

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 240

Please read the instructions carefully. You are allotted 5 minutes specifically for this purpose.

INSTRUCTIONS

A. General:

1. The question paper CODE is printed on the right hand top corner of this sheet and on the back page (Page No. 32) of this booklet.
2. No additional sheets will be provided for rough work.
3. Blank papers, clipboards, log tables, slide rules, calculators, cellular phones, pagers and electronic gadgets are NOT allowed.
4. Write your name and registration number in the space provided on the back page of this booklet.
5. The answer sheet, a machine-gradable Optional Response Sheet (ORS), is provided separately.
6. DO NOT TAMPER WITH/MUTILATE THE ORS OR THE BOOKLET.
7. Do not break the seal of the question-paper booklet before being instructed to do so by the invigilators.
8. This Question Paper contains 32 pages having 60 questions.
9. On breaking the seal, please check that all the questions are legible.

B. Filling the Right Part of the ORS :

10. The ORS also has a CODE printed on its Left and Right parts.
11. Make sure the CODE on the ORS is the same as that on this booklet. **If the codes do not match, ask for a change of the booklet.**
12. Write your Name, Registration No. and the name of centre and sign **with pen** in the boxes provided. **Do not write them anywhere else.** Darken the appropriate bubble **UNDER** each digit of your Registration No. with **good quality HB pencil**.

C. Question paper format and Making Scheme :

13. The question paper consists of 3 parts (Chemistry, Physics and Mathematics). Each part consists of **four sections**.
14. In **Section I** (Total Marks: 24), for each question you will be awarded **3 marks** if you darken **ONLY** the bubble corresponding to the correct answer and **zero marks** if no bubble is darkened. In all other cases, **minus one(-1) mark** will be awarded.
15. In **Section II** (Total Marks: 16), for each question you will be awarded **4 marks** if you darken **ALL** the bubble(s) corresponding to correct answer(s) **ONLY** and **zero marks** otherwise. There are **no negative marks** in this section.
16. In **Section III** (Total Marks: 16), for each question you will be awarded **4 marks** if you darken **ONLY** the bubble corresponding to the correct answer and **zero marks** otherwise. There are **no negative marks** in this section.
17. In **Section IV** (Total Marks: 16), for each question you will be awarded **2 marks** for each row in which you have darkened **ALL** the bubble(s) corresponding to the correct answer(s) **ONLY** and **zero marks** otherwise. Thus, each question in this section carries a maximum of 8 marks. There are **no negative marks** in this section.

DO NOT BREAK THE SEALS WITHOUT BEING INSTRUCTED TO DO SO THE INVIGILATOR

Useful data

$$R = 8.314 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ or } 8.206 \times 10^{-2} \text{ L atm K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

$$1 \text{ F} = 96500 \text{ C mol}^{-1}$$

$$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$$

$$1 \text{ eV} = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$c = 3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23}$$

Space for rough work

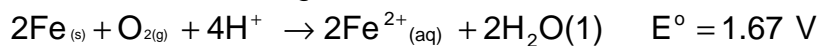
PART I : CHEMISTRY

SECTION - I (Total Marks : 24)

(Single Correct Answer Type)

This section contains **8 multiple choice questions**. Each question has four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) out of which **ONLY ONE** is correct.

1. Consider the following cell reaction



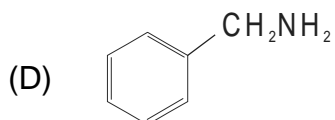
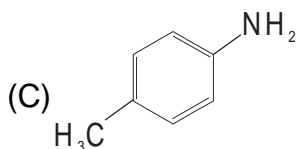
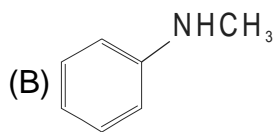
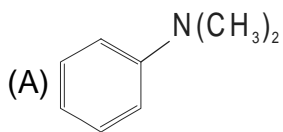
At $[\text{Fe}^{2+}] = 10^{-3} \text{ M}$, $P(\text{O}_2) = 0.1 \text{ atm}$ and $\text{pH} = 3$ the cell potential at 25° C is

(A) 1.47 V (B) 1.77 V (C) 1.87 V (D) 1.57 V

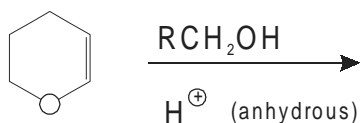
2. The freezing point (in $^\circ\text{C}$) of a solution containing 0.1g of $\text{K}_3[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]$ (Mol. Wt. 329) in 100 g of water ($K_f = 1.86 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$) is.

(A) -2.3×10^{-2} (B) -5.7×10^{-2} (C) -5.7×10^{-3} (D) -1.2×10^{-2}

3. Amongst the compounds given, the one that would form a brilliant colored dye on treatment with NaNO_2 in HCL followed by additional to an alkaline solution of β -naphthol is.



4. The major product of the following reaction is



(A) a hemiacetal

(B) an acetal

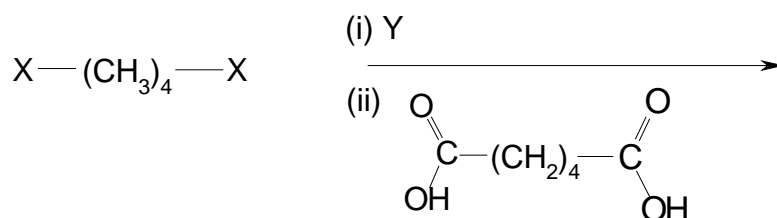
(C) an ether

(D) an ester

SECTION - II (Total Marks : 16)
(Multiple Correct Answer(s) Type)

This section contains **4 multiple choice questions**. Each question has four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) out of which **ONE or MORE** is correct.

9. The correct functional group X and the reagent/reaction conditions Y in the following scheme are



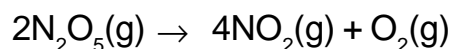
- (A) X = COOCH₃, Y = H₂/Ni/heat (B) X = CONH₂, Y = H₂/Ni/heat
 (C) X = CONH₂, Y = Br₂/NaOH (D) X = CN, Y = H₂/Ni/heat
10. Reduction of the metal centre in aqueous permanganate ion involves
 (A) 3 electrons in neutral medium (B) 5 electrons in neutral medium
 (C) 3 electrons in alkaline medium (D) 5 electrons in acidic medium

11. The equilibrium



in aqueous medium at 25°C shifts towards the left in the presence of

- (A) NO₃⁻ (B) Cl⁻ (C) SCN⁻ (D) CN⁻
12. For the first order reaction



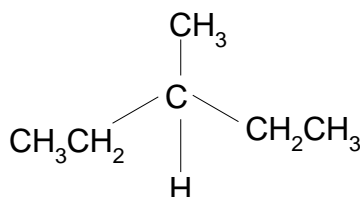
- (A) the concentration of the reactant decreases exponentially with time.
 (B) the half-life of the reaction decreases with increasing temperature.
 (C) the half-life of the reaction depends on the initial concentration of the reactant.
 (D) the reaction proceeds to 99.6% completion in eight half-life duration.

SECTION - III (Total Marks : 24)
(Integer Answer Type)

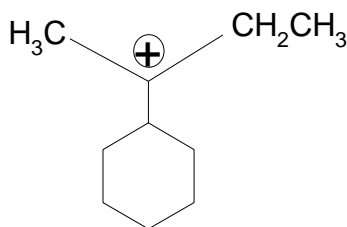
CHEMISTRY

This section contains **6 questions**. The answer to each of the questions is a **single-digit integer**, ranging from 0 to 9. The bubble corresponding to the correct answer is to be darkened in the **ORS**.

13. The number of hexagonal faces that are present in a truncated octahedron is
14. The maximum number of isomers (including stereoisomers) that are possible on monochlorination of the following compound, is



15. The total number of contributing structures showing hyperconjugation (involving C-H bonds) for the following carbocation is



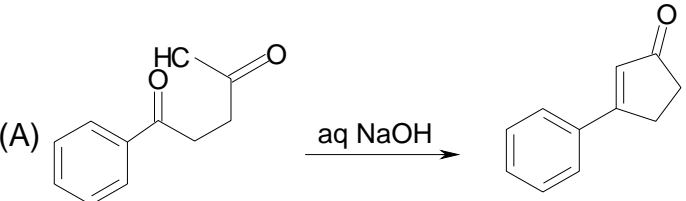
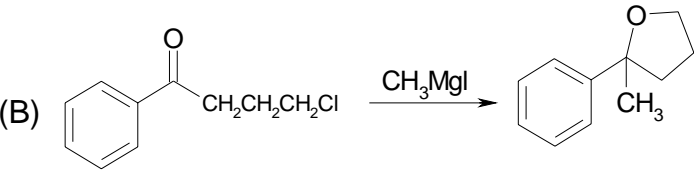
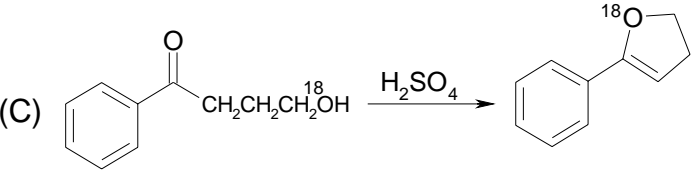
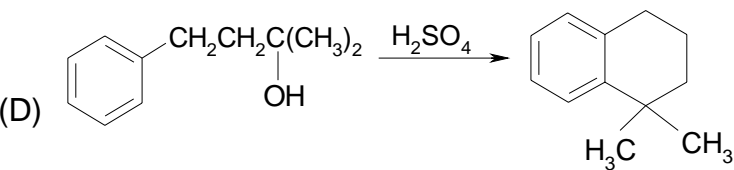
16. Among the following, the number of compounds that can react with PCl_5 to give POCl_3 is O_2 , CO_2 , SO_2 , H_2O , H_2SO_4 , P_4O_{10}
17. The volume (in mL) of 0.1M AgNO_3 required for complete precipitation of chloride ions present in 30mL of 0.01 M solution of $[\text{Cr}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_5\text{Cl}]\text{Cl}_2$, as silver chloride is close to
18. In 1 L saturated solution of AgCl [$K_{\text{sp}}(\text{AgCl}) = 1.6 \times 10^{-10}$], 0.1 mol of CuCl [$K_{\text{sp}}(\text{CuCl}) = 1.0 \times 10^{-6}$] is added. The resultant concentration of Ag^+ in the solution is 1.6×10^{-x} . The value of "x" is

SECTION - IV (Total Marks : 16)
(Matrix-Match Type)

CHEMISTRY

This section contains **2 questions**. Each question has four statements (A,B,C and D) given in **Column I** and **five statements** (p, q, r, s and t) in **Column II**. Any given statement in Column I can have correct matching with **ONE** or **MORE** statement(s) given in Column II. For example, if for a given question, statement B matches with the statements given in q and r, then for the particular question, against statement B, darken the bubbles corresponding to q and r in ORS.

19. Match the reaction in **column I** with appropriate types of steps/reactive intermediate involved in these reactions as given in **column II**

Column I	Column II
<p>(A) </p>	<p>(p) Nucleophilic substitution</p>
<p>(B) </p>	<p>(q) Electrophilic substitution</p> <p>(r) Dehydration</p>
<p>(C) </p>	<p>(s) Nucleophilic addition</p>
<p>(D) </p>	<p>(t) Carbanion</p>

Space for rough work

20. Match transformations in column I with appropriate options in column II - ***

Column I	Column II
(A) $\text{CO}_2(\text{s}) \longrightarrow \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$	(p) phase transition
(B) $\text{CaCO}_3(\text{s}) \rightarrow \text{CaO}(\text{s}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$	(q) allotropic change
(C) $2 \text{H} \rightarrow \text{H}_2(\text{g})$	(r) ΔH is positive
(D) $\text{P}_{(\text{white, solid})} \rightarrow \text{P}_{(\text{red, solid})}$	(s) ΔS is positive
	(t) ΔS is negative

Space for rough work

PART II : PHYSICS

SECTION - I (Total Marks : 24)

(Single Correct Answer Type)

This section contains **8 multiple choice questions**. Each question has four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) out of which **ONLY ONE** is correct.

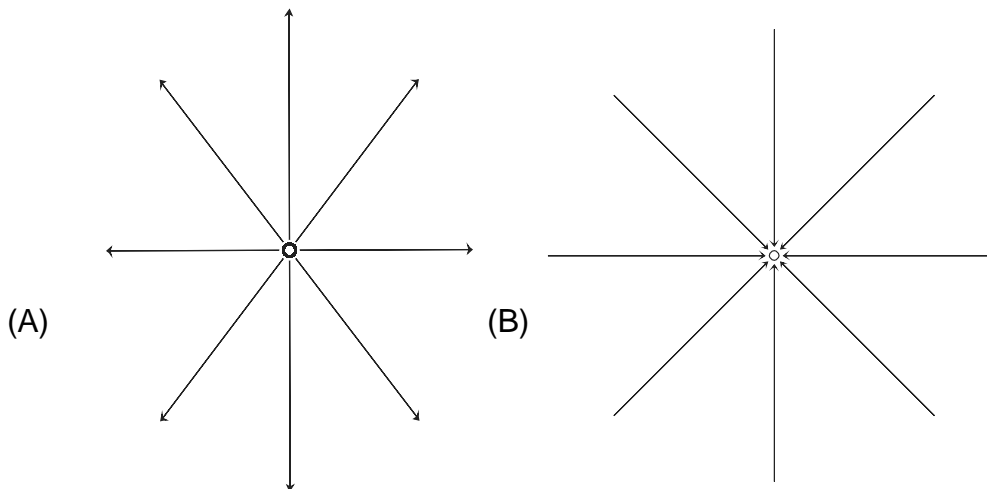
21. A point mass is subjected to two simultaneous sinusoidal displacements in x-direction,

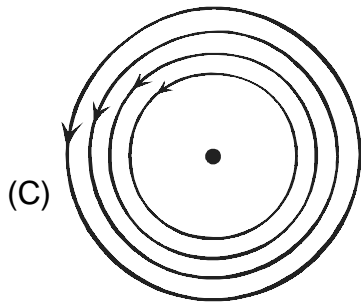
$$x_1(t) = A \sin \omega t \text{ and } x_2(t) = A \sin \left(\omega t + \frac{2\pi}{3} \right).$$
 Adding a third sinusoidal displacement

$x_3(t) = B \sin(\omega t + \phi)$ brings the mass to a complete rest. The values of B and ϕ are

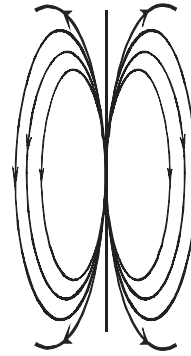
- (A) $\sqrt{2}A, \frac{3\pi}{4}$ (B) $A, \frac{4\pi}{3}$ (C) $\sqrt{3}A, \frac{5\pi}{6}$ (D) $A, \frac{\pi}{3}$

22. Which of the field patterns given below is valid for electric field as well as for magnetic field ?

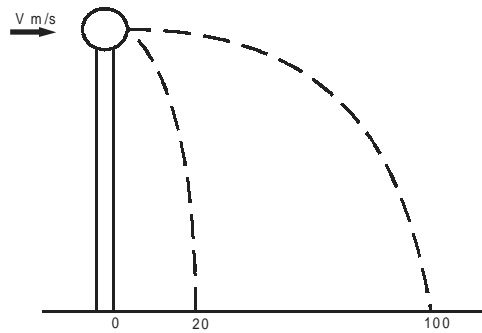




(D)



23. A ball mass 0.2 kg rests on a verticle post of height 5 m. A bullet of mass 0.01 kg, traveling with a velocity V m/s in a horizontal direction, hits the centre of the ball. After the collision, the ball and bullet travel independently. The ball hits the ground at a distance of 20 m and the bullet at a distance of 100 m from the foot of the post. The initial velocity V of the bullet is



(A) 250 m/s

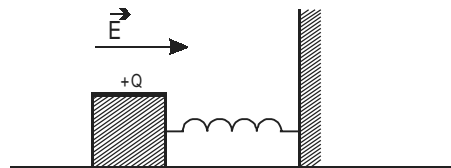
(B) $250\sqrt{2}$

(C) 400 m/s

(D) 500 m/s

Space for rough work

24. The density of a solid ball is to be determined in an experiment. The diameter of the ball is measured with a screw gauge, whose pitch is 0.5 mm and there are 50 divisions on the circular scale. The reading on the main scale is 2.5 mm and that on the circular scale is 20 divisions. If the measured mass of the ball has a relative error of 2%, the relative percentage error in the density is
- (A) 0.9% (B) 2.4% (C) 3.1% (D) 4.2%
25. A wooden block performs SHM on frictionless surface with frequency ν_0 . The block carries a charge $+Q$ on its surface. If now a uniform electric field \vec{E} is switched-on as shown, then the SHM of the block will be.

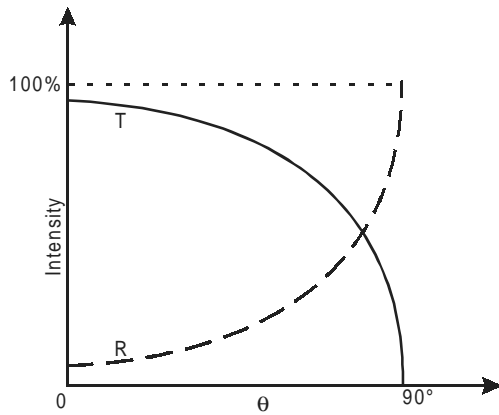


- (A) of the same frequency and with shifted mean position.
(B) of the same frequency and with the same mean position.
(C) of changed frequency and with shifted mean position.
(D) of changed frequency and with the same mean position.

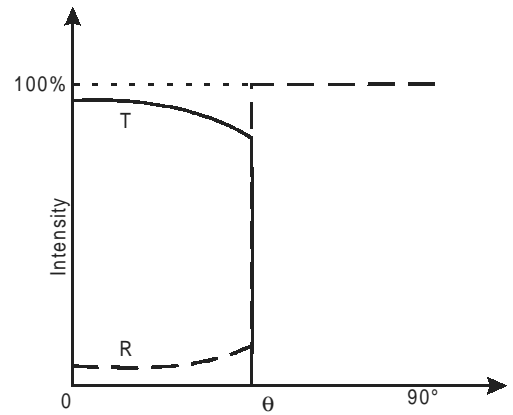
Space for rough work

26. A light ray traveling in glass medium is incident on glass-air interface at an angle of incidence θ . The reflected (R) and transmitted (T) intensities, both as function of θ are plotted. The correct sketch is.

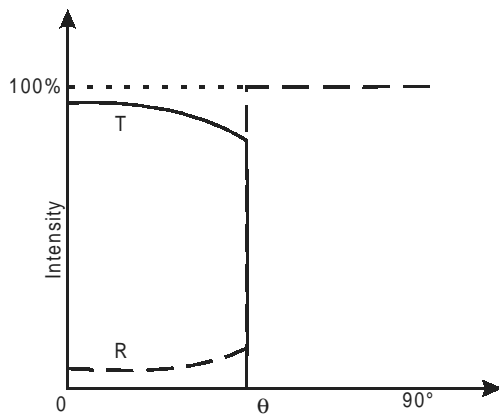
(A)



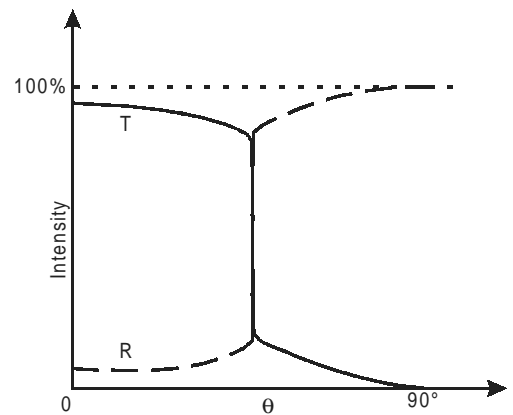
(B)



(C)



(D)



27. A satellite is moving with a constant speed 'V' in circular orbit about the earth. An object of mass 'm' is ejected from the satellite such that it just escapes from the gravitational pull of the earth. At the time of its ejection, the kinetic energy of the object is.

(A) $\frac{1}{2}mV^2$

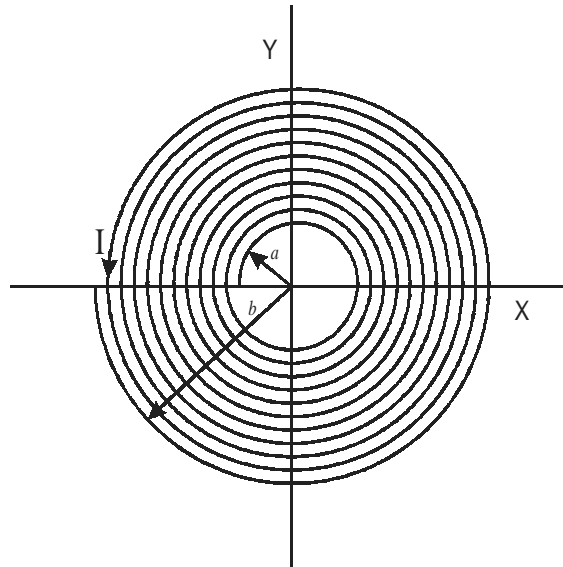
(B) mV^2

(C) $\frac{3}{2}mV^2$

(D) $2mV^2$

Space for rough work

28. A long insulated copper wire is closely wound as a spiral of ' N ' turns. The spiral has inner radius ' a ' and outer radius ' b '. The spiral lies in the X-Y plane and steady current ' I ' flows through the wire. The Z-component of the magnetic field at the centre of the spiral is



(A) $\frac{\mu_0 NI}{2(b-a)} \ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)$

(B) $\frac{\mu_0 NI}{2(b-a)} \ln\left(\frac{b+a}{b-a}\right)$

(C) $\frac{\mu_0 NI}{2b} \ln\left(\frac{b}{a}\right)$

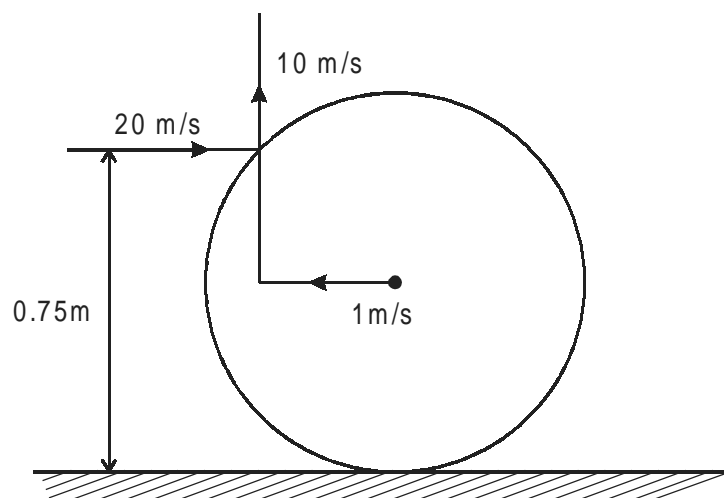
(D) $\frac{\mu_0 NI}{2b} \ln\left(\frac{b+a}{b-a}\right)$

Space for rough work

SECTION - II (Total Marks : 16)
(Multiple Correct Answer(s) Type)

This section contains **4 multiple choice questions**. Each question has four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) out of which **ONE or MORE** is correct.

29. A thin ring of mass 2 kg and radius 0.5 m is rolling without slipping on a horizontal plane with velocity 1 m/s. A small ball of mass 0.1 kg, moving with velocity 20 m/s in the opposite direction, hits the ring at a height of 0.75 m and goes vertically up with velocity 10 m/s. Immediately after the collision



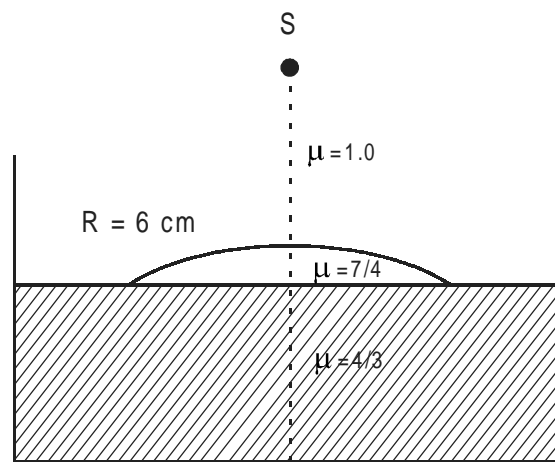
- (A) the ring has pure rotation about its stationary CM.
 (B) the ring comes to a complete stop.
 (C) friction between the ring and the ground is to the left.
 (D) there is no friction between the ring and the ground.

Space for rough work

SECTION - III (Total Marks : 24)
(Integer Answer Type)

This section contains **6 questions**. The answer to each of the questions is a **single-digit integer**, ranging from 0 to 9. The bubble corresponding to the correct answer is to be darkened in the **ORS**.

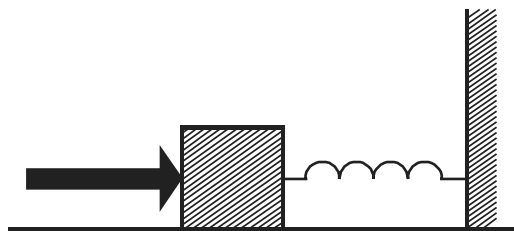
33. Water (with refractive index= $4/3$) in a tank is 18cm deep. Oil refractive index $7/4$ lies on water making convex surface of radius of curvature ' $R=6\text{cm}$ ' as shown. Consider oil to act as a thin lens. An object 'S' is placed 24 cm above water surface. The location of its image is at ' x ' cm above the bottom of the tank. Then ' x ' is



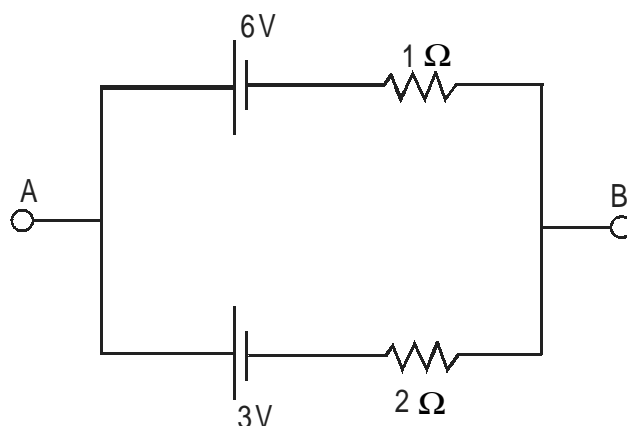
34. A series R-C combination is connected to an AC voltage of angular frequency $\omega = 500$ radian/s. If the impedance of the R-C circuit is $R\sqrt{1.25}$, the time constant in millisecond of the circuit is
35. A silver sphere of radius 1 cm and work function 4.7 eV is suspended from an insulating thread in free-space. It is under continuous illumination of 200 nm wavelength light. As photoelectrons are emitted, the sphere gets charged and acquires a potential. The maximum number of photoelectrons emitted from the sphere is $A \times 10^Z$ (where $1 < A < 10$). The value of ' Z ' is

Space for rough work

36. A train is moving along a straight line with a constant acceleration ' a '. A boy standing in the train throws a ball forward with a speed of 10 m/s, at an angle of 60° to the horizontal. The boy has to move forward by 1.15 m inside the train to catch the ball back at initial height. The acceleration of the train in m/s^2 , is
37. A block of mass 0.18kg is attached to spring of force-constant 2 N/m. The coefficient of friction between the block and the floor is 0.1. Initially the block is at rest and the spring is un-stretched. An impulse is given to the block as shown in the figure. The block slides a distance of 0.06 m and comes to rest for the first time. The initial velocity of the block in m/s is $V = N/10$. Then N is



38. Two batteries of different emfs and different internal resistances are connected as shown. The voltage across AB in volts is




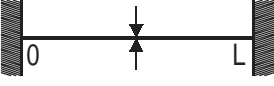


Space for rough work

SECTION - IV (Total Marks : 16)
(Matrix-Match Type)

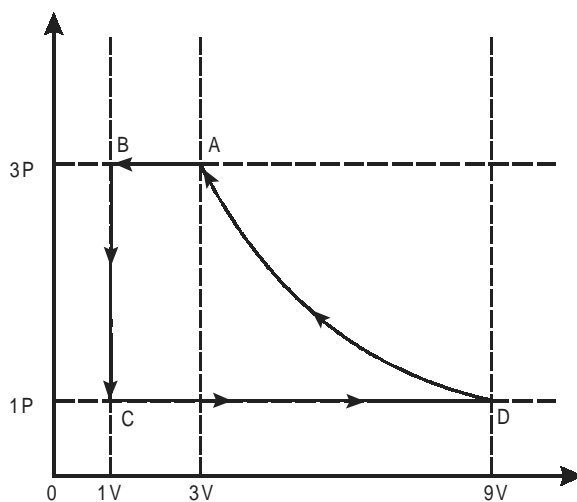
This section contains **2 questions**. Each question has four statements (A,B,C and D) given in **Column I** and **five statements** (p, q, r, s and t) in **Column II**. Any given statement in Column I can have correct matching with **ONE** or **MORE** statement(s) given in Column II. For example, if for a given question, statement B matches with the statements given in q and r, then for the particular question, against statement B, darken the bubbles corresponding to q and r in ORS.

39. **Column I** shows four systems, each of the same length L , for producing standing waves. The lowest possible natural frequency of a system is called its fundamental frequency, whose wavelength is denoted as λ_f . Match each system with statements given in **Column II** describing the nature and wavelength of the standing waves.

Column I	Column II
(A) Pipe closed at one end 	(p) Longitudinal waves
(B) Pipe open at both ends 	(q) Transverse waves
(C) Stretched wire clamped at both ends 	(r) $\lambda_f = L$
(D) Stretched wire clamped at both ends and at mid-point 	(s) $\lambda_f = 2L$
	(t) $\lambda_f = 4L$

Space for rough work

40. One mole of a monatomic ideal gas is taken through a cycle ABCDA as shown in the P-V diagram. **Column II** gives the characteristics involved in the cycle. Match them with each of the processes given in **Column I**



Column I

- (A) Process A \rightarrow B
- (B) Process B \rightarrow C
- (C) Process C \rightarrow D
- (D) Process D \rightarrow A

Column II

- (p) Internal energy decreases
- (q) Internal energy increases
- (r) Heat is lost
- (s) Heat is gained
- (t) Work is done on the gas

Space for rough work

PART III : MATHEMATICS

SECTION - I (Total Marks : 24)

(Single Correct Answer Type)

This section contains **8 multiple choice questions**. Each question has four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) out of which **ONLY ONE** is correct.

41. The circle passing through the point $(-1,0)$ and touching the y -axis at $(0,2)$ also passes through the point

- (A) $\left(-\frac{3}{2}, 0\right)$ (B) $\left(-\frac{5}{2}, 2\right)$ (C) $\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right)$ (D) $(-4, 0)$

42. If

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [1 + x \ln(1 + b^2)]^{\frac{1}{x}} = 2b \sin^2 \theta, b > 0 \text{ and } \theta \in (-\pi, \pi),$$

then the value of θ is

- (A) $\pm \frac{\pi}{4}$ (B) $\pm \frac{\pi}{3}$ (C) $\pm \frac{\pi}{6}$ (D) $\pm \frac{\pi}{2}$

43. Let $f : [-1, 2] \rightarrow [0, \infty]$ be a continuous function such that $f(x) = f(1-x)$ for all $x \in [-1, 2]$.

Let $R_1 = \int_{-1}^2 x f(x) dx$, and R_2 be the area of the region bounded by $y = f(x)$, $x = -1$, $x = 2$, and the x -axis. Then

- (A) $R_1 = 2R_2$ (B) $R_1 = 3R_2$ (C) $2R_1 = R_2$ (D) $3R_1 = R_2$

44. Let $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = \sin x$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$. Then the set of all x satisfying

$(f \circ g \circ g \circ f)(x) = (g \circ g \circ f)(x)$, where $(f \circ g)(x) = f(g(x))$, is

- (A) $\pm\sqrt{n\pi}, n \in \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$ (B) $\pm\sqrt{n\pi}, n \in \{1, 2, \dots\}$
(C) $\frac{\pi}{2} + 2n\pi, n \in \{\dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots\}$ (D) $2n\pi, n \in \{\dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots\}$

Space for rough work

45. Let (x, y) be any point on the parabola $y^2 = 4x$. Let P be the point that divides the line segment from $(0, 0)$ to (x, y) in the ratio 1:3. Then the locus of P is
 (A) $x^2 = y$ (B) $y^2 = 2x$ (C) $y^2 = x$ (D) $x^2 = 2y$

46. Let $P(6, 3)$ be point on the hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$. If the normal at the point P intersects the x -axis at $(9, 0)$, then the eccentricity of the hyperbola is
 (A) $\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}}$ (B) $\sqrt{\frac{3}{2}}$ (C) $\sqrt{2}$ (D) $\sqrt{3}$

47. A value of b for which the equations

$$x^2 + bx - 1 = 0$$

$$x^2 + x + b = 0$$

have one root in common is

- (A) $-\sqrt{2}$ (B) $-i\sqrt{3}$ (C) $i\sqrt{5}$ (D) $\sqrt{2}$
48. Let $\omega \neq 1$ be a cube root of unity and S be the set of all non-singular matrices of the form

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & a & b \\ \omega & 1 & c \\ \omega & \omega & 1 \end{pmatrix},$$

where each of a, b and c is either ω or ω^2 . Then the number of distinct matrices in the set S is

- (B) 6 (C) 4 (D) 8

Space for rough work

SECTION - II (Total Marks : 16)
(Multiple Correct Answer(s) Type)

This section contains **4 multiple choice questions**. Each question has four choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) out of which **ONE or MORE** is correct.

49. Let $f : (0,1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be defined by

$$f(x) = \frac{b-x}{1-bx},$$

where b is a constant such that $0 < b < 1$. Then

- (A) f is not invertible on $(0,1)$
- (B) $f \neq f^{-1}$ on $(0,1)$ and $f'(b) = \frac{1}{f'(0)}$
- (C) $f = f^{-1}$ on $(0,1)$ and $f'(b) = \frac{1}{f'(b)}$
- (D) f^{-1} is differentiable on $(0,1)$

50. If

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x - \frac{\pi}{2}, & x \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ -\cos x, & -\frac{\pi}{2} < x \leq 0 \\ x-1, & 0 < x \leq 1 \\ \ln x, & x > 1 \end{cases}$$

then

- (A) $f(x)$ is continuous at $x = -\frac{\pi}{2}$
 - (B) $f(x)$ is not differentiable at $x = 0$
 - (C) $f(x)$ is differentiable at $x = 1$
 - (D) $f(x)$ is differentiable at $x = -\frac{3}{2}$
-

Space for rough work

51. Let E and F be two independent events. The probability that exactly one of them occurs is $\frac{11}{25}$

and the probability of none of them occurring is $\frac{2}{25}$, if $P(T)$ denotes the probability of occurrence of the event T , then

(A) $P(E) = \frac{4}{5}, P(F) = \frac{3}{5}$

(B) $P(E) = \frac{1}{5}, P(F) = \frac{2}{5}$

(C) $P(E) = \frac{2}{5}, P(F) = \frac{1}{5}$

(D) $P(E) = \frac{3}{5}, P(F) = \frac{4}{5}$

52. Let L be a normal to parabola $y^2 = 4x$, if L passes through the point $(9, 6)$, then L is given by

(A) $y - x + 3 = 0$

(B) $y + 3x - 33 = 0$

(C) $y + x - 15 = 0$

(D) $y - 2x + 12 = 0$

Space for rough work

SECTION - III (Total Marks : 24)
(Integer Answer Type)

This section contains **6 questions**. The answer to each of the questions is a **single-digit integer**, ranging from 0 to 9. The bubble corresponding to the correct answer is to be darkened in the **ORS**.

53. Let M be a 3×3 matrix satisfying

$$M \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, M \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \text{and } M \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Then the sum of the diagonal entries of M is

54. Let $\vec{a} = -\hat{i} - \hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = -\hat{i} + \hat{j}$ and $\vec{c} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + 3\hat{k}$ be three given vectors. If \vec{r} is vector such that $\vec{r} \times \vec{b} = \vec{c} \times \vec{b}$ and $\vec{r} \cdot \vec{a} = 0$, then the value of $\vec{r} \cdot \vec{b}$ is

55. The straight line $2x - 3y = 1$ divides the circular region $x^2 + y^2 \leq 6$ into two parts. If

$$S = \left\{ \left(2, \frac{3}{4} \right), \left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{4} \right), \left(\frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{4} \right), \left(\frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{4} \right) \right\},$$

then the number of point(s) in S lying inside the smaller part is

Space for rough work

56. Let $\omega = e^{i\pi/3}$, and a, b, x, y, z be non-zero complex numbers such that

$$a + b + c = x$$

$$a + b\omega + c\omega^2 = y$$

$$a + b\omega^2 + c\omega = z$$

Then the value of $\frac{|x|^2 + |y|^2 + |z|^2}{|a|^2 + |b|^2 + |c|^2}$

57. The number of distinct real root of $x^4 + 4x^3 + 12x^2 + x - 1 = 0$ is

58. Let $y'(x) + y(x)g'(x) = g(x)g'(x)$, $y(0) = 0$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$, where $f'(x)$ denotes $\frac{d f(x)}{dx}$ and $g(x)$ is a given non-constant differentiable function on \mathbb{R} with $g(0) = g(2) = 0$. Then the value of $y(2)$ is

Space for rough work

SECTION - IV (Total Marks : 16)
(Matrix-Match Type)

This section contains **2 questions**. Each question has four statements (A,B,C and D) given in **Column I** and **five statements** (p, q, r, s and t) in **Column II**. Any given statement in Column I can have correct matching with **ONE** or **MORE** statement(s) given in Column II. For example, if for a given question, statement B matches with the statements given in q and r, then for the particular question, against statement B, darken the bubbles corresponding to q and r in ORS.

59. Match the statements given in **Column I** with the intervals/union of intervals given in **Column II**

Column I	Column II
<p>(A) The set $\left\{ \operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{2iz}{1-z^2} \right) : z \text{ is a complex number, } z =1, z \neq \pm 1 \right\}$ is</p> <p>(B) The domain of the function $f(x) = \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{8(3)^{x-2}}{1-3^{2(x-1)}} \right)$ is</p> <p>(C) If $f(\theta) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & \tan \theta & 1 \\ -\tan \theta & 1 & \tan \theta \\ -1 & -\tan \theta & 1 \end{vmatrix}$, then the set $\left\{ f(\theta) : 0 \leq \theta < \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$ is</p> <p>(D) If $f(x) = x^{3/2}(3x-10)$, $x \geq 0$, then $f(x)$ is increasing in</p>	<p>(p) $(-\infty, -1) \cup (1, \infty)$</p> <p>(q) $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$</p> <p>(r) $[2, \infty)$</p> <p>(s) $(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty)$</p> <p>(t) $(-\infty, 0] \cup [2, \infty)$</p>

Space for rough work

60. Match the statements given in **Column I** with the values given in **Column II**

Column I	Column II
(A) If $\vec{a} = \hat{j} + \sqrt{3}\hat{k}$, $\vec{b} = -\hat{j} + \sqrt{3}\hat{k}$ and $\vec{c} = 2\sqrt{3}\hat{k}$ form a triangle, then the internal angle of the triangle between \vec{a} and \vec{b} is	(p) $\frac{\pi}{6}$
(B) If $\int_a^b (f(x) - 3x) dx = a^2 - b^2$, then the value of $f\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$ is	(q) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$
(C) The value of $\frac{\pi^2}{\ln 3} \int_{\frac{1}{6}}^{\frac{5}{6}} \sec(\pi x) dx$ is	(r) $\frac{\pi}{3}$
(D) The maximum value of $\left \text{Arg} \left(\frac{1}{1-z} \right) \right $ for $ z =1, z \neq 1$ is given by	(s) π (t) $\frac{\pi}{2}$

Space for rough work