of world. Their distribution and characteristics. **8.9** Age, Sex and population variation in genetic marker- ABO, RH blood groups, HLA, HP transferrin, Gm, blood enzymes-physiological characteristics- Hb level, body fat, pulse rate, respiratory functions and sensory perceptions in different cultural and socio-economic group. Impact of smoking air pollution, alcoholism, drug and occupational hazards on health. **9.1** Concepts and Methods of Ecological Anthropology Adaptation social and cultural Deterministics theories a critique. Resources-biological, nonbiological and sustainable development. Biological adaptation- climatic, environmental, nutritional and genetic. **10.1** Relevance in understanding of contemporary society-Dynamics of ethnicity at rural, tribal, urban and international levels. Ethnic conflicts and political developments. Concepts of ethnic boundaries. Ethnicity and concept of nation state. **11.1** Concept of human growth of development-stages of growth-prenatal, natal, infant, childhood adolescence, maturity, senescence, Factors affecting growth and development genetic, environmental, biochemical nutritional, cultural and socio-economic ageing and senescence. Theories and observations-biological and chronological longevity. Human physique and somatotypes. Methodologies for growth studies. **12.1** Reproductive biology, demography and population study, Reproductive physiology of male and female, Biological aspects of human fertility, Relevance of menarche, meno-pause and other bioevents to fertility. Fertily patterns and differentials. **12.2** Demographic theories biological, social and cultural. **12.3** Demographic methods-census, registration system, sample methods, dual reporting system. **12.4** Populations structures and population dynamics. **12.5** Demographic rates and ratios, life table-structure and utility **12.6** Biological and socio-ecological factors influence fecundity, fertility natality and morality. **12.7** Methods of studying population growth. **12.8** Biological consequences of population control and family welfare. **13.1** Anthropology of sports **13.2** Nutritional Anthropology. **13.3** Anthropology in designing of defence and other equipments. **13.4** Forensic anthropology. **13.5** Methods and principles of personal identification and reconstruction. **13.6** Applied human genetics, -paternity diagnosis genetic counselling and eugenics. **13.7** DNA technology-prevention and cure of diseases. **13.8** Antropo-genetics in medicine. **13.9** Seronetics and cytogenetics in reproductive biology **13.10** Application of Statistical principles in human genetics and Physical Anthropology.

Paper- II

1. Evolution of the India Culture and Civilization-Prohistoric (Paleolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic,) Protohistoric (Indus Civilization). Vedic and post-vedic beginnings. Contributions of the tribal cultures. **2.** Demographic profiles of India-Ethnic and linguistic elements in the Indian population and their distribution. Indian population, factors influencing its structure and growth. **3.** The basic structure and nature of traditional India social System-a critique. Vamasharam, Purushartha, Karama, Rina and Rebirth. Theories on the origin of caste system, Jajmani system. Structural basis inequality in traditional Indian Society. Impact of Buddhism, Jainism, Islam and Christianity of Indian Society. **4.** Emergence, growth and development of anthropology in India-contributions of the 19th Century and early 20th Century scholar-ad-ministrators Contributions of Indian anthropologists to tribal and caste studies. Contemporary nature of anthropological studies in India. **5.** Approaches to the study of India society and culture-traditional and contemporary. **5.1** Aspect of Indian village- Social organization of agriculture, impact of market economy of Indian villages. **5.2** Linguistic and religious minorities-Social, political and economic status. **6.** Tribal situation of India-biogenetic variability, linguistic and socio-economic characteristics of the tribal populations and their distribution. Problems of the tribal communities and alienation, poverty indebtedness, low literacy, poor educational facilities, unemployment, under employment, health and and nutrition. Developmental projects -tribal displacement and problems of rehabilitation. Development of forest policy and tribals. Impact of urbanization and industrialization on tribal and rural populations. **7.** Problems of exploitation and deprivation of Scheduled Castes/ Scheduled Tribes and other Backward Classes. Constitutional safeguards for Scheduled Tribes and Scheduled Castes. Social change and contemporary tribal societies: Impact of modern democratic institutions, development programmes and welfare measures on tribals and weaker sections. Emergence of ethnicity, tribal movements and quest for identity. Pseudo-tribalism. **8.** Social change among the tribes during colonial and post-independent India. **8.1** impact of Hinduism, Christianity, Islam and other religious on tribal societies. **8.2** Tribe and nation state-a comparative study of tribal communities in India and other countries. **9.** History of administration of tribal areas; tribal policies, plans programmes of tribal development and their implementation. Role of N.G.Os. **9.1** Role of anthropology in tribal and rural development. **9.2** Contributions of anthropology to the understanding or regionalism communalism and ethnic and political movements.

22. CIVIL ENGINEERING : PAPER –I PART- 'A'

(a) Theory of Structures : Principles of superposition: reciprocal theorem; unsymmetrical bending; Determinate and indeterminate Structure; simple and space frames: degree of freedom: virtual work; energy theorem; deflection of trusses; indeterminate beams & frames three moments: equation; slope deflection and moment; distribution methods; column analogy. Energy methods; approximate and numerical methods Moving Loads shearing force and bending moment diagrams, influence lines for simple and continuous beams. Analysis of determinate and indeterminate arches. Matrix methods of analysis, stiffness and flexibility matrices **(b)** Steel Design: Factors of safety and load factors; Design tension; compression and flexural members; built up beams and plate girders semi-rigid connection Design of Stanchions, slabs and gusseted bases; gentry girders; roof trusses; industrial and multi storeyed buildings, plastic design of frames and portals **(c) R.C. Design:** Working stress and limit state methods of design: Design of slabs, Simple and continuous beams rectangle T & L sections, columns. Footing-single and combine raft foundations, Elevated water tanks, encased beams and columns, Methods and systems of prestressing: anchorages, losses in prestress.

Part-B

(a) Fluid Mechanics : Dynamic of fluid flow - Equations of continuity. Energy and momentum. Bernoulli's theorem; cavitation. Velocity potential and stream function, rotational and irrotational flow. Free and forced vortices flow nit Dimensional analysis and its application to practical problems. Viscous flow-flow between static and moving parallel plates-flow through circular tubes; film lubrication. Velocity distribution in laminar and turbulent flow: critical velocity; Losses, Stompton diagram Hydraulic and energy grade lines, siphons; pipe network- Forces on pipe bends. Compressible flow, Adiabatic and isentropic flow, subsonic and supersonic velocity; Mach number shock wave, water hammer. **(b) Hydraulic Engineering** : Open channel flow-uniform and non-uniform flow, beat hydraulic cross-section; Specific energy and critical depth, gradually varied flow; classification of surface profiles; control section; standing wave flume; Surges and waves. Hydraulic pump. **Design of canals** : Unlined channel in alluvium, the critical tractive stress, principles of sediment transport, regime theories lined canals; hydraulic design and canal analysis; drainage behind lining. **Canal structure:** Designs of regulation works; cross drainage falls, aqueducts, metering flumes etc. Canal outlets. **Diver Headworks:** Principle of design of different part on impermeable and permeable foundations; Khosla's theory; Energy dissipation. Sediment exclusion. **Dams** : Design of rigid dams, earth dams, forces acting on dams stability analysis, spillways-different types and their suitability. Design of spillways. **(c) Wells and Tube wells:** Soil Mechanics and foundations Engineering. Soil Mechanics. Origin and classification of soils: Atterburg limit, void ratio; moisture contents; permeability; laboratory and field tests, seepage and flow nets, flow under hydraulic structures. Uplift and quick sand condition, unconfined and direct shear tests; triaxial test; earth pressure theories, stability of slopes. Theories of soil consolidation; rate of settlement Total and effective stress analysis, pressure distribution in soils; Boussinesque and Westergaard theories. Soil stabilization in foundation Engineering, Bearing capacity of Footing; piles and wells, design of retaining walls; sheet piles and caissons, Machine foundations.

PAPER-II (PART-A)

(a) Building Construction : Building Materials and construction- timber, stone, brick, cement, steel sand, mortar, concrete, paints and varnishes, plastics, water proofing and damp proofing materials, Detailing of walls, floors, roofs, staircases doors and windows. Finishing of building plastering, pointing, painting, etc. Use of building codes. Ventilation, air conditioning, Building estimates and specifications. Construction scheduling PERT AND CPM methods, base charts. **(b) Railways and Highways Engineering : Railways** – Permanent way ballast, sleeper, chair and fastenings; point and crossings, different types of turn outs, cross-over setting out of points. Maintenance of track super elevation, creep of rails, ruling gradients, track resistance reactive effort curve resistance, Station yards and machines, station buildings; platform sidings, turn tables. Signals and interlocking; level crossings. **Road and Runways** : Classification of roads planning geometric design. Design of flexible and rigid pavements; subbase and weathering surfaces. Tram engineering and traffic survey, intersections road signs, signals and markings. **(c) Surveying** : Plan table Surveying Equipment & methods, solution of 3 & 2 point problems. Errors and precautions. Triangulation. Grades Baseline and its measurement. Satellite station, intervisibility of stations; Great Trigonometrical Survey of India. Errors and least squares method general methods, of least squares method with interdisciplinary approach. Adjustment of level nets and triangular nets. Matrix notation solution. Layout of curves; Simple, compound, reverse transition and vertical curves. Projects surveys and layout of Civil Engineering works such as buildings, bridges, tunnels and hydroelectric project. Introduction to photogrammetry and Remote sensing.

PART-B

(a) Water Resources Engineering : Hydrology-Hydrologic cycle: precipitation; evaporation- transpiration and infiltration hydrographs; units hydrograph; units hydrograph: Flood estimation and frequency. Planning for water Resources Ground and surface water resources; surface flows. Single and multipurpose projects storage capacity, reservoir losses; reservoir silting flood routing. Benefit cost ratio, General Principles of optimization. Elements of water Resources management. Water requirements for crops-quality of irrigation water, consumptive use of water, water depth and frequency of irrigation; duty of water; irrigation methods and efficiencies. Distribution system for canal irrigations determination of required channel capacity channel losses. Alignment of main and distributary channels. Waterlogging its causes and control, design of drainage system; soil salinity. River training principles and methods storage work types of Dams (including earth dams) and their characteristics, principles of design, criteria for stability. Foundation treatment; joints and galleries. control of seepage. **(b) Sanitation and water supply** : Sanitation-site and orientation of Buildings, ventilation and damp-proof course house drainage; conservancy and water-borne system of waste disposal sanitary appliances, latrines & urinals. **(c) Environmental Engineering** : Elementary principles of ecology and eco systems and their interaction with environment. Engineering activity and environment pollution. Environment and its effect on human health and activity. Air environment: major pollutants and their adverse effects, types of air cleaning devices. Water quality; parameters, adverse effects, monitoring, salt purification of streams.

Continued....

<p>जयशंकर प्रसाद: कामायनी: (चिन्ता और श्रद्धा सर्ग) सुमित्रानन्दन पन्त-नौका विहार, परिवर्तन, निराला-राम की शक्ति पूजा, अज्ञेय-असाध्यवैषा, मुक्तिबोध-ऋषाक्षस, नगार्जुन-बादल को घिरते देखा है, अकाल के बाद।</p> <p>भाग द्वितीय</p> <p>भारतेन्दु हरिश्चन्द्र-भारत दुर्दशा, जयशंकर प्रसाद-स्कन्द गुप्त, रामचन्द्र शुक्ल, चिन्तामणि भाग-एक (कविता क्या है, श्रद्धा और भक्ति)। प्रेमचन्द्र-गोदान, प्रेमचन्द्र की सर्वश्रेष्ठ कहानियाँ, सम्पादक अमृतारय, यशपाल-दिव्या, फणीश्वर नाथ रेणु मैला आँचल।</p>	
<p>29. PERSIAN : PAPER - 1</p> <p>Unit - 1-1. Short essay in Persian (Compulsory.)</p> <p>Unit - II - 2. (a) Origin and development of the language. (Old Persian, Pahlavi, Modern Persian). (b) Applied Grammar. (c) Rhetorics. (d) Prosody (Bahri-i-Hazaj Kamil, Bahri-i-Motaqarib Mahzuf/Maqsur, Bahri-i-Rajaz Kamil). Asbab, Autad, Fawasil, Haruf-i-Qafia.</p> <p>Unit - III - 3. Literary History, Criticism, Movements; Socio-cultural influences, Modern Trends. (a) Samanid Period: (Important Poets and Writers) (b) Ghazanavid Period : (Firdaus) Rumi, Masud Sad-i-Salman, Tarikh-i-Baihaqi). (c) Saljuquid Period : (Anwari Attar, Khayyam, Kimya-i-Saadat, Chahar Maqala, Siyasat Nama). (d) Ilkhanid Period : (Sa'di, Rumi, 'Jame'-ut- Tawarikh, Tarikh-i-Jahan Kushi). (e) Timurid Period : (Hafiz, Salman Saeji, Khaju-i-Kirmani, Zafar Nama-i-Sharfu'ddin Yazid, Tazkira-Daulat Shah Samarqandi, Jami) (f) Indo-Persian Literature : (Auli, Khusrâu, Faizi, Urfi, Naziri, Abul Fazl, Tarikh-i-Firuz Shahi of Barani, Chahar Chaman of Brahman, Ghalib, Iqbal). (g) Safavid to Modern Period : (Mojtashim Kashi, Qaani, Malik-ushshu'ara Bahar, Nimayushi, Parwin-i-E'tesami, Simin Behbahani) Sadiq-i-Hedayat, Jamalzada, Hejazi, Sabk-i - Khurasani, Sabk-i-Eraqi, Sabk-i-Hindi, Islamic Revolution of Iran).</p> <p>Unit - IV - 4 Translation of ten out of fifteen simple sentences of Urdu into Persian (Compulsory).</p>	
<p>PAPER - II</p> <p>The paper will require first hand reading of the texts prescribed and will be designed to test the candidates critical ability.</p> <p>Unit - I - Prose - 1. Translation from the following texts : (a) Nizami Aruzi Samarqandi, Chahar Maqala (Dabire and Sha'iri). (b) i-i Shirazi Gulistan (Der Sirat-i-Padshahan and Dar Akhlaq-i- Derwishan) (c) Ziauddin Berani, Tarikh-i- Firuz Shahi (Wasaya- i- Sultan Balban be Ferzand-o-Wali Ahd-i- Khud). (d) Sadiq-i- Hidayat Dash Akul, Talab-i-Amorzish, Girdab).</p> <p>Unit - II - 2. Critical and biographical questions about the prescribed authors and their works (4 questions).</p> <p>Unit - III- Poetry - 3. Explanation from the following texts : (a) Firdausi. Shahnam (Dastan- i- Rustam- o- Sohrab and Dastan -i - Bizan- o- Maniza). (b) Umar- i- Khayyam. Ruba' yat (Radif Alif) (c) Maulana Rumi, Mathnavi (Hikayat-i-Shaban- o- Musa, Hikayat-Hekayat- i- Hazrat Umar-- o- Qasid-i- Rumi and Hikayat-i-Baqalo-Tuti). (d). Amir Khusrâw. Ghaziliyat (Radif Alif). (e) Hafiz-i-Shirazi. Ghaziliyat (Radif Alif). (f) Urfi-i- Shirazi. Qasidas (Dar tausif-i - Kashmir and Madh-i-Shahzade Salim). (g) Bahar- a- Mashhadi Diwan-i-Bahar (Jughd-i-Jang, Shabahang, Damawandiya, Wataniya).</p> <p>Unit - iv - 4 . Critical and Biographical questions regarding the poets and their work prescribed (4 questions)</p> <p>Unit - v - 5 Translation of an unseen Pass age from English into Persian.</p>	
<p>30. SANSKRIT LITERATURE : PAPER-1 खण्ड-क-भाषा विज्ञान (Linguistics)</p> <p>भाषा का उद्भव और विकास, भाषाओं की वर्गीकरण, भारतीय एवं मध्य कालीन भारतीय आर्य भाषाएं अर्थपरिवर्तन की दिशाएं तथा कारण, ध्वनियम, ध्वनिपरिवर्तन के कारण, संस्कृत ध्वनियों के विशेष संदर्भ में मानवीय वाग्यन्त्र एवं लौकिक संस्कृत की तुलना।</p> <p>Origin and development of language, Classification of languages. Indo-Euroapean and Middle Indo-European and Middle Languages, Semantics, Phonology, Phonetic changes, Human वाग्यन्त्र with special reference to Sanskrit phonology, comparison of Vedic and Classical Sanskrit languages.</p> <p>खण्ड-ख संस्कृत व्याकरण (Sanskrit Grammer)</p> <p><u>सन्धि, समास, कृदन्त, तद्धति एवं कारक</u> from the Laghusiddhanta- Kaumudi</p> <p>खण्ड-ग भारतीय दर्शन (Indian Philosophy)</p> <p>निम्नलिखित पाठ्यग्रन्थों के आधार पर भारतीय दर्शन का सामान्य अध्ययन: General study of Indian Philosophy based on the following texts. केशव मिश्र का तर्कभाषा (अनुमापन्यन्त) ईश्वरकृष्ण का सांख्यकारिका, सदानन्द का वेदान्तसार, कठेपनिषद्-प्रथम अध्याय द्वितीय वल्ली मात्र। श्रीमद्भागवतगीता-द्वितीय अध्याय मात्र)</p> <p>खण्ड - घ - काव्यशास्त्र</p> <p>(क) आनन्दवर्धन कृत ध्वन्यालोक प्रथम उद्योत के आधार पर ध्वनि और उसके भेदों का सामान्य अध्ययन ध्वन्यलोक (प्रथम उद्योत) आनन्दवर्धन (ख) मम्मट के काव्यप्रकाश से निम्नलिखित विषय: The following topic from the काव्य प्रकाश आफ मम्मट: काव्यप्रयोजन, काव्यलक्षण, काव्यभेद, शब्दशक्ति, रस, गुण तथा अनुप्रास श्लेष, उपमा, रूपक, प्रमेक्षा, अपह्नुति, व्येतिरेक, अर्थान्तरन्यास, विभावना, विशेषोक्ति, स्वभावोक्ति, समासेक्ति, दीपक, काव्यलिङ्ग, एवं परिसंख्या अलंकार।</p> <p>खण्ड - ङ - संस्कृत में निबन्ध (Essay in Sanskrit)</p> <p>संस्कृत में निबन्ध (250 शब्दों से कम का नहीं होना चाहिये) The Essay in Sanskrit should not be less than 250 words.</p> <p>PAPER- II खण्ड - क ग एवं पद्य (Prose & Poetry)</p> <p>First hand reading of the following texts. निम्नलिखित पाठ्य ग्रन्थों का अध्ययन: 1. कादम्बरी-शुक्नासोपदेश मात्र 2. शिवराजविजयम-प्रथम निःश्रास मात्र 3. नलचम्पू-प्रथम उच्छवास, आर्यावर्तवर्णन (28 श्लोकपर्यन्त) 4. मेघदूत (पूर्वमेष) 5. किरातजुनीयम् (प्रथम सर्ग) 6. नीतिशतकम् चौखम्बा (संस्करण पृष्ठ 1 से 30 तक)। 25 अंकों के एक प्रश्न का उत्तर संस्कृत में लिखना होगा।</p> <p>खण्ड - ख संस्कृत नाट्य साहित्य (Sanskrit Drama)</p> <p>निम्नलिखित रचनाओं की पाठ्यसामग्री का अध्ययन: Textual study of the following works: 1. अभिज्ञानशाकुन्तलम् (चतुर्थ अंक), 2. उत्तरामचरितम् (तृतीय अंक), 3. प्रतिमानाटकम् (प्रथम अंक), 4. मृच्छकटिकम् (प्रथम अंक)।</p> <p>खण्ड - ग- पारिभाषिक पद Technical Terms</p> <p>संस्कृत के निम्नलिखित पारिभाषिक शब्दों का ज्ञान: Knowledge of the following Sanskrit technical terms: महाकाव्य, खण्डकाव्य, कथा, आख्यायिका, चम्पू, प्रस्तावना, विष्कम्भक, प्रवेशक, सूत्रधार, वस्तुभेद, नायकभेद, विद्वक्, गेटमर्द, विट बेट, पताकास्थानक, अर्थप्रकृति, कार्यविस्था, पंचसन्धि, नियत श्राव्य, स्वागत, जनान्तिक, आकाशभाषित, रूपभेद, नेपथ्य, प्रेक्षागृह, मतवारणी।</p> <p>खण्ड - घ - संस्कृत साहित्य का इतिहास (History of Classical Sanskrit)</p> <p>Literature. निम्नलिखित साहित्यिक विधाओं का उद्भव, विकास और उनकी विशेषताएं: (Origin, Development and characteristics of the following Literary genesis) आर्यमहाकाव्य, महाकाव्य (ऐतिहासिक महाकाव्य सहिता) गद्य, नाटक, चम्पू एवं गीतिकाव्य। टिप्पणी: इस खण्ड में 25 अंकों का एक प्रश्न विशिष्ट रचना रचनाकार के विषय में टिप्पणी के रूप में प्रश्न होगा। Note: In this section one question carrying 25 marks will be asked in the form of short note on particular work/author.</p> <p>खण्ड-ङ- हिन्दी से संस्कृत में अनुवाद Section - E - Translation from Hindi into Sanskrit</p>	
<p>31. COMMERCE & ACCOUNTANCY : Paper - 1 Accounting and Finance</p> <p>Part - 1 : Accounting, Auditing and Taxation : Accounting as a financial information system, impact of behavioural science, Methods of accounting of changing price levels. Current purchasing power (CPP) and current cost accounting. Advanced problems of company accounts; Amalgamation, Absorption and reconstruction of companies. Accounting of holding companies. Valuation of Shares and goodwill. Controllership functions- Property control legal and management control. Important provisions of the Income Tax Act., 1961 Definition, Incidence & Tax liability. Charge of Income tax. Exemptions. Depreciation allowance. Simple problems of computation of income under the various heads and determination of assessable income of Individuals and firms, Income tax authorities.</p> <p>Nature and functions of cost accounting. Cost Classification. Techniques of segregating semivariable costs into fixed and variable components. Job costing Methods of Pricing of issue of Materials. Reconciliation of cost and financial accounts. Marginal Costing, Cost volume-profit relationship-Algebraic formulae and graphical representation. Shut-down point. Techniques of cost control and cost reduction, Budgetary control, Flexible budgets, Standard costing and variance analysis. Responsibility accounting. Bases of charging overheads and their inherent fallacy, costing for pricing decision.</p> <p>Significance of the attest-function-programming the audit work valuation and verification of assets, fixed wasting and current assets verification of liabilities. Audit of limited companies. Appointment status, powers duties and liabilities of the auditor, Auditor's report. Audit to share capital and transfer of shares. Special points in the audit of banking and insurance companies.</p> <p>Part - II: Business Finance and Financial Institutions : Concept and scope of Financial Mariagement-Financial goals of corporations, capital Budgetting Rules of the thumb and discounted cash flow approaches, incorporating uncertainty in investment decisions. Designing an optimal capital structure. Weighted average cost of capital and the controversy surrounding the Modigliani and Miller Model. Source of raising short term, intermediate and long term finance, Role of Public Deposits and convertible debentures. Norms and guidelines regarding debt-equity ratios-Determinants of an optimal dividend policy, optimising models of James E Walter and John Lintner Forms of dividend payment. Structure of working capital and the variables affecting the level of difference of components cash flow approach of forecasting working capital needs. Profiles of working capital in indian industries. Credit management and credit-policy. Consideration of tax in relation to financial planning and cash flow statements.</p> <p>Organisation and deficiencies of Indian Money Market. Structure of assets and liabilities of commercial banks. Achievements and failures of nationalisation. Regional rural banks, Recommendations of the P.L. Tandon study Groups on following of Bank Credit, 1976 and their revision by the Chore Committee, 1979. Assessment of the monetary and credit policies of the Reserve Bank of India. Constitutions of the indian capital Market. Functions and working of all India term financial institution (IDBI, IFCL, ICIC, and IRBI). Investment Policies of the Life Insurance Corporation of India and the Unit Trust of India. Present stage of stock exchanges and their regulation.</p> <p>Provisions of the Negotiable Instruments Act. 1881 relating to crossing and endorsements with particular reference to a tatur, protection to the paying and collecting bankers. Salient provision and the banking Regulation Act, 1949 with regard to charting, supervision and regulation of banks.</p> <p>Paper- II : Organisation Theory and Industrial Relations : PART- I: ORGANISATION THEORY</p> <p>Nature and concepts of organisation, Organisation goals; primary and secondary goals, single and multiple goals, ends means chain. Displacement, succession, expansion and multiplication of goals. Formal organisation: type</p>	
<p>structure: fine and staff, Functional matrix and project, informal organisation: functions and limitations. Evolution of organisation theory, ; classical, Neo-clssical and system approach, Bureaucracy Nature and basis of power, source of power, power structure and politics, Morale and productivity, leadership. Theories and styles management of conflicts in organisation, transactional analysis, significance of culture to organisation. Limits of rationality. Organisational change, adaptations, growth and development, organisational control and effectiveness. Public accountability of organisations.</p> <p>PART- II: INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS</p> <p>Industrial labour in India and its commitment, Absentism and labour Turnover in Indian Industries. Nature and scope of Industrial Relations. Workers education, Workers participation in Management: philosophy, Rational, Present day state of affairs, and its future prospects, Industrial Relations in Public Enterprises.</p> <p>Role of Personnel Department in an organisation, Executive development personnel policies) Personnel audit and personnel research, Wage and wage differentials, Wage policy in India, Legislative measures for wage administration in India, wages in Indian industry and agriculture.</p> <p>Theories of Unionism, Trade Union Movement in India: Growth and Structure. Role of outside leadership. Collective bargaining; Approaches, Conditions limitations and its effectiveness in India. International Labour organisation and India. Prevention and settlement of industrial disputes in India. Settlement machinery, preventive measures and other measures in practice.</p> <p>32. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION : Paper-1 Administrative Theory</p> <p>I. Basic Permisses : Meaning, Scope and significance of Public Administration: Evolution of Public Administration as discipline, Private and Public Administration: Public Administrations as an art and a science: Its role in developed and developing societies; Ecology of administration- Social political, economic and culture New Public Administration. II. Theories of Organisation : Scientific management (Taylor and his associates): Bureaucratic theory (Max Weber); Classical theory (Henri Fayol, Luther Gulick and others); Human Relations theory (Ettor Mayo and his colleagues); Systems approach (Chester Barnard). III. Principles of Organisation : Hierarchy; Unity of Command; Power Authority and Responsibility. Coordination; Span of Control; Supervision Centralisation and Decentralisation, Delegation. IV. Administrative Behaviour : Decision Making with special reference to the contribution of Herbert Simon, Theories of Communication, Morale, Motivation (Maslow and Herzberg), and Leadership. V. Structure of Organisation : Chief Executive and his/her functions Line Staff and auxiliary agencies. Departments Corporation companies, Boards and Commissions, Headquarters and held relationship. VI. Personnel Administration : Bureaucracy and Civil Services, Classification. Recruitment Training. Career development; Performance appraisal, Promotion; Pay structuring; Service conditions; Integrity and Discipline, Employer-employee relations; Retirement benefits; Generalists and Specialists; Neutrality and Anonymity. VII. Financial Administration : Concepts of Budget; Preparation and execution of the Budget; performance Budgeting; Legislative control; Accounts and Audit, VIII. Accountability and Control : Concepts of Accountability and Control; Accounts and Audit. IX. Administrative Reforms : Concepts and processes of Administrative Reforms; O & M; Work study and its techniques; Problems and prospects. X. Administrative Law : Concepts and significance of Administrative Law, Delegation; Meaning, type advantage, limitations and safeguards Administrative Tribunals. XI. Comparative and Development Administration : Meaning, nature and scope of Comparative Public Administration; Contribution of Fred Riggs with special reference to the Prismatic-Sala model; Concepts scope and significance of Development Administration, Political, Economic and socio-cultural context of Development Administration; Concepts of Administrative Development. XII. Public policy : Concept and significance of Policy and policy-making in public Administration Processes of formulation and implementation.</p> <p>PAPER- II: INDIAN ADMINISTRATION</p> <p>I. Evolution of Indian Administration : Kautilya's views, Major landmarks of Mughal and British periods. II. Constitutional Setting : Parliamentary democracy : Federalism; Planning Socialism. III. Political Executive at the Union Level : President, Prime Minister, Council of Ministers; Cabinet Committees. IV. Structure of Control Administration : Secretariat; Cabinet Secretariat Ministries and Departments Boards and Commissions, Field organisations. V. Central-State Relations : Legislative Administrative Planning and Financial. VI. Public Service : All India Central and State Services. Union and State Public Service Commissions: Training of Civil Servants. VII. Machinery for Planning : Plan formulation at the national level; National Development Council. Planning Commission. Planning Machinery at the State and District levels. VIII. Public Sector Undertakings : Forms, Top-level Management. Control and problems. IX. Control of Public Expenditure : Parliamentary control; Role of the Finance Ministry. Controller and Auditor General. X. Administration of Law and Order: Role of Central and State agencies in Maintenance of law and Order. XI. State Administration : Governor Chief Minister, Council of Ministers, Chief Secretary: Secretariat; Directorates. XII. District Administration : Role and importance. District Magistrate/Collector, Land Revenue. Law and Order and Developmental functions, District Rural Development Agency, Special Programmes of Rural Areas. XIII. Local Administration : Panchayati Raj and Urban Local Government. Features, forms and problems Autonomy of local bodies. XIV. Administration of Welfare: Administration for the welfare of weaker sections with particular reference to Scheduled Castes. Scheduled Tribes; Programmes for the welfare of Women. XV. Issue Areas in Indian Administration. Relationship between political and permanent executives. Generalists and specialists in Administration Integrity in Administration. People's Participation in Administration, Redressal of Citizen's Grievances; Lok Pal and Lok Ayuktas; Administrative Reforms in India.</p> <p>33. AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING : PAPER-1</p> <p>(a) Fluid Mechanics : Fluid properties, units and dimensions, mass, momentum and energy conservation principles: special cases of Navier-stoke equation, vorticity, flow of fluids in pipes and channels, frictions factors: turbulence; instruments and measurement systems. (b) Heat and Mass Transfer: Thermal properties of materials units and dimensions steady state and transient heat conduction natural and forced convection; boiling, condensation, thermal radiation exchange; heat exchangers, heat-mass transfer analogy: Fick's laws, psychrometrics; analysis of heat and mass transfer processes: instruments and measurements systems. (c) Surveying, Levelling and land Development : Linear measurements; different surveying devices and methods land grading and levelling; contouring and terracing earth work estimation, land and development budgeting earth moving machinery (d) Pumps: Design, construction, performance characterization. selection, installation, Servicing and maintenance of reciprocating, centrifugal, gear, turbine, submersible, propeller, jet and lift pumps and hydraulic ram; renewable and non renewable power sources for pumps. (e) Process and food Engineering: Unit operation in post-harvest processing (cleaning, grading, drying, size reduction, evaporation, pasteurization, distillation): processing of food grains, animal feed, seeds, fruits & vegetables, flowers, spices, dairy products, eggs and meat, design of processing equipment and systems. (f) Storage and Handling Engineering : Changes in stored products during storage: storage of food grains & their products, feed fruits and vegetables, flowers, spices, dairy products, eggs and meat, air right ventilated, refrigerated, modified atmosphere and controlled atmosphere storage systems; packaging, conveyors; design and management of storage and handling systems. (g) Rural Engineering : Building materials and their properties. design of beams, slabs, columns and foundations: fencing: planning and design of rural houses, farm roads, village drainage systems waste disposal and sanitary structures, material and cost estimation in construction; integrated rural energy planning and development: rural electrification.</p> <p>PAPER- II</p> <p>(a) Thermodynamic and Heat Engines : Concept of energy temperature and heat Equation of State Laws of thermodynamics ; pure substances and properties; entropy. boilers; boiler efficiency steam, engine and turbines; rankine, air standard otto, diesel and joule cycles, indicator diagrams; I.C. Engines (b) Farm Power : Sources of power on farm; farm power and agricultural productivity relationship; comparison of tractor/engine power with animal power, operation and constructional features of I.C. engines. various systems present in I.C. engines viz. carburation, ignition cooling lubrication. Starting and electrical system, valves and valve timings; special features of diesel engines, tractors; their classification, power transmission, clutch, drawbar, three-point hitch. p.t.o belt and pulley; tractor controls; tractor chassis, stability, troubleshooting, repair and maintenance of tractors, tractor testing economics of tractor utilization, small tractors and power tillers: their economics and suitability (c) Farm Machinery : Design, construction, operation, repair and maintenance of primary and secondary tillage tools: implements and machines viz. m.b. plough, disc plough, hoe, harrow and cultivator; seeding, planting and transplanting machines, weeders ; sprayers and dusters; forage harvesters and mowers: harvesters, threshers, winnowers and combines, crop and soil factors affecting machine performance and energy requirements, economics of tractorization, combining and other mechanized operations; selection of farm machines. (d) Irrigation Engineering : Water resources of India; soil water plant relationship permeability infiltration; percolation; evaporation; water requirements of crops and irrigation scheduling, direct and indirect methods of soil moisture measurements; measurements of irrigation water, weirs and notches, orifice, parshall flumes, H- flumes, etc water conveyance and control; design of fields channels and canals; Lacey and Kennedy's theories most economical channel cross section; selection of underground pipeline structures and their design; irrigation methods-their hydraulics and design viz., border furrow, flood drip & sprinkler methods; concepts in irrigation efficiencies. (e) Drainage Engineering : Benefits of drainage; hydraulic conductivity, drainable porosity, drainage coefficient; surface drainage: drainage of flat and sloping lands; design of open ditches, their alignment and construction; design and layouts of sub surface drains: depth and spacing of drains and drainage outlets. installation of drains and drainage wells. drainage of salt affected areas (f) Soil and Water Conservation Engineering : Forms of precipitation: hydrologic cycle; point rainfall analysis, frequency analysis, watershed definition and concept agricultural watersheds. prediction of peak runoff; factors affecting run-off hydrograph, concept of unit and instantaneous hydrographs erosion control measures on various classes of land viz contour cultivation, strip cropping, terracing afforestation, pastures, etc. a critical analysis of the role of vegetation in soil and water conservation; grassed waterway and its design; design of gully control measures including permanent structures, viz., chute spillway, drop spillway, drop inlet spillway; retards and steam bank erosion; flood routing; flood amelioration through soil and water management in upstream zone mechanics of wind and water erosion, wind erosion control.</p>	
<p>Secretary</p>	